

From Networks to Populations: The Development and A Sampling Among IDUs and Latino Gay Men

AIDS and Behavior

9, 387-402

DOI: [10.1007/s10461-005-9012-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10461-005-9012-3)

Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Critical Issues and Further Questions About Respondent-Driven Sampling: Comment on Ramirez-Valles, etÂal. (2005). AIDS and Behavior, 2005, 9, 403-408.	2.7	67
2	Effectiveness of Respondent-Driven Sampling for Recruiting Drug Users in New York City: Findings from a Pilot Study. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 459-476.	3.6	199
3	Exploring Barriers to "Respondent Driven Sampling" in Sex Worker and Drug-Injecting Sex Worker Populations in Eastern Europe. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 6-15.	3.6	77
4	Assessment of Respondent Driven Sampling for Recruiting Female Sex Workers in Two Vietnamese Cities: Reaching the Unseen Sex Worker. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 16-28.	3.6	130
5	Application of Respondent Driven Sampling to Collect Baseline Data on FSWs and MSM for HIV Risk Reduction Interventions in Two Urban Centres in Papua New Guinea. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 60-72.	3.6	71
6	An Analysis of Respondent Driven Sampling with Injection Drug Users (IDU) in Albania and the Russian Federation. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 73-82.	3.6	86
7	Variance Estimation, Design Effects, and Sample Size Calculations for Respondent-Driven Sampling. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 98-112.	3.6	307
8	Respondent-Driven Sampling in Participatory Research Contexts: Participant-Driven Recruitment. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 113-124.	3.6	33
9	Implementation and Analysis of Respondent Driven Sampling: Lessons Learned from the Field. Journal of Urban Health, 2006, 83, 1-5.	3.6	147
10	Researching special populations: retention of Latino gay and bisexual men and transgender persons in longitudinal health research. Health Education Research, 2007, 23, 814-825.	1.9	32
11	Circumcision Status and HIV Infection Among Black and Latino Men Who Have Sex With Men in 3 US Cities. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2007, 46, 643-650.	2.1	76
12	Trends in Prevalence of HIV, Syphilis, Hepatitis C, Hepatitis B, and Sexual Risk Behavior Among Men Who Have Sex With Men. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2007, 45, 581-587.	2.1	193
13	The Effectiveness of Individual-, Group-, and Community-Level HIV Behavioral Risk-Reduction Interventions for Adult Men Who Have Sex with Men. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2007, 32, 38-67.	3.0	206
14	The Known Hidden Epidemic. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2007, 32, 31-33.	3.0	29
15	Developing an HIV Behavioral Surveillance System for Injecting Drug Users: The National HIV Behavioral Surveillance System. Public Health Reports, 2007, 122, 48-55.	2.5	138
16	Sentinel Surveillance of Sexually Transmitted Infections/HIV and Risk Behaviors in Vulnerable Populations in 5 Central American Countries. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2007, 46, 101-111.	2.1	104
18	The Utility of Non-proportional Quota Sampling for Recruiting At-risk Women for Microbicide Research. AIDS and Behavior, 2007, 11, 586-595.	2.7	22
19	Estimating HIV Prevalence and Risk Behaviors of Transgender Persons in the United States: A Systematic Review. AIDS and Behavior, 2008, 12, 1-17.	2.7	787

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
20	The Effectiveness of Respondent Driven Sampling for Recruiting Males Who have Sex with Males in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2008, 12, 294-304.	2.7	85
21	An Empirical Comparison of Respondent-driven Sampling, Time Location Sampling, and Snowball Sampling for Behavioral Surveillance in Men Who Have Sex with Men, Fortaleza, Brazil. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2008, 12, 97-104.	2.7	190
22	Sexual Risk Behaviors of HIV-Positive, HIV-Negative, and Serostatus-Unknown Black Men Who Have Sex with Men and Women. <i>Archives of Sexual Behavior</i> , 2008, 37, 708-719.	1.9	62
