

Daisy Zamora

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

31
papers

1,620
citations

430754

18
h-index

454834

30
g-index

32
all docs

32
docs citations

32
times ranked

2568
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Adjunctive Aspirin vs Placebo in Patients With Schizophrenia: Results of Two Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021, 47, 1077-1087.	2.3	16
2	Dietary alteration of n-3 and n-6 fatty acids for headache reduction in adults with migraine: randomized controlled trial. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2021, 374, n1448.	3.0	43
3	Methodology for altering omega-3 EPA+DHA and omega-6 linoleic acid as controlled variables in a dietary trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021, 40, 3859-3867.	2.3	8
4	Evaluating pimavanserin as a treatment for psychiatric disorders: A pharmacological property in search of an indication. <i>Expert Opinion on Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2021, 22, 1651-1660.	0.9	8
5	Plasma oxylipins and unesterified precursor fatty acids are altered by DHA supplementation in pregnancy: Can they help predict risk of preterm birth?. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2020, 153, 102041.	1.0	16
6	Sodium Nitroprusside Infusion for the Treatment of Schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , 2020, 1, .	0.9	2
7	Are Patients With Schizophrenia Better Off With Lifetime Antipsychotic Medication?. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 40, 145-148.	0.7	7
8	Identifying oxidized lipid mediators as prognostic biomarkers of chronic posttraumatic headache. <i>Pain</i> , 2020, 161, 2775-2785.	2.0	10
9	Effect of Adjunctive Estradiol on Schizophrenia Among Women of Childbearing Age. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 76, 1009.	6.0	23
10	Temperature and time-dependent effects of delayed blood processing on oxylipin concentrations in human plasma. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2019, 150, 31-37.	1.0	8
11	Should antipsychotic medications for schizophrenia be given for a lifetime? Replication of a naturalistic, long-term, follow-up study of antipsychotic treatment. <i>CNS Spectrums</i> , 2019, 24, 557-563.	0.7	9
12	The effect of minocycline on symptoms in schizophrenia: Results from a randomized controlled trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 206, 325-332.	1.1	31
13	Regulation of rat plasma and cerebral cortex oxylipin concentrations with increasing levels of dietary linoleic acid. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2018, 138, 71-80.	1.0	46
14	Effects of diets enriched in linoleic acid and its peroxidation products on brain fatty acids, oxylipins, and aldehydes in mice. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular and Cell Biology of Lipids</i> , 2018, 1863, 1206-1213.	1.2	27
15	Lipidomic Analysis of Oxidized Fatty Acids in Plant and Algae Oils. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2017, 65, 1941-1951.	2.4	46
16	Should Antipsychotic Medications for Schizophrenia Be Given for a Lifetime?. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 37, 125-130.	0.7	9
17	A randomized, double-blind, placebo-and risperidone-controlled study on valnoctamide for acute mania. <i>Bipolar Disorders</i> , 2017, 19, 285-294.	1.1	6
18	A systems approach for discovering linoleic acid derivatives that potentially mediate pain and itch. <i>Science Signaling</i> , 2017, 10, .	1.6	58

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19	Raloxifene Plus Antipsychotics Versus Placebo Plus Antipsychotics in Severely Ill Decompensated Postmenopausal Women With Schizophrenia or Schizoaffective Disorder. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 78, e758-e765.	1.1	41
20	Re-evaluation of the traditional diet-heart hypothesis: analysis of recovered data from Minnesota Coronary Experiment (1968-73). <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2016, 353, i1246.	3.0	266
21	Dietary linoleic acid-induced alterations in pro- and anti-nociceptive lipid autacoids. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2016, 12, 174480691663638.	1.0	44
22	Diet-Induced Changes in n-3- and n-6-Derived Endocannabinoids and Reductions in Headache Pain and Psychological Distress. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2015, 16, 707-716.	0.7	58
23	Targeted alterations in dietary n-3 and n-6 fatty acids improve life functioning and reduce psychological distress among patients with chronic headache. <i>Pain</i> , 2015, 156, 587-596.	2.0	56
24	Targeted alteration of dietary n-3 and n-6 fatty acids for the treatment of chronic headaches: A randomized trial. <i>Pain</i> , 2013, 154, 2441-2451.	2.0	147
25	Intakes of long-chain omega-3 (n ³) PUFAs and fish in relation to incidence of asthma among American young adults: the CARDIA study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 97, 173-178.	2.2	71
26	Use of dietary linoleic acid for secondary prevention of coronary heart disease and death: evaluation of recovered data from the Sydney Diet Heart Study and updated meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013, 346, e8707-e8707.	3.0	405
27	Low-n-6 and low-n-6 plus high-n-3 diets for use in clinical research. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013, 110, 559-568.	1.2	49
28	Are the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans Associated With Reduced Risk of Type 2 Diabetes and Cardiometabolic Risk Factors?. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2011, 34, 1183-1185.	4.3	36
29	Low-carbohydrate diet scores and risk of type 2 diabetes in men. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011, 94, 611.	2.2	2
30	Diet quality and weight gain among black and white young adults: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study (1985-2005). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2010, 92, 784-793.	2.2	72
31	Longitudinal Associations between Diet Quality and Obesity in the United States, 1985 through 2005: Findings from the CARDIA Study. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2007, 21, A6.	0.2	0