## Zhengchun Lu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Neutralization of SARS-CoV-2 variants by convalescent and BNT162b2 vaccinated serum. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 5135.	12.8	107
2	Formation of the Arterivirus Replication/Transcription Complex: a Key Role for Nonstructural Protein 3 in the Remodeling of Intracellular Membranes. Journal of Virology, 2008, 82, 4480-4491.	3.4	67
3	Development and Evaluation of One-Step TaqMan Real-Time Reverse Transcription-PCR Assays Targeting Nucleoprotein, Matrix, and Hemagglutinin Genes of Equine Influenza Virus. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2009, 47, 3907-3913.	3.9	39
4	Molecular epidemiology and genetic characterization of equine arteritis virus isolates associated with the 2006-2007 multi-state disease occurrence in the USA. Journal of General Virology, 2010, 91, 2286-2301.	2.9	35
5	New Real-Time PCR Assay Using Allelic Discrimination for Detection and Differentiation of Equine Herpesvirus-1 Strains with A <sub>2254</sub> and G <sub>2254</sub> Polymorphisms. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2012, 50, 1981-1988.	3.9	32
6	Comparison of two real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction assays for the detection of <i>Equine arteritis virus</i> nucleic acid in equine semen and tissue culture fluid. Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation, 2008, 20, 147-155.	1.1	31
7	Evaluation of Two Magnetic-Bead-Based Viral Nucleic Acid Purification Kits and Three Real-Time Reverse Transcription-PCR Reagent Systems in Two TaqMan Assays for Equine Arteritis Virus Detection in Semen. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2011, 49, 3694-3696.	3.9	19
8	Chimeric viruses containing the N-terminal ectodomains of GP5 and M proteins of porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus do not change the cellular tropism of equine arteritis virus. Virology, 2012, 432, 99-109.	2.4	17
9	Diagnostic Application of H3N8-Specific Equine Influenza Real-Time Reverse Transcription Polymerase Chain Reaction Assays for the Detection of Canine Influenza Virus in Clinical Specimens. Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation, 2010, 22, 942-945.	1.1	13
10	Development and Characterization of an Infectious cDNA Clone of the Modified Live Virus Vaccine Strain of Equine Arteritis Virus. Vaccine Journal, 2012, 19, 1312-1321.	3.1	12
11	Conserved Surface Residues on the Feline Calicivirus Capsid Are Essential for Interaction with Its Receptor Feline Junctional Adhesion Molecule A (fJAM-A). Journal of Virology, 2018, 92, .	3.4	12
12	Response of Stallions to Primary Immunization with a Modified Live Equine Viral Arteritis Vaccine. Journal of Equine Veterinary Science, 2011, 31, 129-138.	0.9	8
13	Establishment of Monoclonal Antibody Standards for Quantitative Serological Diagnosis of SARS-CoV-2 in Low-Incidence Settings. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2021, 8, ofab061.	0.9	8
14	Conserved arginine residues in the carboxyl terminus of the equine arteritis virus E protein may play a role in heparin binding but may not affect viral infectivity in equine endothelial cells. Archives of Virology, 2016, 161, 873-886.	2.1	6
15	Development of one-step TaqMan® real-time reverse transcription-PCR and conventional reverse transcription-PCR assays for the detection of equine rhinitis A and B viruses. BMC Veterinary Research, 2012, 8, 120.	1.9	5
16	Sequence analysis of feline immunoglobulin mRNAs and the development of a felinized monoclonal antibody specific to feline panleukopenia virus. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 12713.	3.3	2