

# Association of Education and Income with Estrogen Receptor-Positive Breast Cancer

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Obesity and breast cancer risk. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 1997, 12, 116-125.	0.4	34
2	Estrogen receptor status of breast cancer: a marker of different stages of tumor or different entities of the disease?. <i>Medical Hypotheses</i> , 1997, 49, 69-75.	0.8	25
3	Avoidable Causes of Breast Cancer: The Known, Unknown, and the Suspected. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1997, 833, 112-128.	1.8	15
4	Socioeconomic factors and breast carcinoma in multicultural women. , 2000, 88, 1256-1264.		151
5	Prognostic factors in women with breast cancer: distribution by socioeconomic status and effect on differences in survival. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2001, 55, 308-315.	2.0	134
6	Can Obesity Explain the Racial Difference in Stage of Breast Cancer at Diagnosis between Black and White Women?. <i>Journal of Women's Health and Gender-Based Medicine</i> , 2002, 11, 527-536.	1.7	45
7	Disaggregating the Effects of Race and Poverty on Breast Cancer Outcomes. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2002, 94, 471-473.	3.0	69
8	Impact of Sociodemographic Factors, Hormone Receptor Status, and Tumor Grade on Ethnic Differences in Tumor Stage and Size for Breast Cancer in US Women. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2002, 155, 534-545.	1.6	100
9	Some Perspective on Black-White Cancer Statistics. <i>Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians</i> , 2002, 52, 322-325.	157.7	23
10	Body mass and stage of breast cancer at diagnosis. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2002, 98, 279-283.	2.3	148
11	Race, socioeconomic status, and breast carcinoma in the U.S.. <i>Cancer</i> , 2002, 95, 1988-1999.	2.0	83
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16	Racial differences in diagnosis, treatment, and clinical delays in a population-based study of patients with newly diagnosed breast carcinoma. <i>Cancer</i> , 2004, 100, 1595-1604.	2.0	183
17	Race modifies the association between breast carcinoma pathologic prognostic indicators and the positive status for HER-2/neu. <i>Cancer</i> , 2005, 104, 2189-2196.	2.0	16
18	The relation between socioeconomic and demographic factors and tumour stage in women diagnosed with breast cancer in Denmark, 1983â€“1999. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2006, 95, 653-659.	2.9	71
19	Social class is an important and independent prognostic factor of breast cancer mortality. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2006, 119, 1145-1151.	2.3	90

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20	Origins of socio-economic inequalities in cancer survival: a review. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2006, 17, 5-19.	0.6	550
21	Ethnic Disparities in Breast Cancer. <i>Women's Health</i> , 2007, 3, 679-688.	0.7	8
22	Prostate Cancer and Race. <i>Current Problems in Cancer</i> , 2007, 31, 211-225.	1.0	34
23	Thirty-year follow-up of chemo/hormonal therapy in node-positive breast cancer. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2007, 102, 301-312.	1.1	8
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25	Prognostic factors in women with breast cancer: inequalities by ethnicity and socioeconomic position in New Zealand. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2008, 19, 403-411.	0.8	18
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57	An assessment of progress in cancer control. <i>Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians</i> , 2018, 68, 329-339.	157.7	145
58	The hispanic landscape of triple negative breast cancer. <i>Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology</i> , 2020, 155, 103094.	2.0	11
59	Factors associated with being diagnosed with high severity of breast cancer: a population-based study in Queensland, Australia. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2020, 184, 937-950.	1.1	4
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62	Socioeconomic factors and breast carcinoma in multicultural women. <i>Cancer</i> , 2000, 88, 1256-1264.	2.0	112
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