

Genetic and Pharmacologic Inhibition of the Chemokine Experimental Hypertension and Vascular Dysfunction

Circulation

134, 1353-1368

DOI: [10.1161/circulationaha.115.020754](https://doi.org/10.1161/circulationaha.115.020754)

Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Is Hypertension a Bone Marrow Disease?. Circulation, 2016, 134, 1369-1372.	1.6	11
2	Effects of purified anthocyanin supplementation on platelet chemokines in hypocholesterolemic individuals: a randomized controlled trial. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2016, 13, 86.	3.0	46
3	Role of bone marrow-derived CD11c+ dendritic cells in systolic overload-induced left ventricular inflammation, fibrosis and hypertrophy. Basic Research in Cardiology, 2017, 112, 25.	5.9	36
4	Activation of chemokine receptor CXCR2 is a crucial factor in the development of experimental hypertension. Journal of the American Society of Hypertension, 2017, 11, 68-69.	2.3	0
5	The role of chemokines in hypertension and consequent target organ damage. Pharmacological Research, 2017, 119, 404-411.	7.1	52
6	Response by Caillon et al to Letter Regarding Article, "T Cells Mediate Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension and Vascular Injury". Circulation, 2017, 136, 2200-2201.	1.6	0
7	Response by Du et al to Letter Regarding Article, "Cardiac Fibroblast-Specific Activating Transcription Factor 3 Protects Against Heart Failure by Suppressing MAP2K3-p38 Signaling". Circulation, 2017, 136, 2094-2095.	1.6	0
8	Role of the CXCL8-CXCR1/2 Axis in Cancer and Inflammatory Diseases. Theranostics, 2017, 7, 1543-1588.	10.0	502
9	Circulating blood biomarkers in essential hypertension: a literature review. Journal of Laboratory and Precision Medicine, 0, 2, 99-99.	1.1	18
10	CXCL1-CXCR2 axis mediates angiotensin II-induced cardiac hypertrophy and remodelling through regulation of monocyte infiltration. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, 1818-1831.	2.2	192
11	Novel Role for the Immunoproteasome Subunit PSMB10 in Angiotensin II-Induced Atrial Fibrillation in Mice. Hypertension, 2018, 71, 866-876.	2.7	81
12	FGF21 Prevents Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension and Vascular Dysfunction by Activation of ACE2/Angiotensin-(1-7) Axis in Mice. Cell Metabolism, 2018, 27, 1323-1337.e5.	16.2	104
13	Under Pressure. Hypertension, 2018, 71, 557-558.	2.7	1
14	Vitamin D attenuates pressure overload-induced cardiac remodeling and dysfunction in mice. Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 2018, 178, 293-302.	2.5	17
15	CXCL1-CXCR2 lead monocytes to the heart of the matter. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, 1832-1834.	2.2	10
16	Inhibition of Platelets by Clopidogrel Suppressed Ang II-Induced Vascular Inflammation, Oxidative Stress, and Remodeling. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, e009600.	3.7	24
17	Administration of ubiquitin-activating enzyme UBA1 inhibitor PYR-41 attenuates angiotensin II-induced cardiac remodeling in mice. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2018, 505, 317-324.	2.1	12
18	The chemokine receptor CX3CR1 reduces renal injury in mice with angiotensin II-induced hypertension. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2018, 315, F1526-F1535.	2.7	18

