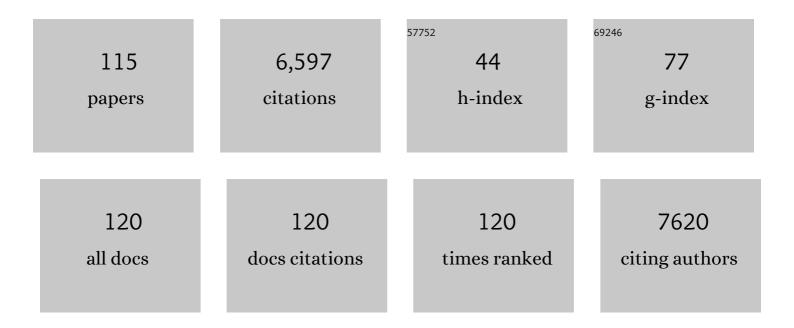
## John McBeth

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sleep Disturbance and Quality of Life in Rheumatoid Arthritis: Prospective mHealth Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2022, 24, e32825.	4.3	13
2	Heterogeneity in the association between weather and pain severity among patients with chronic pain: a Bayesian multilevel regression analysis. Pain Reports, 2022, 7, e963.	2.7	9
3	Using patient-reported data from a smartphone app to capture and characterize real-time patient-reported flares in rheumatoid arthritis. Rheumatology Advances in Practice, 2022, 6, rkac021.	0.7	5
4	P097â€∫Using a smartphone app to better detect and characterise real-time patient-reported flares in rheumatoid arthritis. Rheumatology, 2022, 61, .	1.9	0
5	Adoption of Digital Pain Manikins for Research Data Collection: A Systematic Review. Studies in Health Technology and Informatics, 2022, , .	0.3	0
6	Digital manikins to selfâ€report pain on a smartphone: A systematic review of mobile apps. European Journal of Pain, 2021, 25, 327-338.	2.8	19
7	Maintaining musculoskeletal health using a behavioural therapy approach: a population-based randomised controlled trial (the MAmMOTH Study). Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2021, 80, 903-911.	0.9	10
8	Clinical and cost-effectiveness of bracing in symptomatic knee osteoarthritis management: protocol for a multicentre, primary care, randomised, parallel-group, superiority trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e048196.	1.9	1
9	Understanding the Predictors of Missing Location Data to Inform Smartphone Study Design: Observational Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e28857.	3.7	4
10	Engagement with consumer smartwatches for tracking symptoms of individuals living with multiple long-term conditions (multimorbidity): A longitudinal observational study. Journal of Multimorbidity and Comorbidity, 2021, 11, 263355652110627.	2.2	4
11	Remote symptom monitoring integrated into electronic health records:ÂA systematic review. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2020, 27, 1752-1763.	4.4	41
12	Adolescents' experiences of fluctuating pain in musculoskeletal disorders: a qualitative systematic review and thematic synthesis. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2020, 21, 645.	1.9	13
13	O15â€fMaintaining musculoskeletal health: a randomised controlled trial of cognitive behaviour therapy among people at high risk of developing chronic widespread pain. Rheumatology, 2020, 59, .	1.9	0
14	Are weather conditions associated with chronic musculoskeletal pain? Review of results and methodologies. Pain, 2020, 161, 668-683.	4.2	23
15	Characterizing pain flares in adolescent inflammatory and nonâ€inflammatory musculoskeletal disorders: A qualitative study using an interpretative phenomenological approach. European Journal of Pain, 2020, 24, 1785-1796.	2.8	4
16	Weather Patterns Associated with Pain in Chronic-Pain Sufferers. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, 2020, 101, E555-E566.	3.3	10
17	Engagement and Participant Experiences With Consumer Smartwatches for Health Research: Longitudinal, Observational Feasibility Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2020, 8, e14368.	3.7	43
18	Development of a Mobile Digital Manikin to Measure Pain Location and Intensity. Studies in Health Technology and Informatics, 2020, 270, 946-950.	0.3	5

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19	How the weather affects the pain of citizen scientists using a smartphone app. Npj Digital Medicine, 2019, 2, 105.	10.9	49
20	P36 Adolescents' experiences of fluctuating pain in musculoskeletal disorders: a qualitative systematic review and thematic synthesis. Rheumatology, 2019, 58, .	1.9	1
21	P37 Exploring the experience of pain flares in adolescent inflammatory and non-inflammatory musculoskeletal disorders: a phenomenological study. Rheumatology, 2019, 58, .	1.9	1
22	Central sensitization predicts greater fatigue independently of musculoskeletal pain. Rheumatology, 2019, 58, 1923-1927.	1.9	19
