Piyush B Gupta

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Identification of Selective Inhibitors of Cancer Stem Cells by High-Throughput Screening. Cell, 2009, 138, 645-659.	13.5	2,200
2	Stochastic State Transitions Give Rise to Phenotypic Equilibrium in Populations of Cancer Cells. Cell, 2011, 146, 633-644.	13.5	1,334
3	The melanocyte differentiation program predisposes to metastasis after neoplastic transformation. Nature Genetics, 2005, 37, 1047-1054.	9.4	404
4	Phenotypic Plasticity: Driver of Cancer Initiation, Progression, and Therapy Resistance. Cell Stem Cell, 2019, 24, 65-78.	5.2	399
5	Genetic Predisposition Directs Breast Cancer Phenotype by Dictating Progenitor Cell Fate. Cell Stem Cell, 2011, 8, 149-163.	5.2	327
6	Epithelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition Activates PERK–eIF2α and Sensitizes Cells to Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress. Cancer Discovery, 2014, 4, 702-715.	7.7	250
7	Estrogen expands breast cancer stem-like cells through paracrine FGF/Tbx3 signaling. Proceedings of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 21737-21742.	3.3	236
8	Systemic Stromal Effects of Estrogen Promote the Growth of Estrogen Receptor–Negative Cancers. Cancer Research, 2007, 67, 2062-2071.	0.4	149
9	Defining the Essential Function of Yeast Hsf1 Reveals a Compact Transcriptional Program for Maintaining Eukaryotic Proteostasis. Molecular Cell, 2016, 63, 60-71.	4.5	143
10	The Hippo Transducer TAZ Interacts with the SWI/SNF Complex to Regulate Breast Epithelial Lineage Commitment. Cell Reports, 2014, 6, 1059-1072.	2.9	139
11	Growth of human breast tissues from patient cells in 3D hydrogel scaffolds. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 19.	2.2	99
12	Cancer-specific PERK signaling drives invasion and metastasis through CREB3L1. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 1079.	5.8	95
13	De-Differentiation Confers Multidrug Resistance Via Noncanonical PERK-Nrf2 Signaling. PLoS Biology, 2014, 12, e1001945.	2.6	94
14	Cell-State Transitions Regulated by SLUG Are Critical for Tissue Regeneration and Tumor Initiation. Stem Cell Reports, 2014, 2, 633-647.	2.3	85
15	SMARCE1 is required for the invasive progression of in situ cancers. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 4153-4158.	3.3	35
16	Cancer cells exhibit clonal diversity in phenotypic plasticity. Open Biology, 2017, 7, 160283.	1.5	30
17	Loss of Slug Compromises DNA Damage Repair and Accelerates Stem Cell Aging in Mammary Epithelium. Cell Reports, 2019, 28, 394-407.e6.	2.9	30
18	Identification of a selective small molecule inhibitor of breast cancer stem cells. Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters, 2012, 22, 3571-3574.	1.0	28

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19	Perturbation-Expression Analysis Identifies RUNX1 as a Regulator of Human Mammary Stem Cell Differentiation. PLoS Computational Biology, 2015, 11, e1004161.	1.5	22
20	3D Primary Culture Model to Study Human Mammary Development. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2017, 1612, 139-147.	0.4	17
21	Breast tissue regeneration is driven by cell-matrix interactions coordinating multi-lineage stem cell differentiation through DDR1. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 7116.	5.8	10
22	BCL11B Drives Human Mammary Stem Cell Self-Renewal InÂVitro by Inhibiting Basal Differentiation. Stem Cell Reports, 2018, 10, 1131-1145.	2.3	9
23	The endoplasmic reticulum may be an Achilles' heel of cancer cells that have undergone an epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition. Molecular and Cellular Oncology, 2014, 1, e961822.	0.3	4