## Eileen K Hutton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9890838/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

93792 78623 7,029 146 39 77 citations g-index h-index papers 147 147 147 6341 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Be Healthy in Pregnancy (BHIP): A Randomized Controlled Trial of Nutrition and Exercise Intervention from Early Pregnancy to Achieve Recommended Gestational Weight Gain. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 810.	1.7	19
2	How Do Health Schemas Inform Healthy Behaviours During Pregnancy? Qualitative Findings from the Be Healthy in Pregnancy (BHIP) Study. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2022, , $1.$	0.7	O
3	Growth and body composition trajectories in infants meeting the WHO growth standards study requirements. Pediatric Research, 2022, 92, 1640-1647.	1.1	2
4	Be Healthy in Pregnancy: Exploring factors that impact pregnant women's nutrition and exercise behaviours. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2021, 17, e13068.	1.4	59
5	The cost implications of continuous glucose monitoring in pregnant women with type 1 diabetes in 3 Canadian provinces: a posthoc cost analysis of the CONCEPTT trial. CMAJ Open, 2021, 9, E627-E634.	1.1	11
6	Investigating colonization patterns of the infant gut microbiome during the introduction of solid food and weaning from breastmilk: A cohort study protocol. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0248924.	1.1	12
7	Pregnancy Outcomes and Blood Pressure Visit-to-Visit Variability and Level in Three Less-Developed Countries. Hypertension, 2021, 77, 1714-1722.	1.3	4
8	Infants' First Solid Foods: Impact on Gut Microbiota Development in Two Intercontinental Cohorts. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2639.	1.7	22
9	Blood pressure thresholds in pregnancy for identifying maternal and infant risk: a secondary analysis of Community-Level Interventions for Pre-eclampsia (CLIP) trial data. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1119-e1128.	2.9	10
10	Resident Attitudes Towards Caesarean Delivery in Canadian Obstetrics and Gynaecology Residency Programs. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2020, 42, 16-24.	0.3	3
11	Persistence of Suspected Probiotic Organisms in Preterm Infant Gut Microbiota Weeks After Probiotic Supplementation in the NICU. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2020, 11, 574137.	1.5	20
12	Metformin in women with type 2 diabetes in pregnancy (MiTy): a multicentre, international, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2020, 8, 834-844.	5 <b>.</b> 5	103
13	Understanding the conditions that influence the roles of midwives in Ontario, Canada's health system: an embedded single-case study. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 197.	0.9	9
14	A critical interpretive synthesis of the roles of midwives in health systems. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2020, 18, 77.	1.1	20
15	Development of the Microbiota and Associations With Birth Mode, Diet, and Atopic Disorders in a Longitudinal Analysis of Stool Samples, Collected From Infancy Through Early Childhood. Gastroenterology, 2020, 158, 1584-1596.	0.6	159
16	Maternal outcomes and birth interventions among women who begin labour intending to give birth at home compared to women of low obstetrical risk who intend to give birth in hospital: A systematic review and meta-analyses. EClinicalMedicine, 2020, 21, 100319.	3.2	37
17	Perinatal or neonatal mortality among women who intend at the onset of labour to give birth at home compared to women of low obstetrical risk who intend to give birth in hospital: A systematic review and meta-analyses. EClinicalMedicine, 2019, 14, 59-70.	3.2	56
18	No. 372-Statement on Planned Homebirth. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2019, 41, 223-227.	0.3	7

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Management of non-severe pregnancy hypertension – A summary of the CHIPS Trial (Control of) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314 r	gBT <sub>1</sub> /Overloc
20	Experiences regarding nutrition and exercise among women during early postpartum: a qualitative grounded theory study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 368.	0.9	32
21	N° 372 - Déclaration sur l'accouchement à domicile planifié. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2019, 41, 228-232.	0.3	0