23	Using respondent-driven sampling for behavioural surveillance: Response to Scott. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2008, 19, 241-243.	3.3	11
24	Strategies for Measuring and Promoting Mothers' Social Support Networks. <i>Marriage and Family Review</i> , 2008, 44, 380-388.	1.2	0
25	Web-Based Network Sampling. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2008, 37, 105-134.	6.8	156
26	Stigmatization, Substance Use, and Sexual Risk Behavior among Latino Gay and Bisexual Men and Transgender Persons. <i>Journal of Drug Issues</i> , 2008, 38, 235-260.	1.2	52
27	High-Risk Sexual and Drug Using Behaviors Among Male Injection Drug Users Who Have Sex With Men in 2 Mexico-US Border Cities. <i>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</i> , 2008, 35, 243-249.	1.7	44
28	Targeted Sampling in Drug Abuse Research: A Review and Case Study. <i>Field Methods</i> , 2008, 20, 155-170.	0.8	51
29	HIV Infection, Sexual Risk Behavior, and Substance Use Among Latino Gay and Bisexual Men and Transgender Persons. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2008, 98, 1036-1042.	2.7	114
30	Risky sexual practices among men who have sex with men in Northeast Brazil: results from four sequential surveys. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2009, 25, 1390-1398.	1.0	10
31	Efficacy of convenience sampling through the internet versus respondent driven sampling among males who have sex with males in Tallinn and Harju County, Estonia: challenges reaching a hidden population. <i>AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV</i> , 2009, 21, 1195-1202.	1.2	21
32	Estimating HIV Prevalence and Risk Behaviors Among High-Risk Heterosexual Men With Multiple Sex Partners: Use of Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2009, 51, 72-77.	2.1	37
33	Assessing IDU prevalence and health consequences (HCV, overdose and drug-related mortality) in a primary care trust: implications for public health action. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , 2009, 31, 374-382.	1.8	44
34	Factors Associated with HIV Viral Load in a Respondent Driven Sample in Los Angeles. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2009, 13, 145-153.	2.7	39
35	Money Boys, HIV Risks, and the Associations between Norms and Safer Sex: A Respondent-Driven Sampling Study in Shenzhen, China. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2009, 13, 652-662.	2.7	70
36	Understanding the Complexity of Alcohol-Related Intimate Partner Violence in the Lives of Hispanic Men Who Have Sex with Men: Methodological Issues and Considerations. <i>Gender Issues</i> , 2009, 26, 85-104.	2.3	6
37	Simultaneous Recruitment of Drug Users and Men Who Have Sex with Men in the United States and Russia Using Respondent-Driven Sampling: Sampling Methods and Implications. <i>Journal of Urban Health</i> , 2009, 86, 5-31.	3.6	115

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
38	Transpeople, Hormones, and Health Risks in Southeast Asia: A Lao Study. <i>International Journal of Sexual Health</i> , 2009, 21, 35-48.	2.3	22
39	Improving Latino Disaster Preparedness Using Social Networks. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2009, 37, 512-517.	3.0	87
40	Sampling lesbian, gay, and bisexual populations.. <i>Journal of Counseling Psychology</i> , 2009, 56, 23-31.	2.0	409
41	Using Respondent-Driven Sampling in a Hidden Population at Risk of HIV Infection: Who Do HIV-Positive Recruiters Recruit?. <i>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</i> , 2009, 36, 750-756.	1.7	55
42	The Epidemiology of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection, Sexually Transmitted Infections, and Associated Risk Behaviors Among Men Who Have Sex With Men in the Mekong Subregion and China: Implications for Policy and Programming. <i>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</i> , 2009, 36, 319-324.	1.7	24
43	Risk factors driving the emergence of a generalized heterosexual HIV epidemic in Washington, District of Columbia networks at risk. <i>Aids</i> , 2009, 23, 1277-1284.	2.2	55
44	HIV Vulnerability of Men Who Have Sex with Men in Developing Countries: Horizons Studies, 2001â€“2008. <i>Public Health Reports</i> , 2010, 125, 316-324.	2.5	49
