

Karen Molloy

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9798918/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9
papers

119
citations

1478505

6
h-index

1474206

9
g-index

9
all docs

9
docs citations

9
times ranked

102
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Palaeoecological investigations towards the reconstruction of woodland and land-use history at Lough Sheeauns, Connemara, western Ireland. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 1991, 67, 75-113.	1.5	36
2	THE NATURE OF THE VEGETATIONAL CHANGES AT ABOUT 5000 b.p. WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO THE ELM DECLINE: FRESH EVIDENCE FROM CONNEMARA, WESTERN IRELAND. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 1987, 107, 203-220.	7.3	30
3	Interpretation of charcoal and pollen data relating to a late Iron Age ritual site in eastern Ireland: a holistic approach. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2007, 16, 349-365.	2.1	25
4	Mid- and late-Holocene environmental change in western Ireland: New evidence from coastal peats and fossil timbers with particular reference to relative sea-level change. <i>Holocene</i> , 2017, 27, 1825-1845.	1.7	8
5	Tracking recent human impacts on a nutrient sensitive Irish lake: integrating landscape to water linkages. <i>Hydrobiologia</i> , 2018, 807, 207-231.	2.0	8
6	Younger Dryas and Holocene environmental change at the Atlantic fringe of Europe derived from lake sediment stable isotope records from western Ireland. <i>Boreas</i> , 2020, 49, 233-247.	2.4	6
7	Aran Islands, Western Ireland: Farming History and Environmental Change, Reconstructed from Field Surveys, Historical Sources, and Pollen Analyses. <i>Journal of the North Atlantic</i> , 2019, 2019, 1.	0.4	3
8	Holocene Vegetation Dynamics, Landscape Change and Human Impact in Western Ireland as Revealed by Multidisciplinary, Palaeoecological Investigations of Peat Deposits and Bog-Pine in Lowland Connemara. <i>Geographies</i> , 2021, 1, 251-291.	1.5	2
9	Prehistoric Farming Impacts and Erosion Revealed Through a Palaeolimnological Investigation of Lough Inchiquin, Co. Clare, Western Ireland. <i>Environmental Archaeology</i> , 2023, 28, 150-165.	1.2	1