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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
2	Synthetic miRNA-Mowers Targeting miR-183-96-182 Cluster or miR-210 Inhibit Growth and Migration and Induce Apoptosis in Bladder Cancer Cells. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e52280.	1.1	93
3	Bladder cancer – the neglected tumor: a descriptive analysis of publications referenced in MEDLINE and data from the register clinicaltrials.gov. BMC Urology, 2013, 13, 56.	0.6	11
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5	Pterostilbene Protection and Bladder Cancer Cells. , 2014, , 271-281.		1
6	Synthetic Tet-inducible artificial microRNAs targeting $\beta$ -catenin or HIF-1 $\alpha$ inhibit malignant phenotypes of bladder cancer cells T24 and 5637. Scientific Reports, 2015, 5, 16177.	1.6	16
8	Fucoidan induces G1 arrest of the cell cycle in EJ human bladder cancer cells through down-regulation of pRB phosphorylation. Revista Brasileira De Farmacognosia, 2015, 25, 246-251.	0.6	18
9	Synthetic miRNA sponges driven by mutant hTERT promoter selectively inhibit the progression of bladder cancer. Tumor Biology, 2015, 36, 5157-5163.	0.8	15
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12	A Tumor-specific MicroRNA Recognition System Facilitates the Accurate Targeting to Tumor Cells by Magnetic Nanoparticles. Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids, 2016, 5, e318.	2.3	21
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14	Synthetic Bax-Anti Bcl2 combination module actuated by super artificial hTERT promoter selectively inhibits malignant phenotypes of bladder cancer. Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research, 2016, 35, 3.	3.5	17
15	Synthetic Tet-inducible small hairpin RNAs targeting hTERT or Bcl-2 inhibit malignant phenotypes of bladder cancer T24 and 5637 cells. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 3115-3121.	0.8	9
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17	DCAMKL1 is associated with the malignant status and poor outcome in bladder cancer. Tumor Biology, 2017, 39, 101042831770382.	0.8	6
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19	Downregulation of long noncoding RNA TUG1 inhibits proliferation and induces apoptosis through the TUG1/miR-142/ZEB2 axis in bladder cancer cells. OncoTargets and Therapy, 2017, Volume 10, 2461-2471.	1.0	87
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21	Synthetic regulatory RNAs selectively suppress the progression of bladder cancer. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2017, 36, 151.	3.5	10
22	Circular RNA circ-ITCH inhibits bladder cancer progression by sponging miR-17/miR-224 and regulating p21, PTEN expression. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2018, 17, 19.	7.9	395
23	Synthetic artificial "long non-coding RNAs" targeting oncogenic microRNAs and transcriptional factors inhibit malignant phenotypes of bladder cancer cells. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2018, 422, 94-106.	3.2	6
24	LncRNA-SNHG16 predicts poor prognosis and promotes tumor proliferation through epigenetically silencing p21 in bladder cancer. <i>Cancer Gene Therapy</i> , 2018, 25, 10-17.	2.2	95
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32	Downregulated Long Noncoding RNA PART1 Inhibits Proliferation and Promotes Apoptosis in Bladder Cancer. <i>Technology in Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2019, 18, 153303381984663.	0.8	25
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39	Knockdown of LncRNA SNHG7 inhibited cell proliferation and migration in bladder cancer through activating Wnt/ $\beta$ -catenin pathway. <i>Pathology Research and Practice</i> , 2019, 215, 302-307.	1.0	31

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61	Increased expression of ZEB1-AS1 correlates with higher histopathological grade and promotes tumorigenesis in bladder cancer. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 24202-24212.	0.8	37
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