

Noninvasive Evaluation of a Novel Swine Model of Renal

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	In Vivo Renal Vascular and Tubular Function in Experimental Hypercholesterolemia. Hypertension, 1999, 34, 859-864.	2.7	46
2	Renal blood flow measurement by positron emission tomography using 15O-labeled water. Kidney International, 2000, 57, 2511-2518.	5.2	39
3	ELECTRON BEAM COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY ASSESSMENT OF IN VIVO SINGLE KIDNEY GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE AND TUBULAR DYNAMICS DURING CHRONIC PARTIAL UNILATERAL URETERAL OBSTRUCTION IN THE PIG. Journal of Urology, 2001, 166, 2530-2535.	0.4	12
4	Noninvasive measurement of concurrent single-kidney perfusion, glomerular filtration, and tubular function. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2001, 281, F630-F638.	2.7	140
5	Functional Assessment of the Circulation of the Single Kidney. Hypertension, 2001, 38, 625-629.	2.7	11
7	Atherosclerotic renal artery stenosis in 2001—are we less confused than before?. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2001, 16, 2124-2127.	0.7	14
8	Increased Oxidative Stress in Experimental Renovascular Hypertension. Hypertension, 2001, 37, 541-546.	2.7	247
9	Combination of Hypercholesterolemia and Hypertension Augments Renal Function Abnormalities. Hypertension, 2001, 37, 774-780.	2.7	52
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12	Cortical thickness: An early morphological marker of atherosclerotic renal disease. Kidney International, 2002, 61, 591-598.	5.2	73
13	Renal Handling of X-ray Contrast Media Imaging and Exploration with Electron Beam CT. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2002, 972, 317-324.	3.8	2
14	Stable patients with atherosclerotic renal artery stenosis should be treated first with medical management. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2003, 42, 858-863.	1.9	14
15	Quantification of renal perfusion abnormalities using an intravascular contrast agent (part 2): Results in animals and humans with renal artery stenosis. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, 2003, 49, 288-298.	3.0	67
16	Renal blood flow in hypercholesterolemic pigs is increased by chronic antioxidant treatment. Journal of Veterinary Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2003, 26, 113-116.	1.3	7
17	Angiotensin II AT1 Receptor Blockade Improves Renal Perfusion in Hypercholesterolemia. American Journal of Hypertension, 2003, 16, 111-115.	2.0	23
18	Hypertension exacerbates the effect of hypercholesterolemia on the myocardial microvasculature. Cardiovascular Research, 2003, 58, 213-221.	3.8	31
19	Beneficial Effects of Antioxidant Vitamins on the Stenotic Kidney. Hypertension, 2003, 42, 605-612.	2.7	67

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20	Hypercholesterolemia and Hypertension Have Synergistic Deleterious Effects on Coronary Endothelial Function. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2003, 23, 885-891.	2.4	71
21	Mechanisms of Renal Structural Alterations in Combined Hypercholesterolemia and Renal Artery Stenosis. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2003, 23, 1295-1301.	2.4	145
22	Long-Term Antioxidant Intervention Improves Myocardial Microvascular Function in Experimental Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2004, 43, 493-498.	2.7	41
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39	Endothelial Progenitor Cells Restore Renal Function in Chronic Experimental Renovascular Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2009, 119, 547-557.	1.6	209
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55	Revascularization of swine renal artery stenosis improves renal function but not the changes in vascular structure. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2010, 78, 1110-1118.	5.2	51

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