45	What Makes a Respondent-Driven Sampling “Seed” Productive? Example of Finding At-Risk Massachusetts Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>Journal of Urban Health</i> , 2010, 87, 467-479.	3.6	30
46	Social network analysis with respondent-driven sampling data: A study of racial integration on campus. <i>Social Networks</i> , 2010, 32, 112-124.	2.1	48
47	Whither RDS? An investigation of Respondent Driven Sampling as a method of recruiting mainstream marijuana users. <i>Harm Reduction Journal</i> , 2010, 7, 15.	3.2	30
48	Social Integration and Health. <i>Journal of Health and Social Behavior</i> , 2010, 51, 30-47.	4.8	99
49	Respondent-Driven Sampling (RDS) of People Who Inject Drugs: Assessing RDS Assumptions and Requirements. <i>Contemporary Drug Problems</i> , 2010, 37, 575-598.	1.6	6
51	Latino men who have sex with men and HIV in the rural south-eastern USA: findings from ethnographic in-depth interviews. <i>Culture, Health and Sexuality</i> , 2010, 12, 797-812.	1.8	60
52	The Use of Respondent-Driven Sampling to Recruit At-Risk Minority Men Who Have Sex with Men in Massachusetts. <i>Journal of Gay and Lesbian Social Services</i> , 2010, 22, 486-494.	1.2	2
53	Assessing respondent-driven sampling. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 6743-6747.	7.1	301
54	Gender, Sexuality, and Ethnicity as Factors of Club-Drug Use among Asian Americans. <i>Journal of Drug Issues</i> , 2010, 40, 405-432.	1.2	14
56	Evaluating Respondent-Driven Sampling in a Major Metropolitan Area: Comparing Injection Drug Users in the 2005 Seattle Area National HIV Behavioral Surveillance System Survey with Participants in the RAVEN and Kiwi Studies. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, 159-167.	1.9	55
57	Respondent-driven sampling: A new method for studying street children with findings from Albania. <i>Vulnerable Children and Youth Studies</i> , 2010, 5, 1-11.	1.1	16

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
58	Subpopulations of Illicit Drug Users Reached by Targeted Street Outreach and Respondent-Driven Sampling Strategies: Implications for Research and Public Health Practice. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2011, 21, 280-289.	1.9	58
59	Accessing a diverse sample of injection drug users in San Francisco through respondent-driven sampling. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2011, 118, 83-91.	3.2	16
60	Embarking on large-scale qualitative research: reaping the benefits of mixed methods in studying youth, clubs and drugs. <i>NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2011, 28, 433-452.	1.3	12
61	Comment: Snowball versus Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Sociological Methodology</i> , 2011, 41, 355-366.	2.4	567
62	Individual, study, and neighborhood level characteristics associated with peer recruitment of young illicit drug users in New York City: Optimizing respondent driven sampling. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2011, 73, 1097-1104.	3.8	15
63	Sex, drugs and economic behaviour in Russia: A study of socio-economic characteristics of high risk populations. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2011, 22, 133-139.	3.3	15
64	Amsterdamse basecokegebruikers in beeld. <i>Verslaving</i> , 2011, 7, 36-48.	0.1	0
65	Painting your life: A study of aging visual artists in New York City. <i>Poetics</i> , 2011, 39, 19-43.	1.3	8
66	The Relative Role of Perceived Partner Risks in Promoting Condom Use in a Three-City Sample of High-Risk, Low-Income Women. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2011, 15, 1347-1358.	2.7	25
67	Central and East European migrant men who have sex with men in London: a comparison of recruitment methods. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2011, 11, 69.	3.1	11
68	HIV, STI prevalence and risk behaviours among women selling sex in Lahore, Pakistan. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2011, 11, 119.	2.9	29
69	Respondent-Driven Sampling With Hard-to-Reach Emerging Adults: An Introduction and Case Study With Rural African Americans. <i>Journal of Adolescent Research</i> , 2011, 26, 30-60.	2.1	28
70	Psychometric Performance of a Novel Measure of Social Support Among Spanish-Speaking Immigrant Latino Gay Men. <i>Hispanic Journal of Behavioral Sciences</i> , 2012, 34, 491-504.	0.5	10
