

# The Ankle-Brachial Index in the Elderly and Risk of Stroke

Archives of Internal Medicine

163, 1939

DOI: [10.1001/archinte.163.16.1939](https://doi.org/10.1001/archinte.163.16.1939)

Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prevalence of and Risk Factors for Peripheral Arterial Disease in the United States. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004, 110, 738-743.	1.6	1,570
2	Relationship of High and Low Ankle Brachial Index to All-Cause and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004, 109, 733-739.	1.6	837
3	Lower limb arterial incompressibility and obstruction in rheumatoid arthritis. <i>Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases</i> , 2004, 64, 425-432.	0.5	51
4	Effect of glucocorticoids on the arteries in rheumatoid arthritis. <i>Arthritis and Rheumatism</i> , 2004, 50, 3813-3822.	6.7	127
5	Estimating cardiovascular disease risk and the metabolic syndrome: a Framingham view. <i>Endocrinology and Metabolism Clinics of North America</i> , 2004, 33, 467-481.	1.2	49
6	Patient characteristics and factors associated with inter-arm difference of blood pressure measurements in a general population in Ohasama, Japan. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2004, 22, 2277-2283.	0.3	72
7	Low Ankle-Brachial Index Associated With Rise in Creatinine Level Over Time. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 165, 1481.	4.3	56
8	Evaluation of simple non-invasive techniques for assessment of lower extremity arterial disease. <i>Clinical Physiology and Functional Imaging</i> , 2005, 25, 129-134.	0.5	10
9	High-sensitivity C-reactive Protein in Japanese Patients with Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Obesity</i> , 2005, 13, 1810-1816.	4.0	24
10	The Validity, Reliability, Reproducibility and Extended Utility of Ankle to Brachial Pressure Index in Current Vascular Surgical Practice. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2005, 29, 443-451.	0.8	109
11	Hipertensi3n arterial y riesgo cardiovascular en el a2004. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia Suplementos</i> , 2005, 5, 24A-34A.	0.2	2
13	Peripheral Arterial Disease: A Missed Opportunity to Administer Statins so as to Reduce Cardiac Morbidity and Mortality. <i>Current Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2005, 12, 443-452.	1.2	50
14	Relationship Between HbA1c Level and Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2005, 28, 1981-1987.	4.3	100
15	The Ankle-Brachial Index Is Not Related to Mortality in Elderly Subjects Living in Nursing Homes. <i>Angiology</i> , 2005, 56, 693-697.	0.8	8
16	Management of Peripheral Arterial Disease in Chronic Kidney Disease. <i>Cardiology Clinics</i> , 2005, 23, 225-236.	0.9	38
17	High prevalence of subclinical peripheral artery disease in Greek hospitalized patients. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 16, 187-191.	1.0	17
19	A modified calculation of ankle-brachial pressure index is far more sensitive in the detection of peripheral arterial disease. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2006, 44, 531-536.	0.6	151
20	Association between nutrient intake and peripheral artery disease: Results from the InCHIANTI study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2006, 186, 200-206.	0.4	29

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
21	Correlates for a low ankle-brachial index in elderly Chinese. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2006, 186, 360-366.	0.4	32
22	Risk of mortality and cardiovascular disease associated with the ankle-brachial index: Systematic review. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2006, 189, 61-69.	0.4	384
24	Cardioprotective Medication Is Associated With Improved Survival in Patients With Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006, 47, 1182-1187.	1.2	151
25	Peripheral Arterial Disease: A Review of Disease Awareness and Management. <i>American Journal of Geriatric Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2006, 4, 365-379.	3.0	28
26	Brain lesions on MRI and endogenous sex hormones in elderly men. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2006, 27, 1137-1144.	1.5	16
27	Relation between platelet microaggregates and ankle brachial index in patients with peripheral arterial disease. <i>Thrombosis Research</i> , 2006, 117, 263-269.	0.8	15
28	Blood Pressure Effects on Retinal Vessel Diameter and Flicker Response: A 1.5-Year Follow-Up. <i>European Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2006, 16, 560-565.	0.7	12
29	Ankle Brachial Index as a Predictor of Cognitive Impairment in the General Population: Ten-Year Follow-Up of the Edinburgh Artery Study. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2006, 54, 763-769.	1.3	48
30	Atherosclerosis imaging and heart failure. <i>Heart Failure Reviews</i> , 2006, 11, 279-288.	1.7	6
31	Peripheral and cerebral atherothrombosis and cardiovascular events in different vascular territories: Insights from the framingham study. <i>Current Atherosclerosis Reports</i> , 2006, 8, 317-323.	2.0	37
32	From Vulnerable Plaque to Vulnerable Patient—Part III: Executive Summary of the Screening for Heart Attack Prevention and Education (SHAPE) Task Force Report. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2006, 98, 2-15.	0.7	594
33	Relation of Borderline Peripheral Arterial Disease to Cardiovascular Disease Risk. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2006, 98, 1226-1230.	0.7	43
34	Lower limb atherosclerotic disease causes various deteriorations of patients' health-related quality of life. <i>Journal of Vascular Nursing</i> , 2006, 24, 102-115.	0.2	8
