

Differential Extracellular Signal-Regulated Kinases 1 and Type 1 Receptor Supports Distinct Phenotypes of Cardiac

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	S100A4 is upregulated in injured myocardium and promotes growth and survival of cardiac myocytes. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2007, 75, 40-50.	1.8	141
2	The Angiotensin Type 1 Receptor Activates Extracellular Signal-Regulated Kinases 1 and 2 by G Protein-Dependent and -Independent Pathways in Cardiac Myocytes and Langendorff-Perfused Hearts. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2007, 100, 289-295.	1.2	66
3	The human angiotensin AT1 receptor supports G protein-independent extracellular signal-regulated kinase 1/2 activation and cellular proliferation. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 590, 255-263.	1.7	25
4	Pharmacologic Perspectives of Functional Selectivity by the Angiotensin II Type 1 Receptor. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2008, 18, 305-312.	2.3	22
5	Lack of Evidence for AT1R/B2R Heterodimerization in COS-7, HEK293, and NIH3T3 Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2009, 284, 1831-1839.	1.6	49
6	Diversity in arrestin function. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2009, 66, 2953-2973.	2.4	55
7	DOPAMINE D2 RECEPTOR STIMULATION INHIBITS ANGIOTENSIN II-INDUCED HYPERTROPHY IN CULTURED NEONATAL RAT VENTRICULAR MYOCYTES. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2009, 36, 312-318.	0.9	15
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10	Functional interactions between 7TM receptors in the Renin-Angiotensin System—Dimerization or crosstalk?. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2009, 302, 203-212.	1.6	35
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14	Beyond Desensitization: Physiological Relevance of Arrestin-Dependent Signaling. <i>Pharmacological Reviews</i> , 2010, 62, 305-330.	7.1	355
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16	Therapeutic potential of β^2 -arrestin- and G protein-biased agonists. <i>Trends in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2011, 17, 126-139.	3.5	469
17	AT1 receptor G_{i2} protein-independent signalling transcriptionally activates only a few genes directly, but robustly potentiates gene regulation from the β^2 -adrenergic receptor. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2011, 331, 49-56.	1.6	18
18	Angiotensin II type 1 receptor signalling regulates microRNA differentially in cardiac fibroblasts and myocytes. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 164, 394-404.	2.7	56

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20	G Protein-Dependent and G Protein-Independent Signaling Pathways and Their Impact on Cardiac Function. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2011, 109, 217-230.	2.0	126
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