71	Comparison of participants from respondent-driven sampling and service-based sampling studies of people who inject drugs. <i>Drugs: Education, Prevention and Policy</i> , 2012, 19, 329-338.	1.3	0
72	Prevalence and correlates of alcohol use among a sample of general MSM and money boys in Shanghai, China. <i>AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV</i> , 2012, 24, 324-330.	1.2	18
73	Popular perceptions of circumcision among Colombian men who have sex with men. <i>Culture, Health and Sexuality</i> , 2012, 14, 991-1005.	1.8	7
74	Reaching black men who have sex with men: a comparison between respondent-driven sampling and time-location sampling. <i>Sexually Transmitted Infections</i> , 2012, 88, 622-626.	1.9	39
75	HIV Health Center Affiliation Networks of Black Men Who Have Sex With Men. <i>Sexually Transmitted Diseases</i> , 2012, 39, 598-604.	1.7	28

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
76	Long-Chain Peer Referral of Men Who Have Sex With Men. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes</i> (1999), 2012, 59, 177-184.	2.1	15
77	Modeling the Impact of Social Discrimination and Financial Hardship on the Sexual Risk of HIV Among Latino and Black Men Who Have Sex With Men. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2012, 102, S242-S249.	2.7	154
78	Evaluation of Respondent-driven Sampling. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 23, 138-147.	2.7	229
79	Family Network Proportion and HIV Risk Among Black Men Who Have Sex With Men. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes</i> (1999), 2012, 61, 627-635.	2.1	66
80	Innovative Recruitment Using Online Networks: Lessons Learned From an Online Study of Alcohol and Other Drug Use Utilizing a Web-Based, Respondent-Driven Sampling (webRDS) Strategy. <i>Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs</i> , 2012, 73, 834-838.	1.0	145
81	Respondent-driven sampling to recruit young adult non-medical users of pharmaceutical opioids: Problems and solutions. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2012, 121, 23-29.	3.2	21
82	Having Supportive Social Relationships is Associated with Reduced Risk of Unrecognized HIV Infection Among Black and Latino Men who Have Sex with Men. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2012, 16, 508-515.	2.7	78
83	Respondent-Driven Sampling and the Recruitment of People with Small Injecting Networks. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2012, 16, 890-899.	2.7	20
84	Social Network and Other Correlates of HIV Testing: Findings from Male Sex Workers and Other MSM in Shanghai, China. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2012, 16, 858-871.	2.7	78
85	The Sensitivity of Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series A: Statistics in Society</i> , 2012, 175, 191-216.	1.1	66
86	Differing HIV Risks and Prevention Needs among Men and Women Injection Drug Users (IDU) in the District of Columbia. <i>Journal of Urban Health</i> , 2013, 90, 157-166.	3.6	29
87	Reaching Men Who Have Sex with Men: A Comparison of Respondent-Driven Sampling and Time-Location Sampling in Guatemala City. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2013, 17, 3081-3090.	2.7	44
88	The Importance of Measuring and Accounting for Potential Biases in Respondent-Driven Samples. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2013, 17, 2244-2252.	2.7	34
89	HIV Testing Among Immigrant Sexual and Gender Minority Latinos in a US Region with Little Historical Latino Presence. <i>AIDS Patient Care and STDs</i> , 2013, 27, 628-636.	2.5	31
90	Sexual Victimization and Associated Risks Among Lesbian and Bisexual Women. <i>Violence Against Women</i> , 2013, 19, 634-657.	1.7	91
91	Community understanding of respondent-driven sampling in a medical research setting in Uganda: importance for the use of RDS for public health research. <i>International Journal of Social Research Methodology: Theory and Practice</i> , 2013, 16, 269-284.	4.4	9
92	An Assessment of the Feasibility and Acceptability of a Friendship-Based Social Network Recruitment Strategy to Screen At-Risk African American and Hispanic/Latina Young Women for HIV Infection. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2013, 167, 289.	6.2	12
