

Pelvic Floor Disorders After Vaginal Birth

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Pelvic floor disorders following vaginal or cesarean delivery. <i>Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 24, 349-354.	2.0	58
2	Role of elective cesarean section in prevention of pelvic floor disorders. <i>Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 24, 318-323.	2.0	13
3	Pelvic Floor Disorders After Vaginal Birth: Effect of Episiotomy, Perineal Laceration, and Operative Birth. <i>Yearbook of Obstetrics Gynecology and Women S Health</i> , 2012, 2012, 70-71.	0.0	0
4	Gynecologic and obstetric implications of the joint hypermobility syndrome (a.k.a. Ehlers-Danlos) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl 158A, 2176-2182.	1.2	78
5	Obstetrical anal sphincter laceration and anal incontinence 5-10 years after childbirth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 207, 425.e1-425.e6.	1.3	85
6	Pelvic Muscle Strength After Childbirth. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 120, 1021-1028.	2.4	59
7	Vaginal Childbirth and Pelvic Floor Disorders. <i>Women's Health</i> , 2013, 9, 265-277.	1.5	119
8	Management of Fertility and Pregnancy in Women with Inflammatory Bowel Disease. <i>Inflammatory Bowel Diseases</i> , 2013, 19, 2937-2948.	1.9	14
9	Childbirth and Female Sexual Function Later in Life. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 122, 988-997.	2.4	23
10	Vacuum-assisted birth. , 0, , 44-58.		0
12	Anal incontinence, urinary incontinence and sexual problems in primiparous women – a comparison between women with episiotomy only and women with episiotomy and obstetric anal sphincter injury. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2014, 14, 157.	2.0	19
13	Pelvic floor dysfunction, and effects of pregnancy and mode of delivery on pelvic floor. <i>Taiwanese Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 53, 452-458.	1.3	61
14	Does episiotomy protect against injury of the levator ani muscle in normal vaginal delivery?. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2014, 33, 1212-1216.	1.5	21
15	Contribution of the second stage of labour to pelvic floor dysfunction: a prospective cohort comparison of nulliparous women. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2014, 121, 1145-1154.	2.3	82
16	The epidemiology of anal incontinence and symptom severity scoring. <i>Gastroenterology Report</i> , 2014, 2, 79-84.	1.3	39
17	Postpartum anal incontinence in a resource-constrained setting: Prevalence and obstetric risk factors. <i>South African Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2014, 20, 12.	0.1	0
18	Fecal Incontinence: The Role of the Urologist. <i>Current Urology Reports</i> , 2014, 15, 388.	2.2	3
19	The effect of episiotomy on pelvic organ prolapse assessed by pelvic organ prolapse quantification system. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2014, 173, 34-37.	1.1	9

