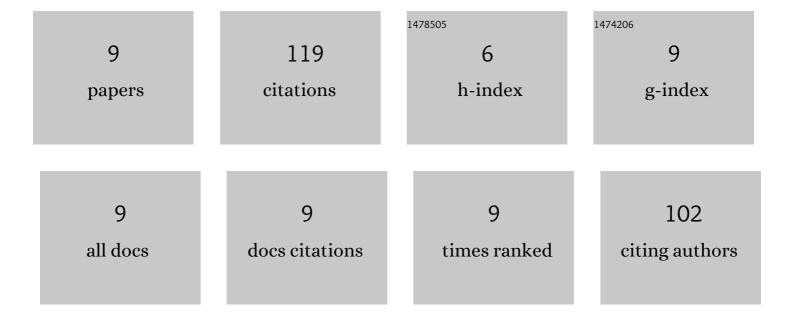
Karen Molloy

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|---|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Prehistoric Farming Impacts and Erosion Revealed Through a Palaeolimnological Investigation of Lough Inchiquin, Co. Clare, Western Ireland. Environmental Archaeology, 2023, 28, 150-165. | 1.2 | 1 |
| 2 | Holocene Vegetation Dynamics, Landscape Change and Human Impact in Western Ireland as Revealed by Multidisciplinary, Palaeoecological Investigations of Peat Deposits and Bog-Pine in Lowland Connemara. Geographies, 2021, 1, 251-291. | 1.5 | 2 |
| 3 | Younger Dryas and Holocene environmental change at the Atlantic fringe of Europe derived from lakeâ€sediment stableâ€isotope records from western Ireland. Boreas, 2020, 49, 233-247. | 2.4 | 6 |
| 4 | Aran Islands, Western Ireland: Farming History and Environmental Change, Reconstructed from Field Surveys, Historical Sources, and Pollen Analyses. Journal of the North Atlantic, 2019, 2019, 1. | 0.4 | 3 |
| 5 | Tracking recent human impacts on a nutrient sensitive Irish lake: integrating landscape to water linkages. Hydrobiologia, 2018, 807, 207-231. | 2.0 | 8 |
| 6 | Mid- and late-Holocene environmental change in western Ireland: New evidence from coastal peats and fossil timbers with particular reference to relative sea-level change. Holocene, 2017, 27, 1825-1845. | 1.7 | 8 |
| 7 | Interpretation of charcoal and pollen data relating to a late Iron Age ritual site in eastern Ireland: a holistic approach. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2007, 16, 349-365. | 2.1 | 25 |
| 8 | Palaeoecological investigations towards the reconstruction of woodland and land-use history at Lough Sheeauns, Connemara, western Ireland. Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 1991, 67, 75-113. | 1.5 | 36 |
| 9 | THE NATURE OF THE VEGETATIONAL CHANGES AT ABOUT 5000 b.p. WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO THE ELM DECLINE: FRESH EVIDENCE FROM CONNEMARA, WESTERN IRELAND. New Phytologist, 1987, 107, 203-220. | 7.3 | 30 |