22	Authors' reply re: Urinary stress incontinence and other maternal outcomes 2 years after caesarean or vaginal birth for twin pregnancy: a multicentre randomised trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 126, 547-547.	1.1	2
23	Birth Outcomes for Midwifery Clients Who Begin Postdates Induction of Labour Under Midwifery Care Compared With Those Who Are Transferred to Obstetrical Care. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2019, 41, 1444-1452.	0.3	3
24	Access to midwifery care for people of low socio-economic status: a qualitative descriptive study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 416.	0.9	8
25	Caution is needed when assessing results of home birth–Authors' reply. EClinicalMedicine, 2019, 16, 17.	3.2	0
26	Midwifery and obstetrics: Factors influencing mothers' satisfaction with the birth experience. Birth, 2018, 45, 322-327.	1.1	26
27	Influence of Gestational Age at Initiation of Antihypertensive Therapy. Hypertension, 2018, 71, 1170-1177.	1.3	25
28	Home birth integration into the health care systems of eleven international jurisdictions. Birth, 2018, 45, 311-321.	1.1	22
29	Sterile water injections for childbirth pain: An evidenced based guide to practice. Women and Birth, 2018, 31, 380-385.	0.9	16
30	Labour Outcomes After Successful External Cephalic Version Compared With Spontaneous Cephalic Version. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2018, 40, 61-67.	0.3	5
31	Continuous Glucose Monitoring in Pregnant Women With Type 1 Diabetes (CONCEPTT): A Multicenter International Randomised Controlled Trial. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2018, 73, 199-201.	0.2	1
32	Structured diet and exercise guidance in pregnancy to improve health in women and their offspring: study protocol for the Be Healthy in Pregnancy (BHIP) randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2018, 19, 691.	0.7	17
33	CHIPS-Child: Testing the developmental programming hypothesis in the offspring of the CHIPS trial. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2018, 14, 15-22.	0.6	4
34	Urinary stress incontinence and other maternal outcomes 2 years after caesarean or vaginal birth for twin pregnancy: a multicentre randomised trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2018, 125, 1682-1690.	1.1	22
35	Exploring health education with midwives, as perceived by pregnant women in primary care: A qualitative study in the Netherlands. Midwifery, 2017, 46, 37-44.	1.0	23
36	Clientâ€Related Factors Associated with a "Less than Good―Experience of Midwifery Care during Childbirth in the Netherlands. Birth, 2017, 44, 58-67.	1.1	28

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Association of external cephalic version before term with late preterm birth. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 998-1005.	1.3	3
38	Predictors of success of external cephalic version and cephalic presentation at birth among 1253 women with nonâ€cephalic presentation using logistic regression and classification tree analyses. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 1012-1020.	1.3	20
39	Continuous glucose monitoring in pregnant women with type 1 diabetes (CONCEPTT): a multicentre international randomised controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 2347-2359.	6.3	469
40	Collaboration of midwives in primary care midwifery practices with other maternity care providers. Midwifery, 2017, 55, 45-52.	1.0	14
41	Results of implementation of a hospitalâ€based strategy to reduce cesarean delivery among lowâ€risk women in Canada. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2017, 139, 239-244.	1.0	6
42	Health behaviour information provided to clients during midwife-led prenatal booking visits: Findings from video analyses. Midwifery, 2017, 54, 7-17.	1.0	14
43	Intrapartum antibiotics for GBS prophylaxis alter colonization patterns in the early infant gut microbiome of low risk infants. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 16527.	1.6	99
44	Student midwives' perceptions on the organisation of maternity care and alternative maternity care models in the Netherlands - a qualitative study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 24.	0.9	5
45	A qualitative interview study into experiences of management of labor pain among women in midwife-led care in the Netherlands. Journal of Psychosomatic Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 38, 94-102.	1.1	10
46	The Relationships of Health Behaviour and Psychological Characteristics with Spontaneous Preterm Birth in Nulliparous Women. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2017, 21, 873-882.	0.7	20