23	Maximizing Engagement in Mobile Health Studies. Rheumatic Disease Clinics of North America, 2019, 45, 159-172.	1.9	108
24	Multisite pain and self-reported falls in older people: systematic review and meta-analysis. Arthritis Research and Therapy, 2019, 21, 67.	3.5	34
25	Investigating multisite pain as a predictor of self-reported falls and falls requiring health care use in an older population: A prospective cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0226268.	2.5	4
26	The relationship between regional pain with or without neuropathic symptoms and chronic widespread pain. Pain, 2019, 160, 1817-1823.	4.2	4
27	Collecting Symptoms and Sensor Data With Consumer Smartwatches (the Knee OsteoArthritis, Linking) Tj ETQq1 Protocols, 2019, 8, e10238.	1 0.7843 1.0	814 rgBT /O 18
28	Quality of life, sleep and rheumatoid arthritis (QUASAR): a protocol for a prospective UK mHealth study to investigate the relationship between sleep and quality of life in adults with rheumatoid arthritis. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e018752.	1.9	19
29	Pain and mortality: mechanisms for a relationship. Pain, 2018, 159, 1112-1118.	4.2	44
30	Pain and Mortality in Older Adults: The Influence of Pain Phenotype. Arthritis Care and Research, 2018, 70, 236-243.	3.4	40
31	Representativeness of a digitally engaged population and a patient organisation population with rheumatoid arthritis and their willingness to participate in research: a cross-sectional study. RMD Open, 2018, 4, e000664.	3.8	7
32	Update on the epidemiology, risk factors and disease outcomes of osteoarthritis. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Rheumatology, 2018, 32, 312-326.	3.3	259
33	The associated features of multiple somatic symptom complexes. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2018, 112, 1-8.	2.6	18
34	Consumer Smartwatches for Collecting Self-Report and Sensor Data: App Design and Engagement. Studies in Health Technology and Informatics, 2018, 247, 291-295.	0.3	3
35	Musculoskeletal pain and co-morbid insomnia in adults; a population study of the prevalence and impact on restricted social participation. BMC Family Practice, 2017, 18, 17.	2.9	29
36	Patient perceptions of glucocorticoid side effects: a cross-sectional survey of users in an online health community. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014603.	1.9	45

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37	Allostatic load and pain severity in older adults: Results from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. Experimental Gerontology, 2017, 88, 51-58.	2.8	25
38	Evidence for strategies that improve recruitment and retention of adults aged 65 years and over in randomised trials and observational studies: a systematic review. Age and Ageing, 2017, 46, 895-903.	1.6	25
39	Cloudy with a Chance of Pain: Engagement and Subsequent Attrition of Daily Data Entry in a Smartphone Pilot Study Tracking Weather, Disease Severity, and Physical Activity in Patients With Rheumatoid Arthritis. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2017, 5, e37.	3.7	60
40	Recruitment and Ongoing Engagement in a UK Smartphone Study Examining the Association Between Weather and Pain: Cohort Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2017, 5, e168.	3.7	41
41	Managing chronic widespread pain in primary care: a qualitative study of patient perspectives and implications for treatment delivery. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2016, 17, 354.	1.9	24
42	The Maintaining Musculoskeletal Health (MAmMOTH) Study: Protocol for a randomised trial of cognitive behavioural therapy versus usual care for the prevention of chronic widespread pain. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2016, 17, 179.	1.9	10
43	The relationship between psychological distress and multiple tender points across the adult lifespan. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2016, 63, 102-107.	3.0	11
44	Chronic widespread pain is associated with worsening frailty in European men. Age and Ageing, 2016, 45, 268-274.	1.6	63
45	Link Between Anxiety and Depression and Pain and Sleep Disruption. , 2016, , 67-78.		1