35	Ankle brachial index, C-reactive protein, and central augmentation index to identify individuals with severe atherosclerosis. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2006, 27, 316-322.	1.0	46
36	The Long-term Prognostic Value of the Resting and Postexercise Ankle-Brachial Index. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2006, 166, 529.	4.3	104
37	Association of ankle-brachial index and plaques in the carotid and femoral arteries with cardiovascular events and total mortality in a population-based study with 13 years of follow-up. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2006, 27, 2580-2587.	1.0	112
38	Methodology for measuring cerebrovascular disease burden. <i>International Review of Psychiatry</i> , 2006, 18, 409-422.	1.4	14
39	Mortality and Cardiovascular Risk Across the Ankle-Arm Index Spectrum. <i>Circulation</i> , 2006, 113, 388-393.	1.6	278

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
40	HbA1c and Peripheral Arterial Disease in Diabetes: The Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2006, 29, 877-882.	4.3	150
41	Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2006, 114, 688-699.	1.6	441
42	Regulation of smooth muscle cells in development and vascular disease: current therapeutic strategies. <i>Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy</i> , 2006, 4, 789-800.	0.6	43
43	Peripheral artery disease and hypertension: the relation between ankle-brachial index and mortality. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2007, 21, 762-765.	1.0	4
44	Reproducibility and reliability of the ankle-brachial index as assessed by vascular experts, family physicians and nurses. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2007, 12, 105-112.	0.8	89
45	Lower Progression Rate of End-Stage Renal Disease in Patients with Peripheral Arterial Disease Using Statins or Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme Inhibitors. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2007, 18, 1872-1879.	3.0	33
46	Patients at High Risk for Ischemic Stroke: Identification and Actions. <i>Cerebrovascular Diseases</i> , 2007, 24, 49-63.	0.8	12
47	A Prognostic Risk Index for Long-term Mortality in Patients With Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2007, 167, 2482.	4.3	74
49	Correlation of Ankle-Brachial Index Values With Carotid Disease, Coronary Disease, and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Women. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2007, 22, 436-439.	0.6	7
50	Clinical characteristics and patterns of care of newly diagnosed type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2007, 17, e31-e33.	1.1	1
51	The Ankle-Brachial Index and Peripheral Pulses in Hypertensive Patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2007, 9, 143-144.	1.0	0
52	Improving Risk Assessment with Cardiac Testing in Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2007, 120, 531-538.	0.6	9
53	Ankle brachial index and intima media thickness predict cardiovascular events similarly and increased prediction when combined. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 60, 1067-1075.	2.4	64
54	Aortic augmentation index is associated with the ankle-brachial index: A community-based study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2007, 195, 248-253.	0.4	41
56	Magnetic Resonance Evaluation of Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Magnetic Resonance Imaging Clinics of North America</i> , 2007, 15, 653-679.	0.6	5
57	Magnetic Resonance Evaluation of Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Cardiology Clinics</i> , 2007, 25, 185-212.	0.9	6
58	Abdominal Fat and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in Patients with Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Obesity</i> , 2007, 15, 1623-1630.	1.5	6
59	The association of the ankle-brachial index with incident coronary heart disease: the Atherosclerosis Risk In Communities (ARIC) study, 1987-2001. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2007, 7, 3.	0.7	105

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
60	Peripheral Arterial Disease Study (PERART): Prevalence and predictive values of asymptomatic peripheral arterial occlusive disease related to cardiovascular morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2007, 7, 348.	1.2	41
61	Characteristics and Treatments of Patients with Peripheral Arterial Disease Referred to UK Vascular Clinics: Results of a Prospective Registry. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2007, 33, 442-450.	0.8	65
62	Prognostic Significance of Declining Ankle-brachial Index Values in Patients with Suspected or Known Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2007, 34, 206-213.	0.8	38
63	Systemic Risk Score Evaluation in Ischemic Stroke Patients (SCALA). <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2007, 254, 1562-1568.	1.8	46
64	Self-Reported Peripheral Arterial Disease Predicts Future Vascular Events in a Community-Based Cohort. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2008, 23, 1423-1428.	1.3	8
65	Peripheral arterial disease and the hospitalist: The rationale for early detection and optimal therapy. <i>Journal of Hospital Medicine</i> , 2008, 3, S4-S8.	0.7	1
66	Identification and Management of Polyvascular Disease in Patients with Noncardioembolic Ischaemic Stroke. <i>International Journal of Stroke</i> , 2008, 3, 237-248.	2.9	15
67	Oscillometric blood pressure measurement: a simple method in screening for peripheral arterial disease. <i>Clinical Physiology and Functional Imaging</i> , 2008, 28, 426-429.	0.5	19
68	Functional Promoter Variant in Zinc Finger Protein 202 Predicts Severe Atherosclerosis and Ischemic Heart Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2008, 52, 369-377.	1.2	16
