

Factors in *Pinus ponderosa* and *Calocedrus decurrens* n

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Citation Report

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Vegetation dynamics: patterns in time and space. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 1988, 77, 7-19.	1.2	127
2	Foliar injury responses of ponderosa pine seedlings to ozone, wet and dry acidic deposition, and drought. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 1992, 32, 101-113.	4.2	48
3	Enlargement of canopy gaps associated with a fungal pathogen in Yosemite Valley, California. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2000, 30, 1501-1510.	1.7	27
4	Interactions among fire, insects and pathogens in coniferous forests of the interior western United States and Canada. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2006, 8, 167-189.	1.3	228
5	Chapter 13 Wood-decay basidiomycetes in boreal forests: Distribution and community development. <i>British Mycological Society Symposia Series</i> , 2008, , 239-262.	0.5	19
6	Twentieth-century decline of large-diameter trees in Yosemite National Park, California, USA. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 257, 2296-2307.	3.2	93
7	Can low-severity fire reverse compositional change in montane forests of the Sierra Nevada, California, USA?. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01484.	2.2	21
8	Vegetation dynamics: patterns in time and space. , 1988, , 7-19.		18