

Geoffrey G Parker

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

61
papers

7,447
citations

156536

32
h-index

175968

55
g-index

61
all docs

61
docs citations

61
times ranked

8958
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Demographic composition, not demographic diversity, predicts biomass and turnover across temperate and tropical forests. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 2895-2909.	4.2	8
2	Distribution of biomass dynamics in relation to tree size in forests across the world. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 234, 1664-1677.	3.5	24
3	Mycorrhizal type influences plant density dependence and species richness across 15 temperate forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03259.	1.5	20
4	ForestGEO: Understanding forest diversity and dynamics through a global observatory network. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 253, 108907.	1.9	122
5	Chemical Similarity of Co-occurring Trees Decreases With Precipitation and Temperature in North American Forests. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	1.1	13
6	Arbuscular mycorrhizal trees influence the latitudinal beta-diversity gradient of tree communities in forests worldwide. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 3137.	5.8	28
7	Temporal population variability in local forest communities has mixed effects on tree species richness across a latitudinal gradient. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2020, 23, 160-171.	3.0	11
8	Chemical novelty facilitates herbivore resistance and biological invasions in some introduced plant species. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 10, 8770-8792.	0.8	15
9	Tamm review: Leaf Area Index (LAI) is both a determinant and a consequence of important processes in vegetation canopies. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020, 477, 118496.	1.4	64
10	Direct and indirect effects of climate on richness drive the latitudinal diversity gradient in forest trees. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 245-255.	3.0	92
11	On promoting the use of lidar systems in forest ecosystem research. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 450, 117484.	1.4	111
12	Consequences of environmental heterogeneity for the photosynthetic light environment of a tropical forest. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2019, 278, 107661.	1.9	13
13	Persistent effects of fragmentation on tropical rainforest canopy structure after 20Âyr of isolation. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2019, 29, e01952.	1.8	45
14	Patterns of nitrogen-fixing tree abundance in forests across Asia and America. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 2598-2610.	1.9	29
15	Effects of hurricane disturbance on a tropical dry forest canopy in western Mexico. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2018, 426, 39-52.	1.4	40
16	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	6
17	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	9
18	Global importance of large-diameter trees. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 849-864.	2.7	330

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19	Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 356, 1389-1392.	6.0	222
20	Canopy gradients in leaf functional traits for species that differ in growth strategies and shade tolerance. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2017, 37, 1415-1425.	1.4	30
21	What is the Point? Evaluating the Structure, Color, and Semantic Traits of Computer Vision Point Clouds of Vegetation. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2017, 9, 355.	1.8	27
22	Fine-scale patch mosaic of developmental stages in Northeast American secondary temperate forests: the European perspective. <i>European Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2016, 135, 981-996.	1.1	19
23	A general model of intra-annual tree growth using dendrometer bands. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 5, 243-254.	0.8	39
24	The importance of spatial detail: Assessing the utility of individual crown information and scaling approaches for lidar-based biomass density estimation. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2015, 168, 102-112.	4.6	59
25	Ground based LiDAR demonstrates the legacy of management history to canopy structure and composition across a fragmented temperate woodland. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 335, 255-260.	1.4	14
26	CTFS-ForestGEO: a worldwide network monitoring forests in an era of global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 528-549.	4.2	473
27	Isotopic characteristics of canopies in simulated leaf assemblages. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2014, 144, 82-95.	1.6	57
28	Scale-dependent relationships between tree species richness and ecosystem function in forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1214-1224.	1.9	265
29	Amazon forest carbon dynamics predicted by profiles of canopy leaf area and light environment. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1406-1414.	3.0	180
30	Forest canopy studies as an emerging field of science. <i>Annals of Forest Science</i> , 2011, 68, 217.	0.8	34
31	Evidence for a recent increase in forest growth. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 3611-3615.	3.3	318
32	Reply to Foster et al.: Using a forest to measure trees: Determining which vital rates are responding to climate change. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, E88-E89.	3.3	2
33	Hyperspectral-LIDAR system and data product integration for terrestrial applications. <i>Proceedings of SPIE</i> , 2009, , .	0.8	1
34	Comparisons between in Situ Anisotropic Reflectance Measurements and Simulations for Vegetation Canopies: Validation and Sensitivity Analysis. , 2008, , .		0
35	Foliar Bio-Physical and Spectral Properties Associated with Light Environment in a Mature Poplar Stand. , 2008, , .		0
36	Comparison of small and large footprint lidar systems in predicting forest structural characteristics. , 2006, , .		0

