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Demographic Patterns and Outcomes of Patients in Level I Trauma Centers in Three International Trauma Systems

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#	Paper	IF	Citations
39	Developing a trauma care syllabus for intensive care nurses in the United Kingdom: A Delphi study. <i>Intensive and Critical Care Nursing</i> , 2016 , 36, 49-57	3.1	2
38	ISBI Practice Guidelines for Burn Care. <i>Burns</i> , 2016 , 42, 953-1021	2.3	154
37	Comparison of Two Predictive Models for Short-Term Mortality in Patients after Severe Traumatic Brain Injury. <i>Journal of Neurotrauma</i> , 2017 , 34, 2235-2242	5.4	7
36	The Evaluation of Trauma Care: The Comparison of 2 High-Level Pediatric Emergency Departments in the United States and Turkey. <i>Pediatric Emergency Care</i> , 2019 , 35, 611-617	1.4	3
35	Reduction in Mortality Rates of Postinjury Multiple Organ Dysfunction Syndrome: A Shifting Paradigm? A Prospective Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>Shock</i> , 2018 , 49, 33-38	3.4	27
34	Polytrauma patients in the Netherlands and the USA: A bi-institutional comparison of processes and outcomes of care. <i>Injury</i> , 2018 , 49, 104-109	2.5	9
33	Major haemorrhage fatalities in the Australian national coronial database. <i>EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia</i> , 2018 , 30, 382-388	1.5	4
32	Incidence of acute respiratory distress syndrome and associated mortality in a polytrauma population. <i>Trauma Surgery and Acute Care Open</i> , 2018 , 3, e000232	2.4	21
31	Outcome in Patients with Isolated Moderate to Severe Traumatic Brain Injury. <i>Critical Care Research and Practice</i> , 2018 , 2018, 3769418	1.5	18
30	Increased reduction in exsanguination rates leaves brain injury as the only major cause of death in blunt trauma. <i>Injury</i> , 2018 , 49, 1661-1667	2.5	16
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28	A Rise in Neutrophil Cell Size Precedes Organ Dysfunction After Trauma. <i>Shock</i> , 2019 , 51, 439-446	3.4	11
27	Epidemiology of Traumatic Esophageal Injury: An Analysis of the National Trauma Data Bank. <i>American Surgeon</i> , 2019 , 85, 342-349	0.8	5
26	Is chest imaging relevant in diagnosing acute respiratory distress syndrome in polytrauma patients? A population-based cohort study. <i>European Journal of Trauma and Emergency Surgery</i> , 2020 , 46, 1393-1402	2.3	1
25	The evolution of trauma care in the Netherlands over 20 years. <i>European Journal of Trauma and Emergency Surgery</i> , 2020 , 46, 329-335	2.3	3
24	Dilemma of crystalloid resuscitation in non-exsanguinating polytrauma: what is too much?. <i>Trauma Surgery and Acute Care Open</i> , 2020 , 5, e000593	2.4	1
23	Attenuation of MODS-related and ARDS-related mortality makes infectious complications a remaining challenge in the severely injured. <i>Trauma Surgery and Acute Care Open</i> , 2020 , 5, e000398	2.4	2

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21	Assessment of post-trauma complications in eight million trauma cases over a decade in the USA. <i>Trauma Surgery and Acute Care Open</i> , 2021 , 6, e000667	2.4	0
20	Does Liberal Prehospital and In-Hospital Tranexamic Acid Influence Outcome in Severely Injured Patients? A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>World Journal of Surgery</i> , 2021 , 45, 2398-2407	3.3	4
19	Invited Commentary: A Decade Older Polytrauma Patients Do As Well Without As the Younger Ones with Tranexamic Acid. <i>World Journal of Surgery</i> , 2021 , 45, 3031-3032	3.3	1
18	New automated analysis to monitor neutrophil function point-of-care in the intensive care unit after trauma. <i>Intensive Care Medicine Experimental</i> , 2020 , 8, 12	3.7	6
17	Harnessing Innovative Technologies to Train Nurses in Suicide Safety Planning With Hospitalized Patients: Protocol for Formative and Pilot Feasibility Research.. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2021 , 10, e33695	2.5	0
16	Incidence, causes and consequences of moderate and severe traumatic brain injury as determined by Abbreviated Injury Score in the Netherlands. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 19985	4.9	1
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14	Geriatric polytrauma patients should not be excluded from aggressive injury treatment based on age alone. <i>European Journal of Trauma and Emergency Surgery</i> , 2020 , 1	2.3	1
13	The effect of prehospital tranexamic acid on outcome in polytrauma patients with associated severe brain injury. <i>European Journal of Trauma and Emergency Surgery</i> , 2021 , 1	2.3	0
12	Mortality in polytrauma patients with moderate to severe TBI on par with isolated TBI patients: TBI as last frontier in polytrauma patients.. <i>Injury</i> , 2022 ,	2.5	1
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7	Inter-rater reliability of the Abbreviated Injury Scale scores in patients with severe head injury shows good inter-rater agreement but variability between countries. An inter-country comparison study.		0
6	Polytrauma patients with severe cervical spine injuries are different than with severe TBI even though they have similar AIS scores.		0
5	The characteristics of withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining treatment in severe traumatic brain injury :A single Japanese institutional study. 2022 , 100144		0

- 4 Computed tomographic bone mineral density is independently associated with adverse in-hospital outcomes in Dutch level-1 trauma patients. ○
- 3 Early correction of base deficit decreases late mortality in polytrauma. ○
- 2 Polytrauma patients with severe cervical spine injuries are different than with severe TBI despite similar AIS scores. **2022**, 12, ○
- 1 Association Between Admission Ionized Calcium Level and Neurological Outcome of Patients with Isolated Severe Traumatic Brain Injury: A Retrospective Cohort Study. ○