69	Angina pectoris is a stronger indicator of diffuse vascular atherosclerosis than intermittent claudication: Framingham study. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2008, 61, 951-957.	2.4	9
70	High prevalence of peripheral arterial disease diagnosed by low ankle-brachial index in Japanese patients with diabetes: The Kyushu Prevention Study for Atherosclerosis. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2008, 82, 378-382.	1.1	29
71	Association between serum uric acid level and peripheral arterial disease. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2008, 196, 749-755.	0.4	64
72	Intermittent claudication in the Erfurt Male Cohort (ERFORT) Study: Its determinants and the impact on mortality. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2008, 198, 214-222.	0.4	19
73	Contemporary risk factor control and walking dysfunction in individuals with peripheral arterial disease: NHANES 1999-2004. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2008, 201, 425-433.	0.4	53
74	Anaesthesia for vascular procedures: How do South African patients differ? <i>Southern African Journal of Anaesthesia and Analgesia</i> , 2008, 14, 109-115.	0.1	4
75	Association of Soluble Cell Adhesion Molecules with Ankle-Brachial Index in a Biethnic Cohort of Predominantly Hypertensive Individuals. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2008, 54, 1788-1795.	1.5	6
76	Frequency of a low ankle brachial index in the general population by age, sex and deprivation: cross-sectional survey of 28980 men and women. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2008, 15, 370-375.	3.1	34
77	Apolipoprotein E $\epsilon$ 4 Allele Genotype and the Effect of Depressive Symptoms on the Risk of Dementia in Men. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 65, 906.	13.8	78

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
78	Measurement characteristics of the ankle-brachial index: results from the Action for Health in Diabetes study. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2008, 13, 225-233.	0.8	17
79	One-Year Prospective Health-Related Quality-Of-Life Outcomes in Patients Treated with Conservative Method, Endovascular Treatment or Open Surgery for Symptomatic Lower Limb Atherosclerotic Disease. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2008, 7, 247-256.	0.4	10
80	Critical Review of the Ankle Brachial Index. <i>Current Cardiology Reviews</i> , 2008, 4, 101-106.	0.6	101
81	Relationship of Ankle Blood Pressures to Cardiovascular Events in Older Adults. <i>Stroke</i> , 2008, 39, 863-869.	1.0	86
82	Prevalência e fatores de risco associados à doença arterial periférica no projeto coraões do Brasil. <i>Arquivos Brasileiros De Cardiologia</i> , 2008, 91, 370-82.	0.3	66
83	Aterosclerose carotídea avaliada pelo eco-Doppler: associação com fatores de risco e doenças arteriais sistêmicas. <i>Jornal Vascular Brasileiro</i> , 2008, 7, 298-307.	0.1	15
84	Heparin Cofactor II is an Independent Protective Factor against Peripheral Arterial Disease in Elderly Subjects with Cardiovascular Risk Factors. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2009, 16, 127-134.	0.9	17
85	Heparin Cofactor II as a Novel Vascular Protective Factor Against Atherosclerosis. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2009, 16, 523-531.	0.9	20
86	Polyvascular atherosclerotic disease: recognizing the risks and managing the syndrome. <i>Current Medical Research and Opinion</i> , 2009, 25, 2631-2641.	0.9	22
87	Prevalence of peripheral artery disease varies significantly depending upon the method of calculating ankle brachial index. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2009, 16, 377-381.	3.1	10
88	Serum Selenium and Peripheral Arterial Disease: Results From the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2003-2004. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 169, 996-1003.	1.6	77
89	Association of Asymptomatic Peripheral Arterial Disease With Vascular Events in Patients With Stroke or Transient Ischemic Attack. <i>Stroke</i> , 2009, 40, 3472-3477.	1.0	58
92	Metodos diagnósticos de la enfermedad arterial periférica. Importancia del índice tobillo-brazo como técnica de criba. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia Suplementos</i> , 2009, 9, 11-17.	0.2	3
93	Risk factor profile, management and prognosis of patients with peripheral arterial disease with or without coronary artery disease: results of the prospective German REACH registry cohort. <i>Clinical Research in Cardiology</i> , 2009, 98, 249-256.	1.5	59
94	The Metabolic syndrome is associated with subclinical atherosclerosis independent of insulin resistance: the Guangzhou Biobank Cohort Study-CVD. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2010, 73, 181-188.	1.2	17
95	Deterioro de la función renal en la arteriopatía periférica: un parámetro que no debe ser infravalorado. <i>Annals of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2009, 23, 759-769.	0.0	0
96	Association of ankle-brachial index level with stroke. <i>Journal of the Neurological Sciences</i> , 2009, 276, 14-17.	0.3	29
97	Laparoscopic management of celiac artery compression syndrome. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2009, 50, 124-133.	0.6	111

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
98	Endothelial Dysfunction, Vascular Disease and Stroke: The ARTICO Study. <i>Cerebrovascular Diseases</i> , 2009, 27, 25-37.	0.8	158
99	Cross-sectional relations of multiple inflammatory biomarkers to peripheral arterial disease: The Framingham Offspring Study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009, 203, 509-514.	0.4	61
