

# Jason X-J Yuan

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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85  
papers

6,700  
citations

117625

34  
h-index

69250

77  
g-index

85  
all docs

85  
docs citations

85  
times ranked

5782  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cellular and Molecular Basis of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2009, 54, S20-S31.	2.8	714
2	Inflammation, Growth Factors, and Pulmonary Vascular Remodeling. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2009, 54, S10-S19.	2.8	605
3	Enhanced expression of transient receptor potential channels in idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 13861-13866.	7.1	395
4	Signaling Molecules in Nonfamilial Pulmonary Hypertension. New England Journal of Medicine, 2003, 348, 500-509.	27.0	362
5	Upregulated TRP and enhanced capacitative Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in human pulmonary artery myocytes during proliferation. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2001, 280, H746-H755.	3.2	316
6	SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein Impairs Endothelial Function via Downregulation of ACE 2. Circulation Research, 2021, 128, 1323-1326.	4.5	315
7	PDGF stimulates pulmonary vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation by upregulating TRPC6 expression. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 2003, 284, C316-C330.	4.6	311
8	Notch3 signaling promotes the development of pulmonary arterial hypertension. Nature Medicine, 2009, 15, 1289-1297.	30.7	303
9	Cellular and molecular mechanisms of pulmonary vascular remodeling: role in the development of pulmonary hypertension. Microvascular Research, 2004, 68, 75-103.	2.5	263
10	Inhibition of endogenous TRP1 decreases capacitative Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry and attenuates pulmonary artery smooth muscle cell proliferation. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2002, 283, L144-L155.	2.9	233
11	A Functional Single-Nucleotide Polymorphism in the TRPC6 Gene Promoter Associated With Idiopathic Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. Circulation, 2009, 119, 2313-2322.	1.6	173
12	New mechanisms of pulmonary arterial hypertension: role of Ca <sup>2+</sup> signaling. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2012, 302, H1546-H1562.	3.2	164
13	Capacitative Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in agonist-induced pulmonary vasoconstriction. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2001, 280, L870-L880.	2.9	134
14	Increased smooth muscle cell expression of caveolin-1 and caveolae contribute to the pathophysiology of idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. FASEB Journal, 2007, 21, 2970-2979.	0.5	121
15	Endothelial HIF-2 $\alpha$ Contributes to Severe Pulmonary Hypertension by Inducing Endothelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2018, 314, ajplung.00096.2.	2.9	121
16	Endothelial dysfunction in pulmonary arterial hypertension: an evolving landscape (2017 Grover) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT/OVerlock 10 Tf 50 1	1.7	115
17	PVDOMICS. Circulation Research, 2017, 121, 1136-1139.	4.5	113
18	Hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction: role of voltage-gated potassium channels. Respiratory Research, 2000, 1, 40-48.	3.6	98

