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## Removing Potatoes from Children's Diets May Compromise Potassium Intake

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Advances in Nutrition, 2016, 7, 247S-253S.

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#	Paper	IF	Citations
7	Potatoes and risk of obesity, type 2 diabetes, and cardiovascular disease in apparently healthy adults: a systematic review of clinical intervention and observational studies. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , <b>2016</b> , 104, 489-98	7	66
6	Characterizing trends in fruit and vegetable intake in the USA by self-report and by supply-and-disappearance data: 2001-2014. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , <b>2017</b> , 20, 3045-3050	3.3	9
5	Nutrient intake disparities in the US: modeling the effect of food substitutions. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , <b>2018</b> , 17, 53	4.3	4
4	Potato ( <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.) nutritional changes associated with French fry processing: Comparison of low-temperature long-time and high-temperature short-time blanching and frying treatments. <i>LWT - Food Science and Technology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 97, 448-455	5.4	18
3	Potatoes and risk of chronic disease: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2019</b> , 58, 2243-2251	5.2	34
2	Intake of Potatoes Is Associated with Higher Diet Quality, and Improved Nutrient Intake and Adequacy among US Adolescents: NHANES 2001-2018 Analysis. <i>Nutrients</i> , <b>2021</b> , 13,	6.7	4
1	Potato consumption is not associated with elevated cardiometabolic risk in adolescent girls. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1-10	3.6	0