47	Exploring Women's Preferences for the Mode of Delivery in Twin Gestations: Results of the Twin Birth Study. Birth, 2016, 43, 285-292.	1.1	8
48	The Safety of Home Birth. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 331-336.	0.3	9
49	The Roles of Multidisciplinary Team Members in the Care of Pregnant Women. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 1068-1069.	0.3	4
50	Women's views and postpartum follow-up in the CHIPS Trial (Control of Hypertension in Pregnancy) Tj ETQq0 0	0 rgBT /0\	verlock 10 Tf
51	Les rÃ1es des membres de l'équipe multidisciplinaire dans les soins aux femmes enceintes. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 1070-1071.	0.3	0
52	The Cost Implications of Less Tight Versus Tight Control of Hypertension in Pregnancy (CHIPS Trial). Hypertension, 2016, 68, 1049-1055.	1.3	10
53	The CHIPS Randomized Controlled Trial (Control of Hypertension in Pregnancy Study). Hypertension, 2016, 68, 1153-1159.	1.3	171
54	Association Between Factor V Leiden Mutation, Small for Gestational Age, and Preterm Birth: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 897-908.	0.3	9

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	A comparison of intestinal microbiota in a population of low-risk infants exposed and not exposed to intrapartum antibiotics: The Baby & Dicrobiota of the Intestine cohort study protocol. BMC Pediatrics, 2016, 16, 183.	0.7	21
56	Authors' reply re: An observational study of the success and complications of 2546 external cephalic versions in low-risk pregnant women performed by trained midwives. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 478-478.	1.1	1
57	Can adverse maternal and perinatal outcomes be predicted when blood pressure becomes elevated? Secondary analyses from the CHIPS (Control of Hypertension In Pregnancy Study) randomized controlled trial. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2016, 95, 763-776.	1.3	10
58	The Cost Implications in Ontario, Alberta, andÂBritish Columbia of Early Versus Delayed External Cephalic Version in the Early External Cephalic Version 2 (EECV2) Trial. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 235-245.e3.	0.3	2
59	Implementation of an Interprofessional Team Review of Adverse Events in Obstetrics Using a Standardized Computer Tool: A Mixed Methods Study. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 168-176.	0.3	3
60	Perceptions of labour pain management of Dutch primary care midwives: a focus group study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2016, 16, 6.	0.9	15
61	Re: Maternal outcomes at 3 months after planned caesarean section versus planned vaginal birth for twin pregnancies in the Twin Birth Study: a randomised controlled trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 644-644.	1.1	1
62	Clients' psychosocial communication and midwives' verbal and nonverbal communication during prenatal counseling for anomaly screening. Patient Education and Counseling, 2016, 99, 85-91.	1.0	11
63	Twin Birth Study: 2-year neurodevelopmental follow-up of the randomized trial of planned cesarean or planned vaginal delivery forÂtwin pregnancy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 371.e1-371.e19.	0.7	33
64	Midwifery education in Canada. Midwifery, 2016, 33, 28-30.	1.0	11
65	Outcomes associated with planned place of birth among women with low-risk pregnancies. Cmaj, 2016, 188, E80-E90.	0.9	77
66	Less-Tight Versus Tight Control of Hypertension in Pregnancy. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2015, 70, 307-308.	0.2	1
67	Socio-demographic inequalities across a range of health status indicators and health behaviours among pregnant women in prenatal primary care: a cross-sectional study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 261.	0.9	46
68	External cephalic version for breech presentation before term. The Cochrane Library, 2015, , CD000084.	1.5	121
69	A randomized controlled trial of an intervention for infants' behavioral sleep problems. BMC Pediatrics, 2015, 15, 181.	0.7	64
70	Maternal outcomes at 3Âmonths after planned caesarean section versus planned vaginal birth for twin pregnancies in the Twin Birth Study: a randomised controlled trial. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 1653-1662.	1.1	37
71	Women's Suggestions for Improving Midwifery Care in The Netherlands. Birth, 2015, 42, 369-378.	1.1	43