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19	Macrophage Depletion Lowered Blood Pressure and Attenuated Hypertensive Renal Injury and Fibrosis. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2018, 9, 473.	2.8	46
20	Apelin impairs myogenic response to induce diabetic nephropathy in mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018, 32, 4315-4327.	0.5	7
21	Analysis of Genes Related to Angiotensin II-Induced Arterial Injury Using a Time Series Microarray. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018, 48, 983-992.	1.6	9
22	CXCL13 polymorphism is associated with essential hypertension in Tatars from Russia. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2018, 45, 1557-1564.	2.3	4
23	CD1d-dependent natural killer T cells attenuate angiotensin II-induced cardiac remodelling via IL-10 signalling in mice. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2019, 115, 83-93.	3.8	34
24	Role of immune cells in hypertension. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 176, 1818-1828.	5.4	103
25	Hypoxia inducible factor 1 α in vascular smooth muscle cells promotes angiotensin II-induced vascular remodeling via activation of CCL7-mediated macrophage recruitment. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2019, 10, 544.	6.3	54
26	Alteration of the IL-33-sST2 pathway in hypertensive patients and a mouse model. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2019, 42, 1664-1671.	2.7	11
27	Club cell protein 16 in sera from trauma patients modulates neutrophil migration and functionality via CXCR1 and CXCR2. <i>Molecular Medicine</i> , 2019, 25, 45.	4.4	6
28	Pharmacological blockage of ICAM-1 improves angiotensin II-induced cardiac remodeling by inhibiting adhesion of LFA-1 ⁺ monocytes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2019, 317, H1301-H1311.	3.2	35
29	Genetic ablation and pharmacological inhibition of immunosubunit β 2i attenuates cardiac remodeling in deoxycorticosterone-acetate (DOCA)-salt hypertensive mice. <i>Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology</i> , 2019, 137, 34-45.	1.9	17
30	Chronic inhibition of chemokine receptor CXCR2 attenuates cardiac remodeling and dysfunction in spontaneously hypertensive rats. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2019, 1865, 165551.	3.8	27
31	Innate and Innate-Like Immune System in Hypertension and Vascular Injury. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2019, 21, 4.	3.5	29
32	Potential roles and targeted therapy of the CXCLs/CXCR2 axis in cancer and inflammatory diseases. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta: Reviews on Cancer</i> , 2019, 1871, 289-312.	7.4	200
33	MicroRNA-27a regulates angiotensin II-induced vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation and migration by targeting β -smooth muscle-actin in vitro. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2019, 509, 973-977.	2.1	18
34	L-arginine alleviates doxorubicin-induced endothelium-dependent dysfunction by promoting nitric oxide generation and inhibiting apoptosis. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2019, 423, 105-111.	4.2	16
35	Time Series Gene Expression Profiling and Temporal Regulatory Pathway Analysis of Angiotensin II Induced Atrial Fibrillation in Mice. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2019, 10, 597.	2.8	15
36	Immune mechanisms of salt-sensitive hypertension and renal end-organ damage. <i>Nature Reviews Nephrology</i> , 2019, 15, 290-300.	9.6	86