100	Contribution of cardiovascular risk factors to coronary risk in patients with intermittent claudication in the PRIME Cohort Study of European men. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009, 206, 563-568.	0.4	5
101	Association of serum osteoprotegerin with ankle-brachial index and urine albumin: Creatinine ratio in African-Americans and non-Hispanic whites. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2009, 206, 575-580.	0.4	22
102	The association of biomarkers of iron status with peripheral arterial disease in US adults. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2009, 9, 34.	0.7	36
103	Renal Function Impairment in Peripheral Arterial Disease: An Important Parameter that Should not Be Neglected. <i>Annals of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2009, 23, 690-699.	0.4	45
104	L'insuffisance rénale dans la maladie artérielle périphérique : Un paramètre important qui ne devrait pas être négligé. <i>Annales De Chirurgie Vasculaire</i> , 2009, 23, 749-759.	0.0	0
105	Update on Peripheral Arterial Disease and Claudication Rehabilitation. <i>Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Clinics of North America</i> , 2009, 20, 627-656.	0.7	7
106	Composition of lower extremity in relation to a high ankle-brachial index. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2009, 27, 167-173.	0.3	31
107	Heparin Cofactor II Attenuates Vascular Remodeling in Humans and Mice. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2010, 74, 1518-1523.	0.7	6
108	Association between different measurements of blood pressure variability by ABP monitoring and ankle-brachial index. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2010, 10, 55.	0.7	14
109	PAD as a Risk Factor for Mortality Among Patients with Elevated ABI – A Clinical Study. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2010, 39, 316-322.	0.8	71
110	Predictive value of ankle brachial index in patients with acute ischaemic stroke. <i>European Journal of Neurology</i> , 2010, 17, 602-606.	1.7	33
111	Cardiovascular risk in minority and underserved women in Appalachian Tennessee: A descriptive study. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Nurse Practitioners</i> , 2010, 22, 210-216.	1.4	7
112	Combined assessment of chronic kidney disease and subclinical peripheral artery disease used to predict future cardiac events. <i>Nephrology</i> , 2010, 15, 230-235.	0.7	10
113	Prevalence of Asymptomatic Coronary Artery Disease in Ischemic Stroke Patients. <i>Circulation</i> , 2010, 121, 1623-1629.	1.6	142
114	Study on Unrecognized Peripheral Arterial Disease (PAD) by Ankle/Brachial Index and Arterial Comorbidity in Catania, Sicily, Italy. <i>Angiology</i> , 2010, 61, 524-529.	0.8	33
115	High prevalence of peripheral arterial disease in patients with previous cerebrovascular or coronary event. <i>Blood Pressure</i> , 2010, 19, 308-312.	0.7	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
116	2010 ACCF/AHA Guideline for Assessment of Cardiovascular Risk in Asymptomatic Adults. <i>Circulation</i> , 2010, 122, e584-636.	1.6	1,009
117	Maladie artérielle périphérique asymptomatique chez les diabétiques de type II : Étude de suivi à 10 ans sur l'intérêt de l'index cheville-bras comme facteur pronostic de pathologie cardio-vasculaire. <i>Annales De Chirurgie Vasculaire</i> , 2010, 24, 1069-1077.	0.0	0
118	Asymptomatic Peripheral Arterial Disease in Type 2 Diabetes Patients: A 10-Year Follow-Up Study of the Utility of the Ankle Brachial Index as a Prognostic Marker of Cardiovascular Disease. <i>Annals of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2010, 24, 985-993.	0.4	53
119	2010 ACCF/AHA Guideline for Assessment of Cardiovascular Risk in Asymptomatic Adults. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2010, 56, e50-e103.	1.2	1,150
120	Synergistic effects of FGF-2 and PDGF-BB on angiogenesis and muscle regeneration in rabbit hindlimb ischemia model. <i>Microvascular Research</i> , 2010, 80, 10-17.	1.1	62
121	Exercise Rehabilitation in Peripheral Artery Disease. <i>Circulation</i> , 2011, 123, 87-97.	1.6	236
122	Exercise ankle brachial index adds important prognostic information on long-term out-come only in patients with a normal resting ankle brachial index. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011, 216, 365-369.	0.4	13
123	Application of data mining techniques for detecting asymptomatic carotid artery stenosis. , 2011, , .		1
124	Arterial stiffness, but not endothelium-dependent vasodilation, is related to a low Ankle-Brachial index. <i>Clinical Physiology and Functional Imaging</i> , 2011, 31, 182-187.	0.5	10
125	Low risk of vascular events following urgent treatment of transient ischaemic attack: the Aarhus TIA study. <i>European Journal of Neurology</i> , 2011, 18, 1285-1290.	1.7	23
126	High serum concentrations of pentosidine, an advanced glycation end product, are associated with low normal value of ankle-brachial index in apparently healthy men. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2011, 60, 649-654.	1.5	8
127	Peripheral artery disease assessed by ankle-brachial index in patients with established cardiovascular disease or at least one risk factor for atherothrombosis - CAREFUL Study: A national, multi-center, cross-sectional observational study. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2011, 11, 4.	0.7	34
128	Cumulative smoking exposure, duration of smoking cessation, and peripheral arterial disease in middle-aged and older Korean men. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2011, 11, 94.	1.2	53
129	Xanthelasmata, arcus corneae, and ischaemic vascular disease and death in general population: prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2011, 343, d5497-d5497.	2.4	75
