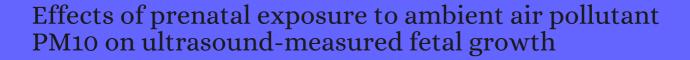
## CITATION REPORT List of articles citing



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#	Paper	IF	Citations
28	Association between ambient particulate matter concentration and fetal growth restriction stratified by maternal employment. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2019</b> , 19, 246	3.2	7
27	Land use regression for spatial distribution of urban particulate matter (PM) and sulfur dioxide (SO) in a heavily polluted city in Northeast China. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , <b>2019</b> , 191, 712	3.1	10
26	Maternal exposure to ambient fine particulate matter and fetal growth in Shanghai, China. <i>Environmental Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 18, 49	6	14
25	Prenatal exposure to fine particulate matter, maternal hemoglobin concentration, and fetal growth during early pregnancy: associations and mediation effects analysis. <i>Environmental Research</i> , <b>2019</b> , 173, 366-372	7.9	12
24	Effect of PM2.5 on macrosomia in China: A nationwide prospective cohort study. <i>Pediatric Obesity</i> , <b>2020</b> , 15, e12584	4.6	16
23	The associations of particulate matters with fetal growth in utero and birth weight: A birth cohort study in Beijing, China. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , <b>2020</b> , 709, 136246	10.2	19
22	Ambient air pollution and markers of fetal growth: A retrospective population-based cohort study of 2.57 million term singleton births in China. <i>Environment International</i> , <b>2020</b> , 135, 105410	12.9	19
21	The associations of residential greenness with fetal growth in utero and birth weight: A birth cohort study in Beijing, China. <i>Environment International</i> , <b>2020</b> , 141, 105793	12.9	7
20	Associations of birth outcomes with air pollution and land use characteristics in the Greater Taipei Area. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , <b>2021</b> , 750, 141579	10.2	3
19	Adverse Environmental Exposure and Respiratory Health in Children. <i>Pediatric Clinics of North America</i> , <b>2021</b> , 68, 277-291	3.6	4
18	Impact of air pollution exposure during various periods of pregnancy on term birth weight: a large-sample, retrospective population-based cohort study. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 28, 3296-3306	5.1	8
17	Polymorphisms in oxidative stress, metabolic detoxification, and immune function genes, maternal exposure to ambient air pollution, and risk of preterm birth in Taiyuan, China. <i>Environmental Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 194, 110659	7.9	7
16	Prenatal exposure to airborne particulate matter of 1th or less and fetal growth: A birth cohort study in Beijing, China. <i>Environmental Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 194, 110729	7.9	1
15	Residential greenness and birth outcomes: Evaluating the mediation and interaction effects of particulate air pollution. <i>Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety</i> , <b>2021</b> , 211, 111915	7	3
14	Weekly-specific ambient fine particular matter exposures before and during pregnancy were associated with risks of small for gestational age and large for gestational age: results from Project ELEFANT. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	7.8	1
13	Prenatal air pollution exposure increases the risk of macrosomia: evidence from a prospective cohort study in the coastal area of China. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1	5.1	0
12	Association between maternal exposure to gaseous pollutants and atrial septal defect in China: A nationwide population-based study. <i>Environmental Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 200, 111472	7.9	2

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11	Prenatal exposure to air pollution and the risk of macrosomia: Identifying windows of susceptibility. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , <b>2021</b> , 151775	10.2	4	
10	Maternal Secondhand Smoke Exposure Enhances Macrosomia Risk Among Pregnant Women Exposed to PM: A New Interaction of Two Air Pollutants in a Nationwide Cohort. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , <b>2021</b> , 9, 735699	6	Ο	
9	Association of exposure to fine particulate matter wave over the preconception and pregnancy periods with adverse birth outcomes: Results from the project ELEFANT. <i>Environmental Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 205, 112473	7.9	0	
8	Exposure to during Pregnancy and Fetal Growth in Eastern Massachusetts, USA <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , <b>2022</b> , 130, 17004	8.4	О	
7	Identifying sensitive windows of exposure to NO2 and fetal growth trajectories in a Spanish birth cohort <i>Epidemiology</i> , <b>2022</b> , 33,	3.1	O	
6	Association between prenatal PM2.5 exposure and the risk of large for gestational age <i>Pediatric Research</i> , <b>2022</b> ,	3.2	0	
5	Effects of Benzo[a]pyrene-DNA adducts, dietary vitamins, folate, and carotene intakes on preterm birth: a nested case-control study from the birth cohort in China <i>Environmental Health</i> , <b>2022</b> , 21, 48	6	1	
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3	Susceptible windows of exposure to fine particulate matter and fetal growth trajectories in the Spanish INMA (INfancia y Medio Ambiente) birth cohort. <b>2023</b> , 216, 114628		О	
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