46	Alcohol Consumption in Relation to Risk and Severity of Chronic Widespread Pain: Results From a UK Populationâ€Based Study. Arthritis Care and Research, 2015, 67, 1297-1303.	3.4	29
47	Patient-reported improvements in health are maintained 2 years after completing a short course of cognitive behaviour therapy, exercise or both treatments for chronic widespread pain: long-term results from the MUSICIAN randomised controlled trial. RMD Open, 2015, 1, e000026-e000026.	3.8	25
48	Sleep Disturbance and Chronic Widespread Pain. Current Rheumatology Reports, 2015, 17, 469.	4.7	46
49	Impact of musculoskeletal pain on insomnia onset: a prospective cohort study. Rheumatology, 2015, 54, 248-256.	1.9	59
50	The influence of behavioural and psychological factors on medication adherence over time in rheumatoid arthritis patients: a study in the biologics era. Rheumatology, 2015, 54, 1780-1791.	1.9	69
51	Chronic Pain and Mortality: A Systematic Review. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e99048.	2.5	93
52	Predictors of Newâ€Onset Widespread Pain in Older Adults: Results From a Populationâ€Based Prospective Cohort Study in the UK. Arthritis and Rheumatology, 2014, 66, 757-767.	5.6	75
53	Pain at multiple body sites and health-related quality of life in older adults: results from the North Staffordshire Osteoarthritis Project. Rheumatology, 2014, 53, 2071-2079.	1.9	59
54	Multiple Somatic Symptoms Predict Impaired Health Status in Functional Somatic Syndromes. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 20, 194-205.	1.7	51

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55	Musculoskeletal pain in older adults at the end-of-life: a systematic search and critical review of the literature with priorities for future research. BMC Palliative Care, 2013, 12, 27.	1.8	12
56	Total somatic symptom score as a predictor of health outcome in somatic symptom disorders. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 203, 373-380.	2.8	107
57	Genome-wide association study meta-analysis of chronic widespread pain: evidence for involvement of the Sp15.2 region. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2013, 72, 427-436.	0.9	112
58	Reasons Why Multimorbidity Increases the Risk of Participation Restriction in Older Adults With Lower Extremity Osteoarthritis: A Prospective Cohort Study in Primary Care. Arthritis Care and Research, 2013, 65, 910-919.	3.4	32
59	Modest Association of Joint Hypermobility With Disabling and Limiting Musculoskeletal Pain: Results From a Large cale General Population–Based Survey. Arthritis Care and Research, 2013, 65, 1325-1333.	3.4	79
60	The Role of Sleep Problems in the Development of Depression in Those with Persistent Pain: A Prospective Cohort Study. Sleep, 2013, 36, 1693-1698.	1.1	63
61	The Onset of Widespread Musculoskeletal Pain Is Associated with a Decrease in Healthy Ageing in Older People: A Population-Based Prospective Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e59858.	2.5	33
62	Cognitive Behavior Therapy, Exercise, or Both for Treating Chronic Widespread Pain. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2012, 172, 48.	3.8	106
63	Somatization and Health Anxiety as Predictors of Health Care Use. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2012, 74, 656-664.	2.0	40
64	The epidemiology of multiple somatic symptoms. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2012, 72, 311-317.	2.6	173
65	Fibromyalgia: mechanisms and potential impact of the ACR 2010 classification criteria. Nature Reviews Rheumatology, 2012, 8, 108-116.	8.0	54
66	Obesity is a risk factor for musculoskeletal pain in adolescents: Findings from a population-based cohort. Pain, 2012, 153, 1932-1938.	4.2	109
67	The Non-Synonymous SNP, R1150W, in <i>SCN9A</i> is Not Associated with Chronic Widespread Pain Susceptibility. Molecular Pain, 2012, 8, 1744-8069-8-72.	2.1	16
68	The prevalence and management of low back pain across adulthood: Results from a population-based cross-sectional study (the MUSICIAN study). Pain, 2012, 153, 27-32.	4.2	122
69	Elevated levels of gonadotrophins but not sex steroids are associated with musculoskeletal pain in middle-aged and older European men. Pain, 2011, 152, 1495-1501.	4.2	24