72	The Importance of Evaluating Primary Midwifery Care for Improving the Health of Women and Infants. Frontiers in Medicine, 2015, 2, 17.	1.2	7

#	Article	IF	Citations
73	Career plans of primary care midwives in the Netherlands and their intentions to leave the current job. Human Resources for Health, 2015, 13, 29.	1.1	11
74	Learning from Adverse Events in Obstetrics: Is a Standardized Computer Tool an Effective Strategy for Root Cause Analysis?. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2015, 37, 728-735.	0.3	4
75	Home birth study fails to identify credentials of midwives conducting home birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 253-254.	0.7	1
76	An explorative study of factors contributing to the job satisfaction of primary care midwives. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 482-488.	1.0	44
77	Antenatal counselling for congenital anomaly tests: Pregnant Muslim Moroccan women×3s preferences. Midwifery, 2015, 31, e50-e57.	1.0	16
78	Less-Tight versus Tight Control of Hypertension in Pregnancy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 372, 407-417.	13.9	516
79	Midwives' perceptions of communication during videotaped counseling for prenatal anomaly tests: How do they relate to clients' perceptions and independent observations?. Patient Education and Counseling, 2015, 98, 588-597.	1.0	7
80	A qualitative study on how Muslim women of Moroccan descent approach antenatal anomaly screening. Midwifery, 2015, 31, e43-e49.	1.0	16
81	Factorial invariance of pregnancy-specific anxiety dimensions across nulliparous and parous pregnant women. Journal of Health Psychology, 2015, 20, 164-172.	1.3	15
82	Introducing video recording in primary care midwifery for research purposes: Procedure, dataset, and use. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 95-102.	1.0	13
83	Antenatal counselling for congenital anomaly tests: An exploratory video-observational study about client–midwife communication. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 37-46.	1.0	17
84	Chlamydia trachomatis infection during pregnancy: Knowledge, test practices, and attitudes of Dutch midwives. Scandinavian Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 46, 107-113.	1.5	3
85	Accounting for center in the Early External Cephalic Version trials: an empirical comparison of statistical methods to adjust for center in a multicenter trial with binary outcomes. Trials, 2014, 15, 377.	0.7	5
86	Randomized Trial of Planned Cesarean or Vaginal Delivery for Twin Pregnancy. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2014, 69, 61-62.	0.2	1
87	Factors associated with not using folic acid supplements preconceptionally. Public Health Nutrition, 2014, 17, 2344-2350.	1.1	23
88	Psychoeducation for pregnant women with fear of childbirth increases rates of spontaneous vaginal delivery, reduces caesarean rates and improves delivery experience. Evidence-based Nursing, 2014, 17, 105-105.	0.1	4
89	The role of religion in decision-making on antenatal screening of congenital anomalies: A qualitative study amongst Muslim Turkish origin immigrants. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 297-302.	1.0	34
90	Consequences of meconium stained amniotic fluid: What does the evidence tell us?. Early Human Development, 2014, 90, 333-339.	0.8	62

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Midwives' views on appropriate antenatal counselling for congenital anomaly tests: Do they match clients' preferences?. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 600-609.	1.0	25
92	Quality of prenatal care questionnaire: instrument development and testing. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 188.	0.9	49
93	Prenatal screening for congenital anomalies: exploring midwives' perceptions of counseling clients with religious backgrounds. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 237.	0.9	20
94	Factors affecting the uptake of prenatal screening tests for congenital anomalies; a multicentre prospective cohort study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 264.	0.9	48
95	Knowledge and acceptability of Chlamydia trachomatis screening among pregnant women and their partners; a cross-sectional study. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 704.	1.2	11
96	Protocol: systematic review and meta-analyses of birth outcomes for women who intend at the onset of labour to give birth at home compared to women of low obstetrical risk who intend to give birth in hospital. Systematic Reviews, 2014, 3, 55.	2.5	11