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20	Maternal adaptations in preparation for parturition predict uncomplicated spontaneous delivery outcome. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 211, 630.e1-630.e7.	1.3	32
21	Effect of vaginal delivery on the external anal sphincter muscle innervation pattern evaluated by multichannel surface EMG: results of the multicentre study TASI-2. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2014, 25, 1491-1499.	1.4	34
22	Fibulin-5 (FBLN5) gene polymorphism is associated with pelvic organ prolapse. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2014, 78, 287-292.	2.4	22
23	Comparison of Levator Ani Muscle Avulsion Injury After Forceps-Assisted and Vacuum-Assisted Vaginal Childbirth. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 125, 1080-1087.	2.4	53
24	Obstetric perineal injury: risk factors and prevalence in a resource-constrained setting. <i>Tropical Doctor</i> , 2015, 45, 252-254.	0.5	3
26	Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injury and Anal Incontinence Following Vaginal Birth: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health</i> , 2015, 60, 37-47.	1.3	101
27	Forceps delivery is associated with increased risk of pelvic organ prolapse and muscle trauma: a cross-sectional study 16-24 years after first delivery. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 487-495.	1.7	48
28	Anal incontinence among first time mothers – What happens in pregnancy and the first year after delivery?. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , 2015, 94, 1005-1013.	2.8	22
29	Nonsuturing or Skin Adhesives versus Suturing of the Perineal Skin After Childbirth: A Systematic Review. <i>Birth</i> , 2015, 42, 100-115.	2.2	8
30	Perineal Injury During Childbirth Increases Risk of Postpartum Depressive Symptoms and Inflammatory Markers. <i>Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health</i> , 2015, 60, 428-436.	1.3	40
31	An Anatomical and Functional Perspective of the Pelvic Floor and Urogenital Organ Support System. <i>Journal of Women's Health Physical Therapy</i> , 2015, 39, 65-82.	0.8	8
32	Obstructed Defecation Syndrome After Delivery Trauma. <i>Trauma Monthly</i> , 2015, 20, e25611.	0.2	3
33	Pelvic organ prolapse and incontinence 15–23 years after first delivery: a cross-sectional study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2015, 122, 964-971.	2.3	56
34	Ultrasonographic evaluation of urethrovesical junction mobility: correlation with type of delivery and stress urinary incontinence. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2015, 26, 1495-1502.	1.4	5
35	Computational Modeling of the Female Pelvic Support Structures and Organs to Understand the Mechanism of Pelvic Organ Prolapse: A Review. <i>Applied Mechanics Reviews</i> , 2015, 67, .	10.1	39
36	Use of pharmacological and non-pharmacological labour pain management techniques and their relationship to maternal and infant birth outcomes: Examination of a nationally representative sample of 1835 pregnant women. <i>Midwifery</i> , 2015, 31, 458-463.	2.3	43
37	Does childbirth play a role in the etiology of rectocele?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2015, 26, 737-741.	1.4	17
38	Pelvic Floor Trauma and Its Relationship to Pelvic Organ Prolapse. <i>Current Obstetrics and Gynecology Reports</i> , 2015, 4, 89-95.	0.8	1

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39	Knowledge, attitude and experience of episiotomy use among obstetricians and midwives in Viet Nam. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 101.	2.4	23
40	Vaginal biological and sexual health – the unmet needs. Climacteric, 2015, 18, 9-12.	2.4	12
41	Elastogenesis-related gene polymorphisms and the risk of pelvic organ prolapse development. Russian Journal of Genetics, 2015, 51, 1026-1032.	0.6	5
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44	Impact of Pregnancy and Delivery on Pelvic Floor Biomechanics. , 2016, , 229-238.		3
45	Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injury as a Quality Metric. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 496-500.	2.4	4
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48	Practice Bulletin No. 165: Prevention and Management of Obstetric Lacerations at Vaginal Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 128, e1-e15.	2.4	120
49	A biomechanical analysis on the impact of episiotomy during childbirth. Biomechanics and Modeling in Mechanobiology, 2016, 15, 1523-1534.	2.8	31
51	Long-term Impact of Mode of Delivery on Stress Urinary Incontinence and Urgency Urinary Incontinence: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. European Urology, 2016, 70, 148-158.	1.9	125
52	Perineal body stretch during labor does not predict perineal laceration, postpartum incontinence, or postpartum sexual function: a cohort study. International Urogynecology Journal, 2016, 27, 1193-1200.	1.4	19
53	Predicting obstetric anal sphincter injuries in a modern obstetric population. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 310.e1-310.e7.	1.3	84
54	Temporal trends in obstetric trauma and inpatient surgery for pelvic organ prolapse: an age-period-cohort analysis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 208.e1-208.e12.	1.3	14
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57	Long-term effects of vacuum extraction on pelvic floor function: a cohort study in primipara. International Urogynecology Journal, 2016, 27, 1051-1056.	1.4	13
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59	Are Asian American women at higher risk of severe perineal lacerations?. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2017, 30, 525-528.	1.5	10