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19	Upregulated expression of STIM2, TRPC6, and Orai2 contributes to the transition of pulmonary arterial smooth muscle cells from a contractile to proliferative phenotype. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2015, 308, C581-C593.	4.6	91
20	PDGF enhances store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry by upregulating STIM1/Orai1 via activation of Akt/mTOR in human pulmonary arterial smooth muscle cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2012, 302, C405-C411.	4.6	90
21	Notch Activation of Ca <sup>2+</sup> Signaling in the Development of Hypoxic Pulmonary Vasoconstriction and Pulmonary Hypertension. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2015, 53, 355-367.	2.9	86
22	STIM2 Contributes to Enhanced Store-Operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> Entry in Pulmonary Artery Smooth Muscle Cells from Patients with Idiopathic Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2011, 1, 84-94.	1.7	78
23	Deficiency of Akt1, but not Akt2, attenuates the development of pulmonary hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2015, 308, L208-L220.	2.9	75
24	MDM2-Mediated Ubiquitination of Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2 Contributes to the Development of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 142, 1190-1204.	1.6	72
25	ATP promotes cell survival via regulation of cytosolic [Ca <sup>2+</sup> ] and Bcl-2/Bax ratio in lung cancer cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2016, 310, C99-C114.	4.6	68
26	Hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction: role of ion channels. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2005, 98, 415-420.	2.5	67
27	Idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms</i> , 2010, 3, 268-273.	2.4	57
28	Nicotinamide Phosphoribosyltransferase Promotes Pulmonary Vascular Remodeling and Is a Therapeutic Target in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>Circulation</i> , 2017, 135, 1532-1546.	1.6	57
29	TRP Channels, CCE, and the Pulmonary Vascular Smooth Muscle. <i>Microcirculation</i> , 2006, 13, 671-692.	1.8	51
30	Pathogenic Role of mTORC1 and mTORC2 in Pulmonary Hypertension. <i>JACC Basic To Translational Science</i> , 2018, 3, 744-762.	4.1	47
31	STIM2 (Stromal Interaction Molecule 2)-Mediated Increase in Resting Cytosolic Free Ca <sup>2+</sup> Concentration Stimulates PASMOC Proliferation in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2018, 71, 518-529.	2.7	45
32	c-Jun Decreases Voltage-Gated K <sup>+</sup> Channel Activity in Pulmonary Artery Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Circulation</i> , 2001, 104, 1557-1563.	1.6	43
33	Upregulation of Piezo1 (Piezo Type Mechanosensitive Ion Channel Component 1) Enhances the Intracellular Free Calcium in Pulmonary Arterial Smooth Muscle Cells From Idiopathic Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Patients. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021, 77, 1974-1989.	2.7	42
34	Divergent changes of p53 in pulmonary arterial endothelial and smooth muscle cells involved in the development of pulmonary hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2019, 316, L216-L228.	2.9	41
35	Direct Extracellular NAMPT Involvement in Pulmonary Hypertension and Vascular Remodeling. Transcriptional Regulation by SOX and HIF-2 $\alpha$ . <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2020, 63, 92-103.	2.9	39
36	Tetramethylpyrazine: A promising drug for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 177, 2743-2764.	5.4	36

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37	Activation of Notch signaling by short-term treatment with Jagged-1 enhances store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in human pulmonary arterial smooth muscle cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2014, 306, C871-C878.	4.6	34
38	Identification of functional voltage-gated Na <sup>+</sup> channels in cultured human pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2005, 451, 380-387.	2.8	32
39	Upregulation of Oct-4 isoforms in pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells from patients with pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2010, 298, L548-L557.	2.9	31
40	Metformin Use in Diabetes Prior to Hospitalization: Effects on Mortality in Covid-19. <i>Endocrine Practice</i> , 2020, 26, 1166-1172.	2.1	31
41	Capsaicin-induced Ca <sup>2+</sup> signaling is enhanced via upregulated TRPV1 channels in pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells from patients with idiopathic PAH. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2017, 312, L309-L325.	2.9	30
42	mTOR Signaling in Pulmonary Vascular Disease: Pathogenic Role and Therapeutic Target. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 2144.	4.1	29
43	Endothelial upregulation of mechanosensitive channel Piezo1 in pulmonary hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2021, 321, C1010-C1027.	4.6	29
44	DIVERGENT EFFECTS OF BMP-2 ON GENE EXPRESSION IN PULMONARY ARTERY SMOOTH MUSCLE CELLS FROM NORMAL SUBJECTS AND PATIENTS WITH IDIOPATHIC PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION. <i>Experimental Lung Research</i> , 2005, 31, 783-806.	1.2	28
45	Prednisolone inhibits PDGF-induced nuclear translocation of NF- $\kappa$ B in human pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2008, 295, L648-L657.	2.9	28
46	Overexpression of p53 due to excess protein O-GlcNAcylation is associated with coronary microvascular disease in type 2 diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2020, 116, 1186-1198.	3.8	28
47	Altered Airway Microbiota Composition in Patients With Pulmonary Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020, 76, 1589-1599.	2.7	27
48	MicroRNA-mediated downregulation of K <sup>+</sup> channels in pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2020, 318, L10-L26.	2.9	25
49	Thrombin-mediated activation of Akt signaling contributes to pulmonary vascular remodeling in pulmonary hypertension. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2013, 1, e00190.	1.7	24
50	Activation of the mechanosensitive Ca <sup>2+</sup> channel TRPV4 induces endothelial barrier permeability via the disruption of mitochondrial bioenergetics. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2021, 38, 101785.	9.0	24
51	IL-18 mediates sickle cell cardiomyopathy and ventricular arrhythmias. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 137, 1208-1218.	1.4	22
52	TRPC6, a therapeutic target for pulmonary hypertension. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2021, 321, L1161-L1182.	2.9	22
53	<a href="#">Pathogenic Role of Store-Operated and Receptor-Operated <math>Ca^{2+}</math> Channels in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>Journal of Signal Transduction</i>, 2012, 1-16.</a>	2.0	21
54	Biological heterogeneity in idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension identified through unsupervised transcriptomic profiling of whole blood. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 7104.	12.8	21