130	Distribution of ankle-brachial index and the risk factors of peripheral artery disease in a multi-ethnic Asian population. <i>Vascular Medicine</i> , 2011, 16, 87-95.	0.8	37
131	Increased Brachial-Ankle Pulse Wave Velocity Is Independently Associated with White Matter Hyperintensities. <i>Neuroepidemiology</i> , 2011, 36, 252-257.	1.1	44
132	High Risk of Peripheral Arterial Disease in the United Kingdom: 2-Year Results of a Prospective Registry. <i>Angiology</i> , 2011, 62, 111-118.	0.8	13
133	Bisphenol A and Peripheral Arterial Disease: Results from the NHANES. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2012, 120, 1297-1300.	2.8	154



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
134	Risk Factors Related to Low Ankle-Brachial Index Measured by Traditional and Modified Definition in Hypertensive Elderly Patients. <i>International Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-7.	0.5	4
135	Effects of androgens on cardiovascular remodeling. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2012, 214, 1-10.	1.2	26
136	Internal Medicine Interns Have a Poor Knowledge of Peripheral Artery Disease. <i>Angiology</i> , 2012, 63, 597-602.	0.8	10
137	Measurement of blood pressure, ankle blood pressure and calculation of ankle brachial index in general practice. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2012, 29, 345-351.	0.8	12
138	Non-linear association between ankle-brachial pressure index and prevalence of silent cerebral infarction in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 222, 490-494.	0.4	15
139	Association Between Chromosome 9p21 Variants and the Ankle-Brachial Index Identified by a Meta-Analysis of 21 Genome-Wide Association Studies. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics</i> , 2012, 5, 100-112.	5.1	98
140	Frailty Across the Spectrum of Ankle-Brachial Index. <i>Angiology</i> , 2012, 63, 229-236.	0.8	31
141	Atherothrombotic Disease, Traditional Risk Factors, and 4-Year Mortality in a Latin American Population: The REACH Registry. <i>Clinical Cardiology</i> , 2012, 35, 451-457.	0.7	15
142	Association of peripheral artery disease and long-term mortality in hemodialysis patients. <i>International Urology and Nephrology</i> , 2012, 44, 569-573.	0.6	17
143	Usefulness of Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance Imaging of the Superficial Femoral Artery for Screening Patients With Diabetes Mellitus for Atherosclerosis. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2012, 110, 50-56.	0.7	17
144	Noninvasive Cardiovascular Imaging in Rheumatoid Arthritis: Current Modalities and the Emerging Role of Magnetic Resonance and Positron Emission Tomography Imaging. <i>Seminars in Arthritis and Rheumatism</i> , 2012, 41, 676-688.	1.6	5
145	Comparative Effectiveness of Risk Markers for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment in Intermediate-Risk Individuals: Coronary Artery Calcium vs "The Rest". <i>Current Cardiovascular Imaging Reports</i> , 2013, 6, 203-210.	0.4	1
146	Prevalence and Clinical Implications of Newly Revealed, Asymptomatic Abnormal Ankle-Brachial Index in Patients With Significant Coronary Artery Disease. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2013, 6, 1303-1313.	1.1	54
147	Depressive symptoms, atherosclerotic burden and cerebral blood flow disturbances in a cohort of octogenarian men from a general population. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 13, 347.	1.1	8
148	Application of data mining techniques for detecting asymptomatic carotid artery stenosis. <i>Computers and Electrical Engineering</i> , 2013, 39, 1499-1505.	3.0	4
149	Long-term results of plaque excision combined with aggressive pharmacotherapy in high-risk patients with advanced peripheral artery disease (SAVE a LEG registry). <i>Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2013, 82, E244-50.	0.7	4
150	Low ankle-brachial index and risk of stroke. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013, 229, 317-323.	0.4	28
151	Segmental Doppler Pressures and Doppler Waveform Analysis in Peripheral Vascular Disease of the Lower Extremities. , 2013, , 287-302.		5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
153	Transient Ischemic Attack and Minor Stroke Are the Most Common Manifestations of Acute Cerebrovascular Disease: A Prospective, Population-Based Study – The Aarhus TIA Study. <i>Neuroepidemiology</i> , 2013, 40, 50-55.	1.1	50
154	Differences of Ankle-Brachial Index according to Ischemic Stroke Subtypes: The Peripheral Artery Disease in Korean Patients with Ischemic Stroke (PIPE) Study. <i>European Neurology</i> , 2013, 69, 179-184.	0.6	10
155	Associations of Candidate Biomarkers of Vascular Disease with the Ankle-Brachial Index and Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 26, 495-502.	1.0	31
156	Co-delivery of <i>G-CSF</i> and <i>EPO</i> Released From Fibrin Gel for Therapeutic Neovascularization in Rat Hindlimb Ischemia Model. <i>Microcirculation</i> , 2013, 20, 416-424.	1.0	8
157	Does measurement of ankle-brachial index contribute to prediction of adverse health outcomes in older Chinese people?. <i>Internal Medicine Journal</i> , 2013, 43, 1017-1023.	0.5	4
158	Diagnosis and Treatment of Peripheral Arterial Disease in CKD Patients. <i>Seminars in Dialysis</i> , 2013, 26, 240-251.	0.7	2
159	Task force on. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2013, 14, 757-766.	0.6	88
160	Effects of the Ankle-brachial Blood Pressure Index and Skin Perfusion Pressure on Mortality in Hemodialysis Patients. <i>Internal Medicine</i> , 2013, 52, 2417-2421.	0.3	11
161	Correlation between plasma lipoprotein-associated phospholipase A2 and peripheral arterial disease. <i>Experimental and Therapeutic Medicine</i> , 2013, 5, 1451-1455.	0.8	5