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63	Neuraxial labor analgesia is not an independent predictor of perineal lacerations after vaginal delivery of patients with intrauterine fetal demise. <i>International Journal of Obstetric Anesthesia</i> , 2017, 32, 21-27.	0.4	4
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66	Native tissue repair versus mesh repair in pelvic organ prolapse surgery. <i>Climacteric</i> , 2017, 20, 510-517.	2.4	14
67	The management of episiotomy technique and its effect on pelvic floor muscles during a malposition childbirth. <i>Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2017, 20, 1249-1259.	1.6	10
68	Epidemiology of Childbirth Trauma and Associated Pelvic Floor Disorders. , 2017, , 31-41.		1
69	Episiotomy. , 2017, , 69-99.		3
70	Types of Pelvic Floor Injury During Childbirth. , 2017, , 101-109.		0
71	Vacuum extraction vaginal delivery: current trend and safety. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology Science</i> , 2017, 60, 499.	1.6	12
72	Associated factors to urinary incontinence in women undergoing urodynamic testing. <i>Revista Da Escola De Enfermagem Da U S P</i> , 2017, 51, e03209.	0.9	9
73	Fecal incontinence - Challenges and solutions. <i>World Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2017, 23, 11.	3.3	100
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77	Longitudinal study of quantitative changes in pelvic organ support among parous women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 218, 320.e1-320.e7.	1.3	29
78	Pelvic Organ Prolapse: Pathophysiology and Epidemiology. <i>Urodynamics, Neurourology and Pelvic Floor Dysfunctions</i> , 2018, , 19-30.	0.0	1

