AIDS in Papua New Guinea: situation in the Pacific

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Citation Report

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Concurrent sexual partnerships help to explain Africa's high HIV prevalence: implications for prevention. Lancet, The, 2004, 364, 4-6.	13.7	286
2	AIDS vaccine efficacy trials: expand capacity and prioritize. Expert Review of Vaccines, 2006, 5, 167-170.	4.4	11
3	Haemophilus ducreyi Causing Chronic Skin Ulceration in Children Visiting Samoa. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2007, 44, e85-e87.	5.8	59
4	Epilogue: Homegrown in PNG — Rural Responses to HIV and AIDS. Oceania, 2007, 77, 72-94.	0.3	17
5	The Prevalence of Sexually Transmitted Infections in Papua New Guinea: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e15586.	2.5	65
6	Social, cultural and political factors in the design of HIV programmes with Papuan highland communities. Culture, Health and Sexuality, 2011, 13, S185-S199.	1.8	10
7	Contextualising the AIDS epidemic in the South Pacific: orthodoxies, estimates and evidence. Australian Journal of International Affairs, 2011, 65, 185-202.	1.5	2
8	The HIV Epidemic in Papua New Guinea. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2011, 58, e48-e51.	2.1	12
9	Understanding the Context of Providing HIV Prevention and Treatment in Papua New Guinea. Journal of Transcultural Nursing, 2011, 22, 88-94.	1.3	3
10	A typology of penile cutting in Papua New Guinea: results of a modified Delphi study among sexual health specialists. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2012, 24, 77-86.	1.2	18
11	More than just a cut: a qualitative study of penile practices and their relationship to masculinity, sexuality and contagion and their implications for HIV prevention in Papua New Guinea. BMC International Health and Human Rights, 2012, 12, 10.	2.5	20
12	"Now we are in a different time; various bad diseases have come." understanding men's acceptability of male circumcision for HIV prevention in a moderate prevalence setting. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 67.	2.9	28
13	Foreskin cutting beliefs and practices and the acceptability of male circumcision for HIV prevention in Papua New Guinea. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 818.	2.9	21
14	Researching male circumcision for HIV prevention in Papua New Guinea: a process that incorporates science, faith and culture. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2013, 11, 44.	2.8	9
15	Women and HIV in a moderate prevalence setting: an integrative review. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 552.	2.9	9
16	Men in Papua New Guinea Accurately Report Their Circumcision Status. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0123429.	2.5	4