162	Optimal management of infrainguinal arterial occlusive disease. <i>Vascular Health and Risk Management</i> , 2014, 10, 599.	1.0	16
163	Ankle-Brachial Index and Neurologic Deterioration in Acute Ischemic Stroke. <i>Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases</i> , 2014, 23, 2506-2510.	0.7	6
164	Impact of weight loss on ankle-brachial index and interartery blood pressures. <i>Obesity</i> , 2014, 22, 1032-1041.	1.5	6
165	Chapter 2. Measurement and clinical evaluation of blood pressure. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2014, 37, 266-278.	1.5	15
166	25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Ankle-Brachial Blood Pressure Index in Adults without Peripheral Artery Disease. <i>Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2014, 7, 391-395.	1.5	6
167	Ankle-brachial index predicts stroke in the general population in addition to classical risk factors. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 233, 545-550.	0.4	36
168	ABI and stroke: Action at a distance and a call to action. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 234, 73-74.	0.4	5
169	Joint British Societies™ consensus recommendations for the prevention of cardiovascular disease (JBS3). <i>Heart</i> , 2014, 100, ii1-ii67.	1.2	441
170	Autonomic dysfunction and arterial stiffness in female overactive bladder patients and antimuscarinics related effects. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2014, 79, 65-69.	1.0	20

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
171	Coronary Artery Calcification, Intima-Media Thickness, and Ankle-Brachial Index Are Complementary Stroke Predictors. <i>Stroke</i> , 2014, 45, 2702-2709.	1.0	20
172	Vascular Risk Factor Burden, Atherosclerosis, and Functional Dependence in Old Age: A Population-Based Study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2014, 21, 597-604.	0.8	15
173	Prevalence of lower extremity Peripheral artery disease among adult diabetes patients in Southwestern Uganda. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2014, 14, 75.	0.7	28
174	Serum Thyrotropin Concentrations Are Not Associated with the Ankle-Brachial Index: Results from Three Population-Based Studies. <i>European Thyroid Journal</i> , 2015, 4, 101-107.	1.2	3
175	Ankle-brachial index and inter-arm artery blood pressure differences as predictors of cognitive function in overweight and obese older adults with diabetes: results from the Action for Health in Diabetes movement and memory study. <i>International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 30, 999-1007.	1.3	5
176	Prognostic Value of the Ankle-Brachial Index in Patients Undergoing Drug-Eluting Stent Implantation. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2015, 22, 27-37.	0.9	7
177	Residual Cardiovascular Risk in Individuals on Blood Pressure-Lowering Treatment. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2015, 4, .	1.6	39
178	Massively parallel models of the human circulatory system. , 2015, , .		39
179	Cohort Profile: The Framingham Heart Study (FHS): overview of milestones in cardiovascular epidemiology. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015, 44, 1800-1813.	0.9	269
180	Pooled Analysis of the CONFIRM Registries. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2015, 22, 57-62.	0.8	17
181	Co-existence of vascular disease in different arterial beds: Peripheral artery disease and carotid artery stenosis – Data from Life Line Screening®. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 241, 687-691.	0.4	45
182	Epidemiology of Peripheral Artery Disease. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2015, 116, 1509-1526.	2.0	1,212
183	Systematic Review of Association Between Low Ankle-Brachial Index and All-Cause Cardiovascular, or Non-cardiovascular Mortality. <i>Cell Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2015, 73, 571-575.	0.9	24
184	Interarm differences in systolic blood pressure and the risk of dementia and subclinical brain injury. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2016, 12, 438-445.	0.4	11
185	Changes in the ankle-brachial blood pressure index among hemodialysis patients. <i>Renal Replacement Therapy</i> , 2016, 2, .	0.3	2
186	Advances in our understanding of the influence of gender on patient outcomes with peripheral arterial disease co-occurring with diabetes. <i>Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2016, 11, 271-279.	1.2	4
187	The Risk of Disease Progression in Peripheral Arterial Disease is Higher than Expected: A Meta-Analysis of Mortality and Disease Progression in Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2016, 51, 395-403.	0.8	198
188	Pulse Waves in the Lower Extremities as a Diagnostic Tool of Peripheral Arterial Disease and Predictor of Mortality in Elderly Chinese. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2016, 67, 527-534.	1.3	32

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
189	Modifiable Risk Factors and Determinants of Stroke. , 2016, , 217-233.		2
190	Lower Extremity Peripheral Artery Disease and Quality of Life Among Older Individuals in the Community. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017, 6, .	1.6	59
191	Presenting symptoms, pre-hospital delay time and 28-day case fatality in patients with peripheral arterial disease and acute myocardial infarction from the MONICA/KORA Myocardial Infarction Registry. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 265-273.	0.8	13
192	Intermittent claudication and severe renal artery stenosis are independently associated in hypertensive patients referred for renal arteriography. <i>Clinics</i> , 2017, 72, 411-414.	0.6	0