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80	History of cervical insufficiency increases the risk of pelvic organ prolapse and stress urinary incontinence in parous women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2018, 107, 63-67.	2.4	5
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82	Impact of Hypericum Perforatum Ointment on Perineal Pain Intensity Following Episiotomy: a Randomized Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Caring Sciences</i> , 2018, 7, 205-211.	1.0	5
83	Correlation Between Delivery Mode and Pelvic Organ Prolapse Evaluated by Four-Dimensional Pelvic Floor Ultrasonography. <i>Medical Science Monitor</i> , 2018, 24, 7891-7897.	1.1	6
84	Pregnancy-Associated Pelvic Floor Health Knowledge and Reduction of Symptoms: The PREPARED Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2018, 40, 418-425.	0.7	12
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87	Factors Influencing Quality of Life during the First Trimester of Pregnancy: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Medicina (Lithuania)</i> , 2019, 55, 666.	2.0	5
88	Operative vaginal delivery and pelvic floor complications. <i>Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2019, 56, 81-92.	2.8	23
89	Episiotomy in modern clinical practice: friend or foe?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2019, 30, 669-671.	1.4	8
90	Association between delivery mode and pelvic organ prolapse: A meta-analysis of observational studies. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2019, 235, 19-25.	1.1	17
91	Pelvic Floor Disorders After Obstetric Avulsion of the Levator Ani Muscle. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2019, 25, 3-7.	1.1	42
92	Long-term risks of stress and urgency urinary incontinence after different vaginal delivery modes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 220, 181.e1-181.e8.	1.3	27
93	Long-term effects of episiotomy on urinary incontinence and pelvic organ prolapse: a systematic review. <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 299, 317-325.	1.7	21
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97	Factors associated with pelvic floor disorders in Kersa District, eastern Ethiopia: a community-based study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2019, 30, 1559-1564.	1.4	8
98	Health Careâ€ Seeking Characteristics of Women With Pelvic Floor Disorders After Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injury. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2019, 25, 383-387.	1.1	0
99	Knowledge, attitude and experience of episiotomy practice among obstetricians and midwives in Jordan. <i>Women and Birth</i> , 2020, 33, e176-e181.	2.0	5
100	Pelvic organ prolapse recurrence in young women undergoing vaginal and abdominal colpopexy. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 31, 2661-2667.	1.4	4
101	Pelvic floor: vaginal or caesarean delivery? A review of systematic reviews. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 32, 1663-1673.	1.4	16
102	Risk Factors for Postpartum Stress Urinary Incontinence: a Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. <i>Reproductive Sciences</i> , 2020, 27, 2129-2145.	2.5	31
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105	The impact of a nationwide handsâ€ on workshop on the diagnostic rates and management of obstetrical anal sphincter Injuries in Israel. <i>Colorectal Disease</i> , 2020, 22, 1677-1685.	1.4	7
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111	REAL CLINICAL PRACTICE OF POSTPARTUM ANAL INCONTINENCE TREATMENT IN RUSSI. <i>Surgical Practice</i> , 2021, , 48-56.	0.1	1
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116	Obstetric risk factors for anorectal dysfunction after delivery: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 2325-2336.	1.4	20
117	Effects of Oxytocin for Induction and Augmentation of Labor on Pelvic Floor Symptoms and Support in the Postpartum Period. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2021, 27, 289-296.	1.1	5
118	Intrapartum interventions and outcomes for women and children following induction of labour at term in uncomplicated pregnancies: a 16-year population-based linked data study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e047040.	1.9	27
119	Obstetric anal sphincter injury following previous vaginal delivery. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 2483-2489.	1.4	3
120	Forceps and vacuum: one goal, two entities. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 2349-2352.	1.4	6
121	Perineal Body Length as a Predictor of Labor Progress. <i>The Egyptian Journal of Hospital Medicine</i> , 2021, 84, 2378-2382.	0.1	0
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129	Pelvic Floor Disorders 6 Months after Attempted Operative Vaginal Delivery According to the Fetal Head Station: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0168591.	2.5	5
130	Perinatal and maternal morbidity and mortality after attempted operative vaginal delivery at midpelvic station. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2017, 189, E764-E772.	2.0	39
131	Narrative review of the epidemiology, diagnosis and pathophysiology of pelvic organ prolapse. <i>International Braz J Urol: Official Journal of the Brazilian Society of Urology</i> , 2020, 46, 5-14.	1.5	132
132	Ä°leri evre pelvik organ prolapsusu olan kadÄ±nlarda yaÅŸam kalitesi ve cinsel yaÅŸam. <i>Cukurova Medical Journal</i> , 2018, 43, 230-239.	0.2	6

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134	Vaginal Electrical Stimulation for Postpartum Neuromuscular Recovery: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2021, 27, 659-666.	1.1	0
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145	Do Obstetrical Providers, Counsel Women About Postpartum Pelvic Floor Dysfunction?. <i>Journal of reproductive medicine, The</i> , 2015, 60, 205-10.	0.2	7
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150	Recovery from Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injury in a Prospective Cohort of First Births. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2022, 0, .	1.4	2
152	Pelvic floor dysfunction in women: current understanding of the problem. <i>Fundamental and Clinical Medicine</i> , 2022, 7, 92-101.	0.3	3

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155	Birthweight difference between deliveries and the risk of obstetric anal sphincter injury in parous women. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, , 1.	1.4	1
156	Risk factors for primary pelvic organ prolapse and prolapse recurrence: an updated systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 227, 192-208.	1.3	48
158	Assisted Vaginal Birth. , 2022, , 179-191.		0
159	Maternal and Neonatal Morbidity After Attempted Operative Vaginal Delivery. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 139, 833-845.	2.4	1
160	Is there an association between the length of the second stage of labour and urinary incontinence in multiparous women?. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2022, 274, 96-100.	1.1	0
161	Reducing pelvic floor injury by induction of labor. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, 33, 3355-3364.	1.4	1
162	Determinants of Pelvic Floor Disorders among Women Visiting the Gynecology Outpatient Department in Wolkite University Specialized Center, Wolkite, Ethiopia. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology International</i> , 2022, 2022, 1-10.	1.3	3
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