

# Does Direct Benefit Transfer Improve Outcomes Among Mixed-Methods Study on the Need for a Review of the C

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	“I lost my faith and stopped taking the medicines” need for an intervention model based on health belief constructs for improving adherence to tuberculosis treatment. Journal of Family Medicine and Primary Care, 2022, 11, 3006.	0.9	2
2	Is It The Right Time for India to Move From Targeted Cash Transfers to Universal Cash Transfers for Patients with Tuberculosis?. National Journal of Community Medicine, 2022, 13, 494-495.	0.2	3
3	Dissaving In the Era of “Free” Care for Tuberculosis (TB): A Qualitative Exploration of Financial Coping and Enablers Among Patients with Co-Prevalent TB-HIV/ TB-Diabetes in Bhavnagar Region, Western India. National Journal of Community Medicine, 2022, 13, 629-635.	0.2	0
4	A sequential explanatory mixed-methods study on costs incurred by patients with tuberculosis comorbid with diabetes in Bhavnagar, western India. Scientific Reports, 2023, 13, .	3.3	2
5	Snakebite care through the first two waves of COVID-19 in West Bengal, India: A qualitative study. Toxicon: X, 2023, , 100157.	2.9	0
6	Experiences of conditional and unconditional cash transfers intended for improving health outcomes and health service use: a qualitative evidence synthesis. The Cochrane Library, 2023, 2023, .	2.8	3
7	Direct benefit transfer for nutritional support of patients with TB in India—analysis of national TB program data of 3.7 million patients, 2018–2022. BMC Public Health, 2024, 24, .	2.9	0