93	Network Mixing and Network Influences Most Linked to HIV Infection and Risk Behavior in the HIV Epidemic Among Black Men Who Have Sex With Men. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013, 103, e28-e36.	2.7	118

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
94	Improving the Efficiency of HIV Testing With Peer Recruitment, Financial Incentives, and the Involvement of Persons Living With HIV Infection. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes</i> (1999), 2013, 63, e56-e63.	2.1	47
95	GayBy Boomers™ Social Support: Exploring the Connection Between Health and Emotional and Instrumental Support in Older Gay Men. <i>Journal of Gerontological Social Work</i> , 2014, 57, 218-234.	1.0	21
96	Randomized community-level HIV prevention intervention trial for men who drink in South African alcohol-serving venues. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014, 24, 833-839.	0.3	15
97	Social Stressors and Alcohol Use Among Immigrant Sexual and Gender Minority Latinos in a Nontraditional Settlement State. <i>Substance Use and Misuse</i> , 2014, 49, 1365-1375.	1.4	29
98	Immigrant Sexual Minority Latino Men in Rural North Carolina: An Exploration of Social Context, Social Behaviors, and Sexual Outcomes. <i>Journal of Homosexuality</i> , 2014, 61, 1131-1151.	2.0	14
99	Evaluating Outcome-Related Recruitment and Geographic Recruitment Bias in a Respondent-Driven Sample of People Who Inject Drugs in Tijuana, Mexico. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2014, 18, 2325-2337.	2.7	17
100	Getting Involved: Exploring Latino GBT Volunteerism and Activism in AIDS and LGBT Organizations. <i>Journal of Gay and Lesbian Social Services</i> , 2014, 26, 18-36.	1.2	9
101	Hypermasculinity and Sexual Risk Among Black and White Men Who Have Sex With Men and Women. <i>American Journal of Men's Health</i> , 2014, 8, 362-372.	1.6	16
102	HIV-1, HBV, HCV, HTLV, HPV-16/18, and <i>Treponema pallidum</i> Infections in a Sample of Brazilian Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e102676.	2.5	38
103	Spatial, temporal and relational patterns in respondent-driven sampling: evidence from a social network study of rural drug users. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2014, 68, 792-798.	3.7	37
104	Substance Abuse Treatment Utilization, HIV Risk Behaviors, and Recruitment Among Suburban Injection Drug Users in Long Island, New York. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2014, 18, 305-315.	2.7	13
105	Sampling Methodologies for Epidemiologic Surveillance of Men Who Have Sex with Men and Transgender Women in Latin America: An Empiric Comparison of Convenience Sampling, Time Space Sampling, and Respondent Driven Sampling. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2014, 18, 2338-2348.	2.7	52
106	A Comparison of Network-Based Strategies for Screening At-Risk Hispanic/Latino Adolescents and Young Adults for Undiagnosed Asymptomatic HIV Infection. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2014, 55, 765-773.	2.5	8
107	Do recruitment patterns of young men who have sex with men (YMSM) recruited through respondent-driven sampling (RDS) violate assumptions?. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2014, 68, 1207-1212.	3.7	15
108	Correlates of HIV Infection Among African American Women from 20 Cities in the United States. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2014, 18, 266-275.	2.7	24
109	Multi-dimensional factors associated with unprotected anal intercourse with regular partners among Chinese men who have sex with men in Hong Kong: a respondent-driven sampling survey. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014, 14, 205.	2.9	22
112	Using Social Network as a Recruiting Tool for Research on Substance Use in the Taipei Metropolitan Area: Study Design, Implementation, and Epidemiological Estimates. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015, 25, 647-655.	2.4	5
113	Hard-to-reach populations of men who have sex with men and sex workers: a systematic review on sampling methods. <i>Systematic Reviews</i> , 2015, 4, 141.	5.3	18

