Comparative evolutionary genetics of spontaneous mut rhabditid nematodes

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Citation Report

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Is It What We Know or Who We Know? Choice of Organism and Robustness of Inference in Ecology and Evolutionary Biology. American Naturalist, 2006, 167, 303-314.	1.0	24
2	A GENERAL MULTIVARIATE EXTENSION OF FISHER'S GEOMETRICAL MODEL AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF MUTATION FITNESS EFFECTS ACROSS SPECIES. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2006, 60, 893-907.	1.1	183
3	Three-dimensional reconstruction of the nose epidermal cells in the microbial feeding nematode,Acrobeles complexus(Nematoda: Rhabditida). Journal of Morphology, 2006, 267, 1257-1272.	0.6	22
4	A GENERAL MULTIVARIATE EXTENSION OF FISHER'S GEOMETRICAL MODEL AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF MUTATION FITNESS EFFECTS ACROSS SPECIES. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2006, 60, 893.	1.1	60
5	Negative environmental perturbations may improve species persistence. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2006, 273, 2501-2506.	1.2	12
6	High Nucleotide Polymorphism and Rapid Decay of Linkage Disequilibrium in Wild Populations of Caenorhabditis remanei. Genetics, 2006, 174, 901-913.	1.2	112
7	Cumulative Effects of Spontaneous Mutations for Fitness in Caenorhabditis: Role of Genotype, Environment and Stress. Genetics, 2006, 174, 1387-1395.	1.2	49
8	The Relative Roles of Three DNA Repair Pathways in Preventing Caenorhabditis elegans Mutation Accumulation. Genetics, 2006, 174, 57-65.	1.2	48
9	Patterns of Nucleotide Polymorphism Distinguish Temperate and Tropical Wild Isolates of Caenorhabditis briggsae. Genetics, 2006, 173, 2021-2031.	1.2	100
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16	Mutation rate variation in multicellular eukaryotes: causes and consequences. Nature Reviews Genetics, 2007, 8, 619-631.	7.7	389
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18	Hemiclonal reproduction slows down the speed of Muller's ratchet in the hybridogenetic frog Rana esculenta. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2007, 20, 650-660.	0.8	13

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19	Distinct patterns of genetic variation inPristionchus pacificusandCaenorhabditis elegans, two partially selfing nematodes with cosmopolitan distribution. Molecular Ecology, 2007, 16, 1267-1280.	2.0	24
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