70	Comment on: "Self-reported somatosensory symptoms of neuropathic pain in fibromyalgia and chronic widespread pain correlated with tender point count and pressure-pain thresholds―by Amris et al. [Pain;151:664–669]. Pain, 2011, 152, 1684-1685.	4.2	4
71	Recent Advances in the Understanding of Genetic Susceptibility to Chronic Pain and Somatic Symptoms. Current Rheumatology Reports, 2011, 13, 521-527.	4.7	36
72	Role of road traffic accidents and other traumatic events in the onset of chronic widespread pain: Results from a populationâ€based prospective study. Arthritis Care and Research, 2011, 63, 696-701.	3.4	46

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73	Association of HTR2A polymorphisms with chronic widespread pain and the extent of musculoskeletal pain: Results from two population-based cohorts. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2011, 63, 810-818.	6.7	54
74	The Effect of Musculoskeletal Pain on Sexual Function in Middle-aged and Elderly European Men: Results from the European Male Ageing Study. Journal of Rheumatology, 2011, 38, 370-377.	2.0	16
75	Predictors of persistent gastrointestinal symptoms among new presenters to primary care. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2010, 22, 296-305.	1.6	15
76	Risk factors for onset of chronic oro-facial pain – Results of the North Cheshire oro-facial pain prospective population study. Pain, 2010, 149, 354-359.	4.2	124
77	Chronic widespread pain is associated with slower cognitive processing speed in middle-aged and older European men. Pain, 2010, 151, 30-36.	4.2	92
78	Chronic widespread pain predicts physical inactivity: Results from the prospective EPIFUND study. European Journal of Pain, 2010, 14, 972-979.	2.8	72
79	Whether the weather influences pain? Results from the EpiFunD study in North West England. Rheumatology, 2010, 49, 1513-1520.	1.9	25
80	No evidence for a role of the <i>catechol-O-methyltransferase</i> pain sensitivity haplotypes in chronic widespread pain. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2010, 69, 2009-2012.	0.9	43
81	Musculoskeletal pain is associated with very low levels of vitamin D in men: results from the European Male Ageing Study. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2010, 69, 1448-1452.	0.9	86
82	Genetic variation in the hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal stress axis influences susceptibility to musculoskeletal pain: results from the EPIFUND study. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2010, 69, 556-560.	0.9	58
83	Genetic variation in neuroendocrine genes associates with somatic symptoms in the general population: Results from the EPIFUND study. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2010, 68, 469-474.	2.6	50
84	The biological response to stress and chronic pain. , 2010, , 101-117.		3
85	Current issues and new direction inPsychology and Health: Epidemiology and health psychology – please bridge the gap. Psychology and Health, 2009, 24, 861-865.	2.2	4
86	What Characterizes Persons Who Do Not Report Musculoskeletal Pain? Results from a 4-year Population-based Longitudinal Study (The Epifund Study). Journal of Rheumatology, 2009, 36, 1071-1077.	2.0	35
87	Perturbed Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 (IGF-1) and IGF Binding Protein-3 Are Not Associated with Chronic Widespread Pain in Men: Results from the European Male Ageing Study. Journal of Rheumatology, 2009, 36, 2523-2530.	2.0	3
88	The association between neighbourhood socioâ€economic status and the onset of chronic widespread pain: Results from the EPIFUND study. European Journal of Pain, 2009, 13, 635-640.	2.8	59
89	Do Genetic Predictors of Pain Sensitivity Associate with Persistent Widespread Pain?. Molecular Pain, 2009, 5, 1744-8069-5-56.	2.1	36
90	Are reports of mechanical dysfunction in chronic oroâ€facial pain related to somatisation? A population based study. European Journal of Pain, 2008, 12, 501-507.	2.8	18

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91	Predicting the onset of knee pain: results from a 2-year prospective study of new workers. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2007, 66, 400-406.	0.9	31