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
114	HIV Prevalence and Awareness of Positive Serostatus Among Men Who Have Sex With Men and Transgender Women in Bogotá, Colombia. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015, 105, 1588-1595.	2.7	29
115	Condom Use Among Immigrant Latino Sexual Minorities: Multilevel Analysis After Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>AIDS Education and Prevention</i> , 2015, 27, 27-43.	1.1	27
116	Tobacco Use and Its Relationship to Social Determinants of Health in LGBT Populations of a Midwestern State. <i>LGBT Health</i> , 2015, 2, 71-76.	3.4	10
117	Sexual Assault Risks Among Gay and Bisexual Men. <i>Journal of Sex Research</i> , 2015, 52, 282-295.	2.5	39
118	Sampling Males Who Inject Drugs in Haiphong, Vietnam: Comparison of Time-Location and Respondent-Driven Sampling Methods. <i>Journal of Urban Health</i> , 2015, 92, 744-757.	3.6	10
119	Diagnostics for Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series A: Statistics in Society</i> , 2015, 178, 241-269.	1.1	186
120	Evaluation of Respondent-Driven Sampling in a Study of Urban Young Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>Journal of Urban Health</i> , 2015, 92, 151-167.	3.6	52
122	The association between psychosocial and structural-level stressors and HIV injection drug risk behavior among Malaysian fishermen: A cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 464.	2.9	5
123	Where the Rubber Meets the Road. <i>Socius</i> , 2016, 2, 237802311663470.	2.0	3
124	Respondent-Driven Sampling in a Multi-Site Study of Black and Latino Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2016, 108, 69-76.	0.8	9
125	Subsampling for Chain-Referral Methods. <i>Lecture Notes in Computer Science</i> , 2016, , 17-31.	1.3	5
126	Random Walks on Directed Networks: Inference and Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Journal of Official Statistics</i> , 2016, 32, 433-459.	0.4	7
127	Using Respondent-Driven Sampling to Recruit Illegal Drug Purchasers to Evaluate a Drug Market Intervention. <i>Evaluation Review</i> , 2016, 40, 87-121.	1.0	3
128	Discrimination and drinking: A systematic review of the evidence. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2016, 161, 178-194.	3.8	150
129	A Randomized Controlled Trial of POWER: An Internet-Based HIV Prevention Intervention for Black Bisexual Men. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2016, 20, 1951-1960.	2.7	19
130	Marijuana Use as a Sex-Drug is Associated with HIV Risk Among Black MSM and Their Network. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2016, 20, 600-607.	2.7	57
131	Respondent-Driven Sampling – Testing Assumptions: Sampling with Replacement. <i>Journal of Official Statistics</i> , 2016, 32, 29-73.	0.4	13
132	Network Sampling: From Snowball and Multiplicity to Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Annual Review of Sociology</i> , 2017, 43, 101-119.	6.1	153

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
133	Incarceration, Sexual Risk-Related Behaviors, and HIV Infection Among Women at Increased Risk of HIV Infection, 20 United States Cities. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2017, 75, S261-S267.	2.1	25
134	Reproducibility of Respondent-Driven Sampling (RDS) in Repeat Surveys of Men Who have Sex with Men, Unguja, Zanzibar. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2017, 21, 2180-2187.	2.7	11
135	Total Survey Error and Respondent Driven Sampling: Focus on Nonresponse and Measurement Errors in the Recruitment Process and the Network Size Reports and Implications for Inferences. <i>Journal of Official Statistics</i> , 2017, 33, 335-366.	0.4	10
136	Researching Migration in a Superdiverse Society: Challenges, Methods, Concerns and Promises. <i>Sociological Research Online</i> , 2017, 22, 15-27.	1.1	27
137	Understanding sexual healthcare seeking behaviour: why a broader research perspective is needed. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2017, 17, 462.	2.2	16
138	Network-Based Research on Rural Opioid Use: an Overview of Methods and Lessons Learned. <i>Current HIV/AIDS Reports</i> , 2018, 15, 113-119.	3.1	14
139	Identification of Homophily and Preferential Recruitment in Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 187, 153-160.	3.4	29
