

Acceptability of testing for anorectal sexually transmitted
anal swabs in female sex workers, men who have sex with
Papua New Guinea

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Developing a culturally appropriate illustrated tool for the self-collection of anorectal specimens for the testing of sexually transmitted infections: lessons from Papua New Guinea. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 214.	2.9	3
2	Involvement of African men and transgender women who have sex with men in HIV research: progress, but much more must be done. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2020, 23, e25596.	3.0	13
3	Self-collected and clinician-collected anal swabs show modest agreement for HPV genotyping. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0250426.	2.5	8
4	Experiences and Perspectives of Transgender Youths in Accessing Health Care. JAMA Pediatrics, 2021, 175, 1159.	6.2	51
5	Acceptability and satisfaction towards self-collection for chlamydia and gonorrhoea testing among transgender women in Tangerine Clinic, Thailand: shifting towards the new normal. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2021, 24, e25801.	3.0	6
6	Uptake and provision of self-care interventions for sexual and reproductive health: findings from a global values and preferences survey. Sexual and Reproductive Health Matters, 2022, 29, 2009104.	1.8	6
7	Acceptability of rectal self-sampling in non-clinical venues for chlamydia and gonorrhoea testing among men who have sex with men: A cross-sectional study in Shenzhen, China. Frontiers in Public Health, 0, 10, .	2.7	2
8	Preferences for Rectal STI Sample Collection and Sexual Behaviors Among Adolescent and Young Adult Women Accessing Primary Care Services. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 0, Publish Ahead of Print, .	1.7	0