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The neuraminidase inhibitor oseltamivir is effective against A/Anhui/1/2013 (H7N9) influenza virus in a mouse model of acute respiratory distress syndrome

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#	Paper	IF	Citations
34	Avian influenza A H7N9 virus induces severe pneumonia in mice without prior adaptation and responds to a combination of zanamivir and COX-2 inhibitor. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e107966	3.7	32
33	Safety and efficacy of peramivir for influenza treatment. <i>Drug Design, Development and Therapy</i> , 2014 , 8, 2017-38	4.4	19
32	An investigational antiviral drug, DAS181, effectively inhibits replication of zoonotic influenza A virus subtype H7N9 and protects mice from lethality. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014 , 210, 435-40	7	41
31	TMPRSS2 is a host factor that is essential for pneumotropism and pathogenicity of H7N9 influenza A virus in mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014 , 88, 4744-51	6.6	100
30	Human H7N9 and H5N1 influenza viruses differ in induction of cytokines and tissue tropism. Journal of Virology, 2014 , 88, 12982-91	6.6	29
29	H7N9 and other pathogenic avian influenza viruses elicit a three-pronged transcriptomic signature that is reminiscent of 1918 influenza virus and is associated with lethal outcome in mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014 , 88, 10556-68	6.6	37
28	Mammalian models for the study of H7 virus pathogenesis and transmission. <i>Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2014 , 385, 275-305	3.3	16
27	[Progress in Diagnostic Technology and Management of Infectious Diseases. Topics: I. Infectious Diseases with Special Concern; 4. Emerging infectious diseases in recent years]. <i>The Journal of the Japanese Society of Internal Medicine</i> , 2014 , 103, 2680-7	О	
26	The Tie2-agonist Vasculotide rescues mice from influenza virus infection. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015 , 5, 110	03409	41
25	Assessment of Antiviral Properties of Peramivir against H7N9 Avian Influenza Virus in an Experimental Mouse Model. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015 , 59, 7255-64	5.9	6
24	Sialic acid-binding protein Sp2CBMTD protects mice against lethal challenge with emerging influenza A (H7N9) virus. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015 , 59, 1495-504	5.9	8
23	Influenza A(H7N9) virus acquires resistance-related neuraminidase I222T substitution when infected mallards are exposed to low levels of oseltamivir in water. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015 , 59, 5196-202	5.9	18
22	Emergence of H7N9 Influenza A Virus Resistant to Neuraminidase Inhibitors in Nonhuman Primates. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015 , 59, 4962-73	5.9	34
21	Influenza A(H7N9) virus transmission between finches and poultry. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015 , 21, 619-28	10.2	16
20	Combinations of oseltamivir and fibrates prolong the mean survival time of mice infected with the lethal H7N9 influenza virus. <i>Journal of General Virology</i> , 2015 , 96, 46-51	4.9	9
19	A Computationally Designed Hemagglutinin Stem-Binding Protein Provides In Vivo Protection from Influenza Independent of a Host Immune Response. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016 , 12, e1005409	7.6	36
18	Translational research on influenza virus infection using a nonhuman primate model. <i>Pathology International</i> , 2016 , 66, 132-141	1.8	7

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17	Reduction of Neuraminidase Activity Exacerbates Disease in 2009 Pandemic Influenza Virus-Infected Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016 , 90, 9931-9941	6.6	4
16	The Hemagglutinin Stem-Binding Monoclonal Antibody VIS410 Controls Influenza Virus-Induced Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2016 , 60, 2118-31	5.9	38
15	Vascular Permeability Drives Susceptibility to Influenza Infection in a Murine Model of Sickle Cell Disease. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 43308	4.9	6
14	The MEK-inhibitor CI-1040 displays a broad anti-influenza virus activity in vitro and provides a prolonged treatment window compared to standard of care in vivo. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , 2017 , 142, 178-1	8 40.8	36
13	Aerosol administration increases the efficacy of oseltamivir for the treatment of mice infected with influenza viruses. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , 2017 , 142, 12-15	10.8	4
12	Emergence of Oseltamivir-Resistant H7N9 Influenza Viruses in Immunosuppressed Cynomolgus Macaques. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017 , 216, 582-593	7	13
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1	FDA-approved Abl/EGFR/PDGFR kinase inhibitors show potent efficacy against pandemic and seasonal influenza A virus infections of human lung explants. 2023 , 26, 106309		О