

# CITATION REPORT

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## Five-year follow-up study of extremely low-birthweight infants

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Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology, 1988,  
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#	Paper	IF	Citations
56	Infants weighing 1,000 g or less at birth. Outcome at 8-11 years of age. <i>Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics</i> , <b>1989</b> , 360, 62-71	3.1	4
55	Follow-up of preterm children: II. Growth and development at four years of age. <i>Early Human Development</i> , <b>1990</b> , 24, 107-18	2.2	36
54	Normative data and the effect of correction for prematurity on test scores in the psychomotor development of extremely low birthweight infants. <i>Brain and Development</i> , <b>1990</b> , 12, 334-8	2.2	8
53	Cognitive abilities and school performance of extremely low birth weight children and matched term control children at age 8 years: a regional study. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>1991</b> , 118, 751-60	3.6	367
52	Neurodevelopmental, health, and growth status at age 6 years of children with birth weights less than 1001 grams. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>1991</b> , 118, 768-77	3.6	146
51	Estimation of Gestational Age: Implications for Developmental Research. <i>Child Development</i> , <b>1991</b> , 62, 1184-1199	4.9	47
50	The outcome of extremely low birthweight infants. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , <b>1991</b> , 23, 699-704	1.5	16
49	Supporting the development of low birthweight infants. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , <b>1991</b> , 32, 723-41	7.9	44
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47	Extremely low birth weight infants less than 901 g. Impact on the family during the first year. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>1992</b> , 20, 226-33		25
46	Reliability and Validity of Behavior Problem Checklists as Measures of Stable Traits in Low Birth Weight, Premature Preschoolers. <i>Child Development</i> , <b>1992</b> , 63, 1481-1496	4.9	48
45	Improving health status in extremely low birthweight children between two and five years. <i>Early Human Development</i> , <b>1992</b> , 30, 229-39	2.2	16
44	Evaluation of care for the preterm infant: review of literature on follow-up of preterm and low birthweight infants. Report from the collaborative Project on Preterm and Small for Gestational Age Infants (POPS) in The Netherlands. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , <b>1992</b> , 6, 434-59	2.7	24
43	Five-year-follow-up of very low birthweight infants: neurological and psychological outcome. <i>Child: Care, Health and Development</i> , <b>1993</b> , 19, 45-59	2.8	31
42	Annotation: the preterm infant: psychological issues in childhood. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , <b>1993</b> , 34, 837-49	7.9	23
41	Outcome of infants born preterm, with special emphasis on extremely low birthweight infants. <i>Baillieres Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>1993</b> , 7, 611-31		18
40	A small sample follow-up study of children who received tactile stimulation after pre-term birth: Intelligence and achievements. <i>Journal of Reproductive and Infant Psychology</i> , <b>1993</b> , 11, 165-168	2.9	5

39	The relationship between psychosocial factors and developmental outcome for very low and extremely low birthweight infants: a review. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , <b>1993</b> , 27, 62-73	2.6	13
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37	The cognitive outcome of very preterm infants may be poorer than often reported: an empirical investigation of how methodological issues make a big difference. <i>European Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>1994</b> , 153, 906-15	4.1	107
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33	The incidence of sleeping problems in preterm and fullterm infants discharged from neonatal special care units: an epidemiological longitudinal study. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , <b>1995</b> , 36, 203-23	7.9	72
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