92	Moderation of psychosocial risk factors through dysfunction of the hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal stress axis in the onset of chronic widespread musculoskeletal pain : Findings of a population-based prospective cohort study. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2007, 56, 360-371.	6.7	203
93	Epidemiology of chronic musculoskeletal pain. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Rheumatology, 2007, 21, 403-425.	3.3	475
94	EpidemiologÃa del dolor. , 2007, , 1231-1246.		0
95	Development and validation of classification criteria for idiopathic orofacial pain for use in population-based studies. Journal of Orofacial Pain, 2007, 21, 203-15.	1.7	17
96	Pressure pain thresholds and tender point counts as predictors of new chronic widespread pain in somatising subjects. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2006, 66, 517-521.	0.9	39
97	The epidemiology of chronic syndromes that are frequently unexplained: do they have common associated factors?. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 468-476.	1.9	295
98	Epidemiology of pain. , 2006, , 1199-1214.		59
99	Poor sleep and depression are independently associated with a reduced pain threshold. Results of a population based study. Pain, 2005, 115, 316-321.	4.2	147
100	Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal stress axis function and the relationship with chronic widespread pain and its antecedents. Arthritis Research and Therapy, 2005, 7, R992.	3.5	149
101	Primary care consultation predictors in men and women: a cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2005, 55, 108-13.	1.4	34
102	Childhood experience and health care use in adulthood. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2004, 185, 134-139.	2.8	11
103	Mechanical injury and psychosocial factors in the work place predict the onset of widespread body pain: A two-year prospective study among cohorts of newly employed workers. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2004, 50, 1655-1664.	6.7	94
104	psychological distress and premature mortality in the general Population: a prospective study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2004, 14, 467-472.	1.9	95
105	Psychosocial and illness related predictors of consultation rates in primary care – a cohort study. Psychological Medicine, 2004, 34, 719-728.	4.5	51
106	Association of widespread body pain with an increased risk of cancer and reduced cancer survival: A prospective, population-based study. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2003, 48, 1686-1692.	6.7	89
107	Mechanical and psychosocial factors predict new onset shoulder pain: a prospective cohort study of newly employed workers. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2003, 60, 850-857.	2.8	139
108	Psychosocial risk factors for the onset of abdominal pain. Results from a large prospective population-based study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 31, 1219-1225.	1.9	57

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109	Does chronic pain predict future psychological distress?. Pain, 2002, 96, 239-245.	4.2	80
110	Widespread body pain and mortality: prospective population based study Commentary: An interesting finding, but what does it. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 323, 662-662.	2.3	186
111	The role of psychiatric disorders in fibromyalgia. Current Rheumatology Reports, 2001, 3, 157-164.	4.7	55
112	Features of somatization predict the onset of chronic widespread pain: Results of a large population-based study. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2001, 44, 940-946.	6.7	297
113	The association between chronic widespread pain and mental disorder: A population-based study. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2000, 43, 561.	6.7	197
114	Life is as much a pain as it ever was. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 321, 897-897.	2.3	16
115	The association between tender points, psychological distress, and adverse childhood experiences: A community-based study. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 1999, 42, 1397-1404.	6.7	145