193	Influence of Dietary Patterns and Inflammatory Markers on Atherosclerosis Using Ankle Brachial Index as a Surrogate. <i>Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging</i> , 2018, 22, 619-626.	1.5	7
194	Quiescent-Interval Single-Shot Magnetic Resonance Angiography. <i>Diagnostics</i> , 2018, 8, 84.	1.3	6
195	Ankle-Brachial Index as a Predictor for Cardiovascular Disease in Postmenopausal Women. <i>Indian Journal of Cardiovascular Disease in Women WINCARS</i> , 2019, 04, 015-019.	0.1	0
196	Peripheral Artery Disease and African Americans: Review of the Literature. <i>Current Cardiovascular Risk Reports</i> , 2019, 13, 1.	0.8	5
197	Impact of Body Mass Index on the Association of Ankle-Brachial Index With All-Cause and Cardiovascular Mortality. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings Innovations, Quality &amp; Outcomes</i> , 2019, 3, 409-417.	1.2	0
198	Searching for the Genetic Determinants of Peripheral Arterial Disease. <i>Cardiology in Review</i> , 2019, 27, 145-152.	0.6	2
199	Arterial stiffness and 5-year mortality in patients with peripheral arterial disease. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2020, 34, 505-511.	1.0	10
200	Changes in exercise capacity and risk of all-cause mortality in patients with peripheral artery disease: a 10-year retrospective cohort study. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2020, 15, 289-298.	1.0	22
201	Prevalence of Lower Extremity Arterial Disease as Measured by Low Ankle-Brachial Index in Patients with Acute Cerebral Ischemic Events. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020, 9, 3265.	1.0	1
202	Premature Parental Cardiovascular Disease and Subclinical Disease Burden in the Offspring. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e015406.	1.6	3
203	Chronic Lower Extremity Ischemia and Its Association with the Frailty Syndrome in Patients with Diabetes. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 9339.	1.2	28
204	Predictive value of ankle-brachial index for long-term events of ischemic stroke in hemodialysis patients. <i>Vascular</i> , 2021, 29, 119-125.	0.4	1
205	The ankle-brachial index and risk of incident stroke in Chinese hypertensive population without Atrial fibrillation: A cross-sectional study. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2021, 23, 114-121.	1.0	6
207	Utility of Alternative Ankle Brachial Pressure Index for Screening Asymptomatic Peripheral Arterial Diseases in Patients with Acute Myocardial Infarction and Cerebrovascular Accident. <i>Journal of Evolution of Medical and Dental Sciences</i> , 2021, 10, 684-688.	0.1	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
208	Abnormal vascular physiology in the lower extremities as a risk factor for ischemic stroke and mortality. <i>Journal of Osteopathic Medicine</i> , 2021, 121, 463-470.	0.4	2
210	Lower Extremity Arterial Disease as a Predictor of Incident Atrial Fibrillation and Cardiovascular Events. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2021, 96, 1175-1183.	1.4	3
211	Effects of supervised exercise therapy on blood pressure and heart rate during exercise, and associations with improved walking performance in peripheral artery disease: Results of a randomized clinical trial. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2021, 74, 1589-1600.e4.	0.6	7
212	Risk Factors and Prevention. , 2022, , 187-206.e6.		0
213	Epidemiology of Stroke. , 2011, , 198-218.		2
214	Prevalence and risk factors associated with peripheral arterial disease in an adult population from Colombia. <i>Archivos De Cardiologia De Mexico</i> , 2018, 88, 107-115.	0.1	5
215	Evidence-Based Medical Management of Peripheral Artery Disease. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2020, 40, 541-553.	1.1	94
216	2018 Chinese Guidelines for Prevention and Treatment of Hypertension-A report of the Revision Committee of Chinese Guidelines for Prevention and Treatment of Hypertension. <i>Journal of Geriatric Cardiology</i> , 2019, 16, 182-241.	0.2	380
217	Doensa arterial obstrutiva perifrica e ndice tornozelo-brao em pacientes submetidos  angiografia coronariana. <i>Brazilian Journal of Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , 2007, 22, 49-59.	0.2	13
218	Prevalence, clinical significance, and management of peripheral arterial disease in women: is there a role for postmenopausal hormone therapy?. <i>Vascular Health and Risk Management</i> , 2005, 1, 111-117.	1.0	8
219	Imaging Subclinical Atherosclerosis: Where Do We Stand?. <i>Current Cardiology Reviews</i> , 2016, 13, 47-55.	0.6	17
220	Osteoprotegerin as a marker of atherosclerosis in type 1 and type 2 diabetic patients. <i>Turkish Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2015, 45, 1306-1311.	0.4	3
221	The clinical presentation of peripheral arterial disease and guidance for early recognition.. <i>Cleveland Clinic Journal of Medicine</i> , 2006, 73, S15-S15.	0.6	10
222	Is the peripheral arterial disease in low risk type 2 diabetic patients influenced by body mass index, lipidemic control, and statins?. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics</i> , 2016, 7, 87.	0.2	3
223	Ankle-brachial index and brachial-ankle pulse wave velocity are risk factors for ischemic stroke in patients with Type 2 diabetes. <i>Neural Regeneration Research</i> , 2017, 12, 1853.	1.6	10
224	A study of prevalence and association of risk factors for diabetic vasculopathy in an urban area of Gujarat. <i>Journal of Family Medicine and Primary Care</i> , 2013, 2, 360.	0.3	10
225	Ankle-brachial index as a predictor of coronary disease events in elderly patients submitted to coronary angiography. <i>Clinics</i> , 2013, 68, 1481-1487.	0.6	18
