

Evaluation of the developmental toxicity of five compounds in a
teratogenesis assay: *Xenopus* (FETAX) and a metabolic assay

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Analysis of the mechanism of isoniazid-induced developmental toxicity with frog embryo teratogenesis assay: <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX). <i>Teratogenesis, Carcinogenesis, and Mutagenesis</i> , 1990, 10, 463-476.	0.8	25
2	Initial evaluation of developmental malformation as an end point in mixture toxicity hazard assessment for aquatic vertebrates. <i>Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety</i> , 1991, 21, 215-226.	6.0	23
3	Developmental toxicology of potato alkaloids in the frog embryo teratogenesis assay— <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX). <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 1991, 29, 537-547.	3.6	103
4	Assessing the Efficacy of an Aroclor 1254—Induced Exogenous Metabolic Activation System for Fetax. <i>Drug and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 1991, 14, 143-160.	2.3	33
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6	Altered developmental toxicity caused by three carrier solvents. <i>Journal of Applied Toxicology</i> , 1991, 11, 253-260.	2.8	19
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8	Evaluation of Acetaminophen-Induced Developmental Toxicity Using Fetax. <i>Drug and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 1992, 15, 329-350.	2.3	37
9	Teratogenic assessment of four solvents using the frog embryo teratogenesis assay— <i>xenopus</i> (FETAX). <i>Journal of Applied Toxicology</i> , 1992, 12, 49-56.	2.8	42
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11	Lethality, teratogenicity and growth inhibition of heptanol in <i>Xenopus</i> assayed by a modified frog embryo teratogenesis assay- <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX) procedure. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 1994, 151, 1-8.	8.0	35
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13	Heavy metals and pesticides in anuran spawn and tadpoles, water, and sediment. <i>Toxicological and Environmental Chemistry</i> , 1995, 50, 131-155.	1.2	21
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15	Adverse reproductive and developmental effects in <i>Xenopus</i> from insufficient boron. <i>Biological Trace Element Research</i> , 1998, 66, 237-259.	3.5	73
16	Evaluation of the Developmental Toxicity of Caffeine and Caffeine Metabolites using the Frog Embryo Teratogenesis Assay— <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX). <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 1998, 36, 591-600.	3.6	18
17	Phase III Interlaboratory Study of Fetax, Part 2: Interlaboratory Validation of an Exogenous Metabolic Activation System for Frog Embryo Teratogenesis Assay- <i>Xenopus</i> (Fetax). <i>Drug and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 1998, 21, 1-14.	2.3	46
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21	Phase III interlaboratory study of FETAX part 3. FETAX validation using 12 compounds with and without an exogenous metabolic activation system. Journal of Applied Toxicology, 1999, 19, 447-472.	2.8	55
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23	Effect of boron deprivation on reproductive parameters in <i>Xenopus laevis</i> . Journal of Trace Elements in Experimental Medicine, 1999, 12, 187-204.	0.8	20
24	Chronic Feeding of a Low Boron Diet Adversely Affects Reproduction and Development in <i>Xenopus laevis</i> . Journal of Nutrition, 1999, 129, 2055-2060.	2.9	69
25	Evaluation of the developmental toxicity of thalidomide using frog embryo teratogenesis assay? <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX): biotransformation and detoxification. Teratogenesis, Carcinogenesis, and Mutagenesis, 2000, 20, 35-47.	0.8	25
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30	Ecotoxicological soil evaluation by FETAX. Chemosphere, 2000, 41, 1621-1628.	8.2	27
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32	Evaluation of a reproductive toxicity assay using <i>Xenopus laevis</i> : boric acid, cadmium and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether. Journal of Applied Toxicology, 2001, 21, 41-52.	2.8	33
33	OPTIMIZATION OF AN EXOGENOUS METABOLIC ACTIVATION SYSTEM FOR FETAX. I. POST-ISOLATION RAT LIVER MICROSOME MIXTURES. Drug and Chemical Toxicology, 2001, 24, 103-115.	2.3	8
34	Enhancing the predictive validity of Frog Embryo Teratogenesis Assay? <i>Xenopus</i> (FETAX). Journal of Applied Toxicology, 2002, 22, 185-191.	2.8	35
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38	APPLICATION OF FROG EMBRYO TERATOGENESIS ASSAY-XENOPUS TO ECOLOGICAL RISK ASSESSMENT. <i>Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry</i> , 2005, 24, 2677.	4.3	66
39	Aryl Hydrocarbon Receptors in the Frog <i>Xenopus laevis</i> : Two AhR1 Paralogs Exhibit Low Affinity for 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-Dioxin (TCDD). <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2005, 88, 60-72.	3.1	58
40	A toxicity and hazard assessment of fourteen pharmaceuticals to <i>Xenopus laevis</i> larvae. <i>Ecotoxicology</i> , 2006, 15, 647-656.	2.4	104
41	In vitro embryotoxicity testing. , 2011, , 147-157.		4
42	Gene expression of heat shock protein 70, interleukin-1 β and tumor necrosis factor α as tools to identify immunotoxic effects on <i>Xenopus laevis</i> : A dose-response study with benzo[a]pyrene and its degradation products. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2012, 160, 28-33.	7.5	13
43	Mixtures of Chemical Pollutants at European Legislation Safety Concentrations: How Safe Are They?. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2014, 141, 218-233.	3.1	108
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45	Pluripotent Stem Cells in Developmental Toxicity Testing: A Review of Methodological Advances. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2018, 165, 31-39.	3.1	56
46	Xenbase: Facilitating the Use of <i>Xenopus</i> to Model Human Disease. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2019, 10, 154.	2.8	61
47	An aryl hydrocarbon receptor from the caecilian <i>Gymnopsis multiplicata</i> suggests low dioxin affinity in the ancestor of all three amphibian orders. <i>General and Comparative Endocrinology</i> , 2020, 299, 113592.	1.8	3
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50	Chemical Mixture Toxicity Assessment Using an Alternative-Species Model: Applications, Opportunities, and Perspectives. , 1994, , 539-563.		5
51	Enhanced frog embryo teratogenesis assay. , 2005, , .		1
53	Assessment of Food Safety. , 1991, , 113-133.		0
59	Evaluation of E330-induced developmental toxicity using FETAX. <i>Turkish Journal of Biology</i> , 0, , .	0.8	4
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