

Effect of Fertilization, Cutting Treatments, and Irrigation Composition of the Rhizomes of Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa

Agronomy Journal

30, 683-691

DOI: [10.2134/agronj1938.00021962003000080007x](https://doi.org/10.2134/agronj1938.00021962003000080007x)

Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effects of Soil Temperature, pH, and Nitrogen Nutrition on the Development of <i>Poa pratensis</i> . <i>Botanical Gazette</i> , 1939, 101, 109-127.	0.6	18
2	How Kentucky Bluegrass Grows. <i>Annals of the Missouri Botanical Garden</i> , 1951, 38, 293.	1.3	58
3	Responses of individual plants to harvesting. <i>Botanical Review, The</i> , 1963, 29, 532-594.	3.9	251
4	Does Herbivory Benefit Plants? A Review of the Evidence. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 1986, 127, 870-892.	2.1	889
5	Could Mammalian Herbivores "Manage" Their Resources?. <i>Oikos</i> , 1990, 59, 270.	2.7	24
6	Productivity of Kentucky Bluegrass Pasture Grazed at Three Heights and Two Intensities. <i>Agronomy Journal</i> , 2000, 92, 30-35.	1.8	20
7	Effects of water table, clipping, and species interactions on <i>Carex nebrascensis</i> and <i>Poa pratensis</i> in riparian meadows. <i>Wetlands</i> , 2001, 21, 422-430.	1.5	30
8	Carbon, nitrogen, and phosphorus fluxes in household ecosystems in the Minneapolis-Saint Paul, Minnesota, urban region. , 2011, 21, 619-639.		96