

Recovery of native forest after removal of an invasive tree American Samoa

Biological Invasions

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ecosystem changes in Galápagos highlands by the invasive tree <i>Cinchona pubescens</i> . <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2013, 371, 629-640.	1.8	23
2	Impacts of an Invasive Nitrogen-Fixing Tree on Hawaiian Stream Water Quality. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2013, 45, 409-418.	0.8	21
3	Presence of <i>Bartonella</i> and <i>Rickettsia</i> spp. in cat fleas and brown dog ticks collected from dogs in American Samoa. <i>Journal of Asia-Pacific Entomology</i> , 2013, 16, 461-463.	0.4	4
4	Plant Invasions in Protected Areas. , 2013, , .		83
5	Stimulating seedling growth in early stages of secondary forest succession: a modeling approach to guide tree liberation. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 345.	1.7	10
6	Critical issues and new challenges for research and management of invasive plants in the Pacific Islands. <i>Pacific Conservation Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 146.	0.5	31
7	Effectiveness of Exotic Plant Treatments on National Park Service Lands in the United States. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2014, 7, 147-163.	0.5	37
8	Restoring Tropical Dry Forest Communities: Effects of Habitat Management and Outplantings on Composition and Structure. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2014, 22, 160-168.	1.4	2
9	Impacts of removing Chinese privet from riparian forests on plant communities and tree growth five years later. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2014, 324, 101-108.	1.4	23
10	Persistence of a soil legacy following removal of a nitrogen-fixing invader. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2015, 17, 2621-2631.	1.2	47
11	Leaf Litter Breakdown of Native and Exotic Tree Species in Two Hawaiian Streams that Differ in Flow. <i>Pacific Science</i> , 2016, 70, 209-222.	0.2	7
12	Woody plant invasions and restoration in forests of island ecosystems: lessons from Robinson Crusoe Island, Chile. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2017, 26, 1507-1524.	1.2	10
13	Increase in nonnative understorey vegetation cover after nonnative conifer removal and passive restoration. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2019, 44, 1384-1397.	0.7	9
14	MECHANICAL STABILITY OF THE <i>Cabralea canjerana</i> SAPLINGS SUBMITTED TO LIBERATION IN SECONDARY FOREST, RS, BRAZIL. <i>Revista Arvore</i> , 2019, 43, .	0.5	0
15	<i>Alnus glutinosa</i> (Betulaceae) in South Africa: invasive potential and management options. <i>South African Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 135, 280-293.	1.2	2
16	Rarity patterns of woody plant species are associated with life form and diversification rates in Pacific islands forests. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2021, 108, 946-957.	0.8	5
17	Post-agriculture rain forest succession on a tropical Pacific island. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2021, 32, e13064.	1.1	3
18	Growth of <i>Falcataria moluccana</i> and <i>Albizia chinensis</i> seedling under aluminum exposure. <i>Biodiversitas</i> , 2021, 22, .	0.2	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Plant Invasions in Protected Areas of Tropical Pacific Islands, with Special Reference to Hawaii. , 2013, , 313-348.		16
20	Yes We Can! Exciting Progress and Prospects for Controlling Invasives on Islands and Beyond. Western North American Naturalist, 2018, 78, 942.	0.2	31
21	Genetic Variation of Growth and Disease Resistance Traits in Open-Pollinated Provenance-Progeny Trials of <i>Falcataria moluccana</i> Growing on Two Rust-Affected Sites at Age-18 Months. Jurnal Manajemen Hutan Tropika, 2017, 23, 1-7.	0.1	3
22	Aboveground carbon accumulation by secondâ€growth forests after deforestation in Hawai'i. Ecological Applications, 2022, , e2539.	1.8	0
23	Status of Landbirds in the National Park of American Samoa1. Pacific Science, 2022, 76, .	0.2	0
24	<i>Falcataria moluccana</i> (batai wood). , 2022, CABI Compendium, .		0