

Jyoti N Sengupta

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

16
papers

517
citations

759233

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996975

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docs citations

16
times ranked

632
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Identification and characterization of rostral ventromedial medulla neurons synaptically connected to the urinary bladder afferents in female rats with or without neonatal cystitis. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 2022, 530, 1129-1147.	1.6	1
2	Peripheral antinociceptive effects of a bifunctional μ and δ opioid receptor ligand in rat model of inflammatory bladder pain. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2021, 196, 108701.	4.1	5
3	Sa1676 Identification and Characterization of Rvm Neurons Synaptically Linked to Both the Colon and Bladder Using Dual Transsynaptic Tracing in Rat: A Neuronal Mechanism for Pelvic Visceral Coordination. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2019, 156, S-363.	1.3	1
4	Neonatal bladder inflammation induces long-term visceral pain and altered responses of spinal neurons in adult rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 346, 349-364.	2.3	17
5	Percutaneous electrical nerve field stimulation modulates central pain pathways and attenuates post-inflammatory visceral and somatic hyperalgesia in rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 356, 11-21.	2.3	41
6	Analgesic effect of ADX71441, a positive allosteric modulator (PAM) of GABA B receptor in a rat model of bladder pain. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 126, 1-11.	4.1	8
7	MicroRNA-mediated downregulation of potassium-chloride-cotransporter and vesicular Γ^3 -aminobutyric acid transporter expression in spinal cord contributes to neonatal cystitis-induced visceral pain in rats. <i>Pain</i> , 2017, 158, 2461-2474.	4.2	27
8	Role of Principal Ionotropic and Metabotropic Receptors in Visceral Pain. <i>Journal of Neurogastroenterology and Motility</i> , 2015, 21, 147-158.	2.4	23
9	NMDA receptor mediates chronic visceral pain induced by neonatal noxious somatic stimulation. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 744, 28-35.	3.5	13
10	Analgesic effect of minocycline in rat model of inflammation-induced visceral pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 727, 87-98.	3.5	32
11	Visceral analgesic effect of 5-HT4 receptor agonist in rats involves the rostroventral medulla (RVM). <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2014, 79, 345-358.	4.1	17
12	MicroRNA-mediated GABAA α -1 receptor subunit down-regulation in adult spinal cord following neonatal cystitis-induced chronic visceral pain in rats. <i>Pain</i> , 2013, 154, 59-70.	4.2	88
13	Visceral Pain: The Neurophysiological Mechanism. <i>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology</i> , 2009, , 31-74.	1.8	151
14	Effects of the 5-HT3 receptor antagonist, alosetron, in a rat model of somatic and visceral hyperalgesia. <i>Pain</i> , 2006, 126, 54-63.	4.2	37
15	Neonatal nociceptive somatic stimulation differentially modifies the activity of spinal neurons in rats and results in altered somatic and visceral sensation. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2006, 572, 775-787.	2.9	29
16	Effect of GABA _B receptor agonist on distension-sensitive pelvic nerve afferent fibers innervating rat colon. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2002, 283, G1343-G1351.	3.4	27