

A high prevalence of diabetes in a rural village in Papua

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Bacterial infections among patients with diabetes in Papua New Guinea. Medical Journal of Australia, 1989, 150, 25-28.	1.7	6
2	The epidemiology and natural history of niddmâ€“lessons from the South Pacific. Diabetes/metabolism Reviews, 1990, 6, 91-124.	0.3	173
3	Extraordinary prevalence of nonâ€“insulinâ€“dependent diabetes mellitus and bimodal plasma glucose distribution in the Wanigela people of Papua New Guinea. Medical Journal of Australia, 1994, 160, 767-774.	1.7	66
4	Health Status Comparison by Urinalysis (Dipstick Test) Among Four Populations in Papua New Guinea. Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health, 1994, 7, 165-172.	1.0	2
5	Incidence of NIDDM and the natural history of IGT in Pacific and Indian Ocean populations. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 1996, 34, S45-S50.	2.8	25
6	Medicinal plants of India with anti-diabetic potential. Journal of Ethnopharmacology, 2002, 81, 81-100.	4.1	1,194
7	Prevalence of non-communicable disease risk factors in three sites across Papua New Guinea: a cross-sectional study. BMJ Global Health, 2017, 2, e000221.	4.7	26
8	Prevalence of non-communicable diseases and their risk factors in Papua New Guinea: A systematic review. SAGE Open Medicine, 2020, 8, 205031212097384.	1.8	7
9	Approach to Phytochemistry and Mechaniam of Action of Plants having Antidiabetic Activity. Pharmaceutical and Biosciences Journal, 0, , 82-120.	0.5	4
10	Glucose tolerance in Papua New Guinea: ethnic differences, association with environmental and behavioural factors and the possible emergence of glucose intolerance in a highland community. Medical Journal of Australia, 1989, 151, 204-210.	1.7	37