97	What information do Dutch midwives give clients about toxoplasmosis, listeriosis and cytomegalovirus prevention? An exploratory study of videotaped consultations. Patient Education and Counseling, 2014, 96, 29-35.	1.0	18
98	Deciding on home or hospital birth: Results of the Ontario choice of birthplace survey. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 869-876.	1.0	44
99	Maternal cytomegalovirus infection prevention: The role of Dutch primary care midwives. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 1196-1201.	1.0	18
100	Work and workload of Dutch primary care midwives in 2010. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 991-997.	1.0	17
101	What do midwives need to know about approaches of women towards labour pain management? A qualitative interview study into expectations of management of labour pain for pregnant women receiving midwife-led care in the Netherlands. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 432-438.	1.0	26
102	Observational study to assess pregnant women's knowledge and behaviour to prevent toxoplasmosis, listeriosis and cytomegalovirus. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 98.	0.9	60
103	A Randomized Trial of Planned Cesarean or Vaginal Delivery for Twin Pregnancy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2013, 369, 1295-1305.	13.9	378
104	Perinatal mortality rate in the Netherlands compared to other European countries: A secondary analysis of Euro-PERISTAT data. Midwifery, 2013, 29, 1011-1018.	1.0	31
105	Dutch women in midwife-led care at the onset of labour: which pain relief do they prefer and what do they use?. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 230.	0.9	7
106	An Observational Study of Umbilical Cord Clamping Practices of Maternity Care Providers in a Tertiary Care Center. Birth, 2013, 40, 39-45.	1.1	20
107	The Effect of Change in a Labour Management Protocol on Caesarean Section Rate in Nulliparous Women. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2013, 35, 508-514.	0.3	3
108	Mode of Delivery Following Successful External Cephalic Version: Comparison With Spontaneous Cephalic Presentations at Delivery. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2013, 35, 883-888.	0.3	18

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	Socio-Demographic and Lifestyle-Related Characteristics Associated with Self-Reported Any, Daily and Occasional Smoking during Pregnancy. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e74197.	1.1	26
110	Continuous Support During Childbirth by Maternity Care Assistants: An Exploration of Opinions in the Netherlands. International Journal of Childbirth, 2013, 3, 76-85.	0.2	1
111	Pharmacology revealed†an enhanced eâ€book for midwifery education. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 665.6.	0.2	О
112	Pharmacology revealed―an enhanced eâ€book for midwifery education. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 516.6.	0.2	0
113	Comparison of Midwifery, Family Medicine, and Obstetric Patients' Understanding of Weight Gain During Pregnancy: A Minority of Women Report Correct Counselling. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2012, 34, 129-135.	0.3	38
114	Models of Organization of Maternity Care by Midwives in Canada: A Descriptive Review. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2012, 34, 961-970.	0.3	10
115	Patientâ€Initiated Elective Cesarean Section of Nulliparous Women in British Columbia, Canada. Birth, 2012, 39, 175-182.	1.1	6
116	Women's and care providers' perspectives of quality prenatal care: a qualitative descriptive study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2012, 12, 29.	0.9	100
117	A prospective study of effects of psychological factors and sleep on obstetric interventions, mode of birth, and neonatal outcomes among low-risk British Columbian women. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2012, 12, 78.	0.9	59
118	Why home birth? A qualitative study exploring women's decision making about place of birth in two Canadian provinces. Midwifery, 2012, 28, 576-581.	1.0	59
119	Women's Experiences of Participating in the Early External Cephalic Version 2 Trial. Birth, 2012, 39, 30-38.	1.1	5
120	Evaluation of primary care midwifery in the Netherlands: design and rationale of a dynamic cohort study (DELIVER). BMC Health Services Research, 2012, 12, 69.	0.9	52
121	High Gestational Weight Gain and the Risk of Preterm Birth and Low Birth Weight: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2011, 33, 1223-1233.	0.3	54