226	Disparate effects of ankle-brachial index on mortality in the very old™ and younger old™ populations-the PolSenior survey. <i>Heart and Vessels</i> , 2022, 37, 665-672.	0.5	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
227	Overview of PAD Treatment in the CKD Population: Indications, Medical Strategies, and Endovascular Techniques. , 2022, , 45-51.		0
228	Noninvasive Screening and Testing for PAD in CKD Patients. , 2022, , 39-44.		0
229	Ankle-brachial index and subsequent risk of incident and recurrent cardiovascular events in older adults: The Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) study. Atherosclerosis, 2021, 336, 39-47.	0.4	11
230	Ankle-brachial index as a method of assessment of subclinical target organ damage in hypertension. Arterial Hypertension (Russian Federation), 2007, 13, 295-296.	0.1	0
231	Risk Factors for Peripheral Arterial Disease in United States Asymptomatic Patients Aged 40 – 69 and Asymptomatic Patients Aged ≥ 70: Results from NHANES 1999-2004. Internet Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 7, .	0.2	2
233	Economic Impact of CLI. , 2009, , 268-274.		0
234	From Vulnerable Plaque to Vulnerable Patient – Part III. , 2011, , 517-535.		0
235	Influence of ankle-brachial blood pressure index(ABI) on mortality and cause of death. Nihon Toseki Igakkai Zasshi, 2011, 45, 157-162.	0.2	4
236	Cross-Sectional Relations of Arterial Stiffness and Inflammatory Markers in Korean Adults Aged 50 Years and Older. Journal of Agricultural Medicine and Community Health, 2011, 36, 101-112.	0.2	1
237	A One-day Large-scale Vascular Screening for Peripheral Arterial Disease. The Journal of Japanese College of Angiology, 2012, 52, 303-308.	0.1	0
240	Overview of PAD Treatment in the CKD Population: Indications, Medical Strategies, and Endovascular Techniques. , 2014, , 41-47.		0
241	Noninvasive Screening and Testing for PAD in CKD Patients. , 2014, , 35-40.		0
242	Title is missing!. Nihon Toseki Igakkai Zasshi, 2016, 49, 669-676.	0.2	2
243	Segmental Doppler Pressures and Doppler Waveform Analysis in Peripheral Vascular Disease of the Lower Extremities. , 2017, , 319-336.		0
245	Risk factors for asymptomatic peripheral arterial disease in Korean population: lessons from a community-based screening. Annals of Surgical Treatment and Research, 2019, 97, 210.	0.4	5
246	DEGREE OF SUSPICION OF PERIPHERAL ARTERY DISEASE AMONG GERIATRICS AND POLICEMEN IN ILIGAN CITY, PHILIPPINES. Belitung Nursing Journal, 2019, 5, 83-91.	0.4	0
247	Epidemiology of peripheral artery disease in Palestine. Vasa - European Journal of Vascular Medicine, 2020, 49, 323-329.	0.6	2
248	Basic Study of the Ankle Brachial Index of the Elderly Requiring Long-term Care or Support Undergoing Ambulatory Rehabilitation. Rigakuryoho Kagaku, 2020, 35, 685-688.	0.0	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
249	Relation of ankle brachial index to left ventricular ejection fraction in non-diabetic individuals. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular and Thoracic Research</i> , 2011, 3, 109-12.	0.3	1
250	Ankle-Brachial Index as a Prognostic Factor and Screening Tool in Coronary Artery Disease: Does it Work?. <i>The Journal of Tehran Heart Center</i> , 2014, 9, 174-8.	0.3	0
251	Lower ankle-brachial index is associated with poor sleep quality in patients with essential hypertension. <i>American Journal of Cardiovascular Disease</i> , 2015, 5, 77-82.	0.5	3
252	Risk factors and pharmacological therapy in patients with vascular disease. , 2022, , 11-24.		0
253	Ankle-Brachial Index Is Independently Associated With Cardiovascular Outcomes and Foot Ulcers in Asian Patients With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2021, 12, 752995.	1.5	5
254	Segmental Doppler Pressures and Doppler Waveform Analysis in Peripheral Vascular Disease of the Lower Extremities. , 2022, , 489-512.		0
255	Ankle- and Toe-Brachial Index for Peripheral Artery Disease Identification: Unlocking Clinical Data Through Novel Methods. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Interventions</i> , 2022, 15, CIRCINTERVENTIONS121011092.	1.4	1
256	A comprehensive review on antithrombotic therapy for peripheral artery disease. <i>Seminars in Vascular Surgery</i> , 2022, 35, 124-131.	1.1	9
258	Notable paradoxical phenomena in associations between cardiovascular health score, subclinical and clinical cardiovascular disease in the community: The Framingham Heart Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0267267.	1.1	1
259	Impact of mirabegron versus solifenacin on autonomic function and arterial stiffness in female overactive bladder syndrome: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, .	1.6	3
260	Prognostic Value of Ankle-Brachial Index in Prediction of Cardiovascular Events in an Asian Population with Multiple Atherosclerotic Risk Factors. <i>Angiology</i> , 0, , 000331972211247.	0.8	2
261	Plasma Gut Microbe-Derived Metabolites Associated with Peripheral Artery Disease and Major Adverse Cardiac Events. <i>Microorganisms</i> , 2022, 10, 2065.	1.6	8
262	The effect of previous strokes on the relationship between ankle-brachial index determinations and incident strokes: A population-based, longitudinal prospective study in older adults. <i>Vascular</i> , 0, , 170853812211358.	0.4	0
263	Validation of the Ischaemia Severity Scale (ISS) Based on Non-Invasive Vascular Assessments (SEWSS) for Predicting Outcomes of Diabetic Foot Attack. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2022, 11, 7195.	1.0	2
264	The Association Between Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Fatty Liver Disease and Peripheral Arterial Disease in the Chinese Population. <i>Diabetes, Metabolic Syndrome and Obesity: Targets and Therapy</i> , 0, Volume 16, 373-384.	1.1	0