140	Respondent-driven sampling to recruit Latinos in a midwest micropolitan area: Lessons learned and recommendations for translational work. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2018, 2, 245-248.	0.6	2
141	Afro-Latino Same-Sex Attracted Men: Ethnic Identity Importance, Gay Community Identification, and Internalized Homonegativity. <i>Journal of Black Sexuality and Relationships</i> , 2018, 5, 1-21.	0.2	0
142	Tackling smoking among out of school youth in South Africa: An analysis of friendship ties. <i>Addictive Behaviors Reports</i> , 2019, 10, 100214.	1.9	4
143	Incarceration, HIV Risk-Related Behaviors, and Partner Characteristics Among Heterosexual Men at Increased Risk of HIV Infection, 20 US Cities. <i>Public Health Reports</i> , 2019, 134, 63S-70S.	2.5	12
144	Drawing on LGB Identity to Encourage Participation and Disclosure of Sexual Orientation in Surveys. <i>Sociological Quarterly</i> , 2019, 60, 168-188.	1.2	2
145	Barriers and recruitment strategies for precarious status migrants in Montreal, Canada. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2019, 19, 41.	3.1	33
146	Maximizing respondent-driven sampling field procedures in the recruitment of sexual minorities for health research. <i>SAGE Open Medicine</i> , 2019, 7, 205031211982998.	1.8	10
147	Verbal stigmatization from family: How does that affect Latino men who have sex with men?. <i>Journal of Social and Personal Relationships</i> , 2019, 36, 3-21.	2.3	3
148	Model-Based and Design-Based Inference: Reducing Bias Due to Differential Recruitment in Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Sociological Methods and Research</i> , 2019, 48, 3-33.	6.8	10
149	Implementing Respondent-Driven Sampling to Recruit Women Who Exchange Sex in New York City: Factors Associated with Recruitment and Lessons Learned. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2020, 24, 580-591.	2.7	3
150	Concurrent Daily Alcohol and Tobacco Use among Sexual Minority and Heterosexual Women. <i>Substance Use and Misuse</i> , 2020, 55, 66-78.	1.4	13

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
151	Effectiveness of Respondent-Driven Sampling for Conducting Health Studies Among Undocumented Immigrants at a Time of Heightened Immigration Enforcement. <i>Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health</i> , 2022, 24, 102-110.	1.6	2
152	Development and Evaluation of an Online Education-Entertainment Intervention to Increase Knowledge of HIV and Uptake of HIV Testing among Colombian Men Who Have Sex with Men (MSM). <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 1811.	2.6	3
153	Can respondent driven sampling be used to recruit new mothers? A mixed methods study in metropolitan Washington DC. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0246373.	2.5	2
154	Sexual Mixing and HIV Transmission Potential Among Greek Men Who have Sex with Men: Results from SOPHOCLES. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2021, 25, 1935-1945.	2.7	4
155	Gender Diverse Recruitment to Research Projects. , 2010, , 179-190.		4
156	The New Public Health and STD/HIV Prevention. , 2013, , .		4
157	Sexual Networks and Sexually Transmitted Infections; “The Strength of Weak (Long Distance) Ties”, 2013, , 77-109.		6
158	Estimating Group Properties in Online Social Networks with a Classifier. <i>Lecture Notes in Computer Science</i> , 2018, , 67-85.	1.3	4
159	Best Practices: Collecting and Analyzing Data on Sexual Minorities. <i>International Handbooks of Population</i> , 2013, , 21-42.	0.5	15
160	Global HIV surveillance among MSM: is risk behavior seriously underestimated?. <i>Aids</i> , 2010, 24, 2301-2303.	2.2	16
161	Prevalence of Same-Sex Sexual Behavior and Associated Characteristics among Low-Income Urban Males in Peru. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2007, 2, e778.	2.5	24
162	Parsing Social Network Survey Data from Hidden Populations Using Stochastic Context-Free Grammars. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e6777.	2.5	14
163	Intimate-Partner and Client-Initiated Violence among Female Street-Based Sex Workers in China: Does a Support Network Help?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0139161.	2.5	24