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37	Wild-type p53-induced phosphatase 1 promotes vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation and neointima hyperplasia after vascular injury via p-adenosine 5'-monophosphate-activated protein kinase/mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 pathway. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2019, 37, 2256-2268.	0.5	19
38	Chemokine (C-X-C motif) receptor 2 blockade by SB265610 inhibited angiotensin II-induced abdominal aortic aneurysm in ApoE ^{-/-} mice. <i>Heart and Vessels</i> , 2019, 34, 875-882.	1.2	7
39	Ablation and Inhibition of the Immunoproteasome Catalytic Subunit LMP7 Attenuate Experimental Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Formation in Mice. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2019, 202, 1176-1185.	0.8	21
40	B-Cell Deficiency Lowers Blood Pressure in Mice. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019, 73, 561-570.	2.7	23
41	Resveratrol as a new inhibitor of immunoproteasome prevents PTEN degradation and attenuates cardiac hypertrophy after pressure overload. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2019, 20, 390-401.	9.0	74
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43	Blockade of intercellular adhesion molecule-1 prevents angiotensin II-induced hypertension and vascular dysfunction. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2020, 100, 378-386.	3.7	32
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49	Deficiency of LMP10 Attenuates Diet-Induced Atherosclerosis by Inhibiting Macrophage Polarization and Inflammation in Apolipoprotein E Deficient Mice. <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2020, 8, 592048.	3.7	14
50	Gallic Acid Attenuates Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension and Vascular Dysfunction by Inhibiting the Degradation of Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 11, 1121.	3.5	23
51	Selective blocking of CXCR2 prevents and reverses atrial fibrillation in spontaneously hypertensive rats. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2020, 24, 11272-11282.	3.6	19
52	Macrophage Depletion Improves Endothelial Insulin Resistance and Protects against Cardiovascular Injury in Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2020, 2020, 1-11.	1.9	4
53	Angiotensin II Stimulates the Proliferation and Migration of Lymphatic Endothelial Cells Through Angiotensin Type 1 Receptors. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2020, 11, 560170.	2.8	18
54	Gallic Acid Ameliorates Angiotensin II-Induced Atrial Fibrillation by Inhibiting Immunoproteasome-Mediated PTEN Degradation in Mice. <i>Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2020, 8, 594683.	3.7	11
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57	Chemokine Receptor CXCR-2 Initiates Atrial Fibrillation by Triggering Monocyte Mobilization in Mice. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020, 76, 381-392.	2.7	35
58	Macrophage-derived sulfur dioxide is a novel inflammation regulator. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2020, 524, 916-922.	2.1	16
59	VSMC-Specific Deletion of FAM3A Attenuated Ang II-Promoted Hypertension and Cardiovascular Hypertrophy. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2020, 126, 1746-1759.	4.5	27
60	The vascular endothelial growth factor trap aflibercept induces vascular dysfunction and hypertension via attenuation of eNOS/NO signaling in mice. <i>Acta Pharmacologica Sinica</i> , 2021, 42, 1437-1448.	6.1	9
61	Inhibition of CXCR2 alleviates the development of abdominal aortic aneurysm in Apo E ^{-/-} mice. <i>Acta Cirurgica Brasileira</i> , 2021, 36, e360105.	0.7	5
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88	Essential role of Nrf2 in sulforaphane-induced protection against angiotensin II-induced aortic injury. Life Sciences, 2022, 306, 120780.	4.3	3
89	Hyperhomocysteinemia Promotes Cardiac Hypertrophy in Hypertension. Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity, 2022, 2022, 1-16.	4.0	6
90	Identification of biomarkers, pathways and potential therapeutic agents for salt-sensitive hypertension using RNA-seq. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 0, 9, .	2.4	1
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95	Blocking VCAM-1 ameliorates hypertensive cardiac remodeling by impeding macrophage infiltration. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 0, 13, .	3.5	6
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99	Farrerol prevents Angiotensin II-induced cardiac remodeling in vivo and in vitro. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 0, 13, .	3.5	0
100	Adipose Triglyceride Lipase Deficiency Aggravates Angiotensin II-Induced Atrial Fibrillation by Reducing Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor α Activation in Mice. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2023, 103, 100004.	3.7	1
101	The chemokines CXCL8 and CXCL12: molecular and functional properties, role in disease and efforts towards pharmacological intervention. , 2023, 20, 217-251.		56
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104	CD1d-Dependent Natural Killer T Cells Mediate Hypertension and Vascular Injury Through Interleukin-17A. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2023, 12, .	3.7	0
105	Role of the CXCL8-CXCR1/2 Axis in Cancer and Inflammatory Diseases. , 2023, , 291-329.		0
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107	Interference of MDM2 attenuates vascular endothelial dysfunction in hypertension partly through blocking Notch1/NLRP3 inflammasome pathway. <i>Annals of Anatomy</i> , 2024, 252, 152183.	1.9	0
108	Myeloid ACE2 protects against septic hypotension and vascular dysfunction through Ang-(1-7)-Mas-mediated macrophage polarization. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2024, 69, 103004.	9.0	0
109	Immune and inflammatory mechanisms in hypertension. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 0, , .	13.7	2
110	Mac-1 deficiency ameliorates pressure overloaded heart failure through inhibiting macrophage polarization and activation. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2024, 1870, 167048.	3.8	0