

Swedish quality registry for pain rehabilitation: Purpose and characteristics of referred patients

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Positive Effects of a Musculoskeletal Pain Rehabilitation Program Regardless of Pain Duration or Diagnosis. <i>PM and R</i> , 2012, 4, 355-366.	1.6	25
2	One-year follow-up of two different rehabilitation strategies for patients with chronic pain. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2012, 44, 764-773.	1.1	28
3	Everyday occupational problems perceived by participants in a pain rehabilitation programme. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Occupational Therapy</i> , 2013, 20, 306-314.	1.7	23
4	Using a profile of a modified Brief ICF Core Set for chronic widespread musculoskeletal pain with qualifiers for baseline assessment in interdisciplinary pain rehabilitation. <i>Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare</i> , 2013, 6, 311.	2.7	4
5	An observational study of two rehabilitation strategies for patients with chronic pain, focusing on sick leave at one-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2013, 45, 1049-1057.	1.1	14
6	Low-Educated Women with Chronic Pain Were Less Often Selected to Multidisciplinary Rehabilitation Programs. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e97134.	2.5	19
7	Occupational performance and factors associated with outcomes in patients participating in a musculoskeletal pain rehabilitation programme. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2014, 46, 546-552.	1.1	12
8	Changes in Multidimensional Pain Inventory profile after a pain rehabilitation programme indicate the risk of receiving sick leave benefits one year later. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2014, 46, 1006-1013.	1.1	8
9	WebRehab: A Swedish database for quality control in rehabilitation. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2014, 46, 958-962.	1.1	5
10	Beneficial long-term effects of multiprofessional assessment vs. rehabilitation program in patients with musculoskeletal pain. <i>Pain Practice</i> , 2014, 14, 228-236.	1.9	4
11	The functional barometer – a self-report questionnaire in accordance with the international classification of functioning, disability and health for pain related problems; validity and patient-observer comparisons. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2014, 14, 187.	2.2	10
12	Does pain severity guide selection to multimodal pain rehabilitation across gender?. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2015, 19, 826-833.	2.8	13
13	Is there a gender bias in recommendations for further rehabilitation in primary care of patients with chronic pain after an interdisciplinary team assessment?. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2015, 47, 365-371.	1.1	37
14	Review of 103 Swedish Healthcare Quality Registers.. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015, 44, i174-i174.	1.9	1
15	Measurement properties of the Disability Rating Index in patients undergoing hip replacement. <i>Rheumatology</i> , 2015, 54, 64-71.	1.9	15
16	Review of 103 Swedish healthcare Quality Registers. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2015, 277, 94-136.	6.0	270
17	Characteristics and consequences of the co-occurrence between social anxiety and pain-related fear in chronic pain patients receiving multimodal pain rehabilitation treatment. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2016, 12, 45-52.	1.3	16
18	Pulsed radiofrequency in clinical practice – A retrospective analysis of 238 patients with chronic non-cancer pain treated at an academic tertiary pain centre. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2016, 12, 68-73.	1.3	6

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19	Social Anxiety, Pain Catastrophizing and Return-To-Work Self-Efficacy in chronic pain: a cross-sectional study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2016, 11, 98-103.	1.3	8
20	Identifying characteristics of the most severely impaired chronic pain patients treated at a specialized inpatient pain clinic. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2017, 17, 178-185.	1.3	13
21	Development and Implementation of a Registry of Patients Attending Multidisciplinary Pain Treatment Clinics: The Quebec Pain Registry. <i>Pain Research and Management</i> , 2017, 2017, 1-16.	1.8	44
22	Psychometric properties of Short Form-36 Health Survey, EuroQol 5-dimensions, and Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale in patients with chronic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2020, 161, 83-95.	4.2	70
23	Multiprofessional assessment of patients with chronic pain in primary healthcare. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2020, 20, 319-327.	1.3	1
24	Finding self-worthâ€”Experiences during a multimodal rehabilitation program when living at a residency away from home. <i>Canadian Journal of Pain</i> , 2020, 4, 237-246.	1.7	1
25	Factors of importance for return to work, experienced by patients with chronic pain that have completed a multimodal rehabilitation program â€” a focus group study. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2022, 44, 736-744.	1.8	17
26	Pre-consultation biopsychosocial data from patients admitted for management at pain centers in Norway. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2020, 20, 363-373.	1.3	7
27	Predictors of Sickness Absence in a Clinical Population With Chronic Pain. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2021, 22, 1180-1194.	1.4	17
28	Opioid Prescriptions in Chronic Pain Rehabilitation. A Prospective Study on the Prevalence and Association between Individual Patient Characteristics and Opioids. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 2130.	2.4	2
29	Do quality of life, anxiety, depression and acceptance improve after interdisciplinary pain rehabilitation? A multicentre matched control study of acceptance and commitment therapy-based versus cognitiveâ€”behavioural therapy-based programmes. <i>Journal of International Medical Research</i> , 2021, 49, 030006052110274.	1.0	0
30	The value of interdisciplinary treatment for sickness absence in chronic pain: A nationwide registerâ€”based cohort study. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2021, 25, 2190-2201.	2.8	12
31	Developing a Tool for Increasing the Awareness about Gendered and Intersectional Processes in the Clinical Assessment of Patients â€” A Study of Pain Rehabilitation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0152735.	2.5	15
32	Chronic pain and sex-differences; women accept and move, while men feel blue. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0175737.	2.5	93
33	Facing obesity in pain rehabilitation clinics: Profiles of physical activity in patients with chronic pain and obesityâ€”A study from the Swedish Quality Registry for Pain Rehabilitation (SQRP). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0239818.	2.5	8
34	Determining chronic pain data elements as a first step towards improving quality of care and research in chronic pain. <i>Acta Biomedica</i> , 2021, 92, e2021272.	0.3	0
35	Prevalence of Long-Term Opioid Therapy in a Chronic Non-Cancer Pain Population Attending a University-Based Tertiary Pain Clinic in Sweden: A Cross-Sectional Study. <i>Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine</i> , 2022, 54, jrm00270.	1.1	2
36	Effectiveness of the eVISualisation of physical activity and pain intervention (eVIS) in Swedish Interdisciplinary Pain Rehabilitation Programmes: study protocol for a registry-based randomised controlled clinical trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e055071.	1.9	1

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38	Including a Three-Party Meeting Using the Demand and Ability Protocol in an Interdisciplinary Pain Rehabilitation Programme for a Successful Return to Work Process. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 16614.	2.6	0
39	Physiotherapistsâ€™ experiences of implementation of the BetterBack model of care for low back pain in primary care - a focus group interview study. Physiotherapy Theory and Practice, 0, , 1-13.	1.3	0
40	Eating habits and the desire to eat healthier among patients with chronic pain: a registry-based study. Scientific Reports, 2024, 14, .	3.3	0