164	Integration of Social, Cultural, and Biomedical Strategies into an Existing Couple-Based Behavioral HIV/STI Prevention Intervention: Voices of Latino Male Couples. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0152361.	2.5	42
165	HIV treatment cascade among people who inject drugs in Ukraine. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0244572.	2.5	16
166	Methods for Collection of Participant-aided Sociograms for the Study of Social, Sexual and Substance-using Networks Among Young Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>Connections</i> , 2015, 35, .	0.3	18
167	Assessing the Assumptions of Respondent-Driven Sampling in the National HIV Behavioral Surveillance System among Injecting Drug Users. <i>Open AIDS Journal</i> , 2012, 6, 77-82.	0.5	31
168	Developing a Web-Based HIV Behavioral Surveillance Pilot Project Among Men Who Have Sex with Men. <i>Open AIDS Journal</i> , 2012, 6, 224-231.	0.5	23

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
169	HIV/AIDS-Related Knowledge and Behaviors Among Most-at-Risk Populations in Vietnam. <i>Open AIDS Journal</i> , 2012, 6, 259-265.	0.5	21
170	Potential and Challenges in Collecting Social and Behavioral Data on Adolescent Alcohol Norms: Comparing Respondent-Driven Sampling and Web-Based Respondent-Driven Sampling. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2015, 17, e285.	4.3	17
171	The Parasol Protocol: An Implementation Science Study of HIV Continuum of Care Interventions for Gay Men and Transgender Women in Burma/Myanmar. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2017, 6, e90.	1.0	15
172	Understanding Respondent Driven Sampling from a Total Survey Error Perspective. <i>Survey Practice</i> , 2009, 2, 1-6.	0.9	9
173	HIV/AIDS Risk Reduction and Domestic Violence Prevention Intervention for South African Men. <i>International Journal of Men's Health</i> , 2008, 7, 255-273.	0.4	13
174	HIV Research with Men who Have Sex with Men (MSM): Advantages and Challenges of Different Methods for Most Appropriately Targeting a Key Population. <i>AIMS Public Health</i> , 2017, 4, 221-239.	2.6	21
175	Revisiting the Outsiders: Innovative Recruitment of a Marijuana User Network via Web-Based Respondent Driven Sampling. <i>Social Networking</i> , 2014, 03, 19-31.	0.3	8
176	Estimating Vertex Measures in Social Networks by Sampling Completions of RDS Trees. <i>Social Networking</i> , 2015, 04, 1-16.	0.3	1
177	Reasons for Leaving School and Alcohol Use Among Out of School Youth in South Africa. <i>Health Psychology Bulletin</i> , 2019, 3, 48.	0.3	6
178	Probability Sampling Method for a Hidden Population Using Respondent-Driven Sampling: Simulation for Cancer Survivors. <i>Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2015, 16, 4677-4683.	1.2	2
179	The efficiency of an RDS (respondent driven sampling) to reach the latent groups of respondents: by the example of a study of young drug injectors in four towns of Ukraine. <i>Ukrainian Society</i> , 2006, 2006, 7-25.	0.5	0
180	Factors Affecting the Designing of Sampling Method for Hidden Populations Exposed to High Risk Diseases. <i>Journal of Health Promotion Management</i> , 2017, 7, 1-10.	0.1	0
182	Challenges of Respondent Driven Sampling to Assess Sexual Behaviour and Estimate the Prevalence of Human Immunodeficiency Virus(HIV) and Syphilis in Men Who Have Sex with Men (MSM) in Singapore. <i>Annals of the Academy of Medicine, Singapore</i> , 2013, 42, 350-353.	0.4	5
183	Estimating the Quasi-Underground: Oregon's Informal Marijuana Economy. <i>Humboldt Journal of Social Relations</i> , 2014, 1, 118-137.	0.1	0
184	Mental health and cultural continuity among an urban Indigenous population in Toronto, Canada. <i>Canadian Journal of Public Health</i> , 0, , .	2.3	2
185	Describing the safety of abortion at the population level using network-based survey approaches. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2022, 19, .	3.1	0
186	Community-based respondent-driven sampling as a strategy for drug use surveillance in a large French urban area. <i>Harm Reduction Journal</i> , 2023, 20, .	3.2	0
187	Coerced work during parole: Prevalence, mechanisms, and characteristics. <i>Criminology</i> , 0, , .	3.3	0