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37	Seasonal balance and vertical pattern of photosynthetically active radiation within canopies of a tropical dry deciduous forest ecosystem in Mexico. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2005, 21, 283-295.	0.5	23
38	Reflections in Bumpy Terrain: Implications of Canopy Surface Variations for the Radiation Balance of Vegetation. <i>IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters</i> , 2005, 2, 90-93.	1.4	25
39	The Nature of Forest Canopies. , 2004, , 3-23.		18
40	A portable LIDAR system for rapid determination of forest canopy structure. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2004, 41, 755-767.	1.9	171
41	Three-dimensional Structure of an Old-growth Pseudotsuga-Tsuga Canopy and Its Implications for Radiation Balance, Microclimate, and Gas Exchange. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2004, 7, 440.	1.6	144
42	Age-Related Development of Canopy Structure and Its Ecological Functions. , 2004, , 102-117.		10
43	The canopy surface and stand development: assessing forest canopy structure and complexity with near-surface altimetry. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2004, 189, 307-315.	1.4	124
44	A Portable Airborne Laser System for Forest Inventory. <i>Photogrammetric Engineering and Remote Sensing</i> , 2003, 69, 267-273.	0.3	66
45	Canopy light transmittance in Douglas-fir-western hemlock stands. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2002, 22, 147-157.	1.4	91
46	Lidar Remote Sensing for Ecosystem Studies. <i>BioScience</i> , 2002, 52, 19.	2.2	1,330
47	Lidar remote sensing of above-ground biomass in three biomes. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2002, 11, 393-399.	2.7	393
48	Laser altimeter canopy height profiles: methods and validation for closed-canopy, broadleaf forests. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2001, 76, 283-297.	4.6	326
49	Light transmittance in forest canopies determined using airborne laser altimetry and in-canopy quantum measurements. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2001, 76, 298-309.	4.6	94
50	Forest Canopy Stratificationâ€™s It Useful?. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2000, 155, 473-484.	1.0	108
51	Lidar Remote Sensing of the Canopy Structure and Biophysical Properties of Douglas-Fir Western Hemlock Forests. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 1999, 70, 339-361.	4.6	683
52	Surface Lidar Remote Sensing of Basal Area and Biomass in Deciduous Forests of Eastern Maryland, USA. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 1999, 67, 83-98.	4.6	480
53	A Balloon for Microclimate Observations Within the Forest Canopy. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 1996, 33, 173.	1.9	11
54	Creation of the canopy research network. <i>Visual Computer</i> , 1995, 11, 275-275.	2.5	0

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55	Canopy light transmittance in a chronosequence of mixed-species deciduous forests. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 1994, 24, 1694-1703.	0.8	139
56	Decline of understory American chestnut (<i>Castaneadentata</i>) in a southern Appalachian forest. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 1993, 23, 259-265.	0.8	26
57	The reflection of deciduous forest communities in leaf litter: implications for autochthonous litter assemblages from the fossil record. Paleobiology, 1992, 18, 30-49.	1.3	149
58	Access to the Upper Forest Canopy with a Large Tower Crane. BioScience, 1992, 42, 664-670.	2.2	93
59	Vertical profile and canopy organization in a mixed deciduous forest. Plant Ecology, 1989, 85, 1-11.	1.2	71
60	A classification of the deciduous forest of eastern North America. Plant Ecology, 1989, 80, 167-181.	1.2	15
61	Mechanical Abrasion and Intercrown Spacing. American Midland Naturalist, 1984, 112, 24.	0.2	137