122	Despite 2009 guidelines, few women report being counseled correctly about weight gain during pregnancy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 333.e1-333.e6.	0.7	87
123	Daytime births are associated with better perinatal outcomes in secondary and tertiary hospitals. Evidence-Based Medicine, 2011, 16, 59-60.	0.6	2
124	Influences on Decision Making Among Primiparous Women Choosing Elective Caesarean Section in the Absence of Medical Indications: Findings From a Qualitative Investigation. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2010, 32, 962-969.	0.3	21
125	Cord blood banking. Cmaj, 2009, 181, 290-290.	0.9	0
126	Childbirth Fear, Anxiety, Fatigue, and Sleep Deprivation in Pregnant Women. JOGNN - Journal of Obstetric, Gynecologic, and Neonatal Nursing, 2009, 38, 567-576.	0.2	202

#	Article	IF	Citations
127	Sterile water injection for labour pain: a systematic review and metaâ€analysis of randomised controlled trials. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1158-1166.	1.1	46
128	Outcomes Associated with Planned Home and Planned Hospital Births in Lowâ€Risk Women Attended by Midwives in Ontario, Canada, 2003–2006: A Retrospective Cohort Study. Birth, 2009, 36, 180-189.	1.1	198
129	Decision Making in Patientâ€Initiated Elective Cesarean Delivery: The Influence of Birth Stories. Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health, 2009, 54, 373-379.	0.7	62
130	Midwifery Care in Eight Industrialized Countries: How Does Canadian Midwifery Compare?. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2009, 31, 974-979.	0.3	26
131	Factors Associated With a Successful External Cephalic Version in the Esarly ECV Trial. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2008, 30, 23-28.	0.3	17
132	Psychometric evaluation of the Multidimensional Assessment of Fatigue Scale for use with pregnant and postpartum women Psychological Assessment, 2008, 20, 150-158.	1.2	48
133	Late vs Early Clamping of the Umbilical Cord in Full-term Neonates. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 297, 1241.	3.8	399
134	Factors Associated with Maternal Morbidity in the Term Breech Trial. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2007, 29, 324-330.	0.3	18
135	External cephalic version for breech presentation before term. , 2006, , CD000084.		202
136	The costs of planned cesarean versus planned vaginal birth in the Term Breech Trial. Cmaj, 2006, 174, 1109-1113.	0.9	27
137	Mothers' Views of Their Childbirth Experiences 2 Years Mter Planned Caesarean Versus Planned Vaginal Birth for Breech Presentation at Term, in the International Randomized Term Breech Trial. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2005, 27, 224-231.	0.3	18
138	Outcomes of children at 2 years after planned cesarean birth versus planned vaginal birth for breech presentation at term: The international randomized Term Breech Trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 191, 864-871.	0.7	339
139	Maternal outcomes at 2 years after planned cesarean section versus planned vaginal birth for breech presentation at term: The international randomized Term Breech Trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2004, 191, 917-927.	0.7	374
140	External cephalic version beginning at 34 weeks' gestation versus 37 weeks' gestation: A randomized multicenter trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 189, 245-254.	0.7	64
141	Cesarean delivery for twins: A systematic review and meta-analysis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 188, 220-227.	0.7	214
142	Factors associated with adverse perinatal outcome in the Term Breech Trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 189, 740-745.	0.7	89
143	The management of breech pregnancies in Australia and New Zealand. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2003, 43, 294-297.	0.4	33
144	Use of External Cephalic Version for Breech Pregnancy and Mode of Delivery for Breech and Twin Pregnancy: A Survey of Canadian Practitioners. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2002, 24, 804-810.	0.3	39

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Elective repeat cesarean delivery versus trial of labor: A meta-analysis of the literature from 1989 to 1999. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 183, 1187-1197.	0.7	311
146	An inflatable obstetric belt during labour with epidural analgesia did not reduce the rate of operative delivery. Evidence-Based Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 2, 94.	0.3	0