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55	Optimization of Isolated Perfused/Ventilated Mouse Lung to Study Hypoxic Pulmonary Vasoconstriction. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2013, 3, 396-405.	1.7	20
56	Hypoxia-induced pulmonary hypertension—Utilizing experiments of nature. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2021, 178, 121-131.	5.4	20
57	JAGGED-NOTCH3 signaling in vascular remodeling in pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2022, 14, eabl5471.	12.4	19
58	Notch enhances Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry by activating calcium-sensing receptors and inhibiting voltage-gated K <sup>+</sup> channels. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2020, 318, C954-C968.	4.6	18
59	Genetic Admixture and Survival in Diverse Populations with Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2020, 201, 1407-1415.	5.6	18
60	Revisiting the mechanism of hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction using isolated perfused/ventilated mouse lung. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2020, 10, 1-18.	1.7	15
61	Halofuginone, a promising drug for treatment of pulmonary hypertension. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2021, 178, 3373-3394.	5.4	15
62	Combined intermittent and sustained hypoxia is a novel and deleterious cardio-metabolic phenotype. <i>Sleep</i> , 2022, 45, .	1.1	14
63	Mechanosensitive channel Piezo1 is required for pulmonary artery smooth muscle cell proliferation. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2022, 322, L737-L760.	2.9	14
64	Excess neuropeptides in lung signal through endothelial cells to impair gas exchange. <i>Developmental Cell</i> , 2022, 57, 839-853.e6.	7.0	14
65	Endothelial platelet-derived growth factor-mediated activation of smooth muscle platelet-derived growth factor receptors in pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2020, 10, 1-15.	1.7	13
66	Established pulmonary hypertension in rats was reversed by a combination of a HIF <sup>2</sup> antagonist and a p53 agonist. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2022, 179, 1065-1081.	5.4	13
67	Endothelial eNAMPT drives EndMT and preclinical PH: rescue by an eNAMPT-neutralizing mAb. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2021, 11, 1-14.	1.7	13
68	mTORC1 in Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. At the Crossroads between Vasoconstriction and Vascular Remodeling?. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2020, 201, 1177-1179.	5.6	12
69	HuR/Cx40 downregulation causes coronary microvascular dysfunction in type 2 diabetes. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2021, 6, .	5.0	11
70	Flavored and Nicotine-Containing E-Cigarettes Induce Impaired Angiogenesis and Diabetic Wound Healing via Increased Endothelial Oxidative Stress and Reduced NO Bioavailability. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2022, 11, 904.	5.1	10
71	Chloroquine differentially modulates coronary vasodilation in control and diabetic mice. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 177, 314-327.	5.4	8
72	Mouse model of experimental pulmonary hypertension: Lung angiogram and right heart catheterization. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2021, 11, 1-17.	1.7	8

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73	Cytokine profiling in pulmonary arterial hypertension: the role of redox homeostasis and sex. <i>Translational Research</i> , 2022, 247, 1-18.	5.0	6
74	Pathophysiology of stroke: the many and varied contributions of brain microvasculature. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2018, 315, C341-C342.	4.6	4
75	Pathophysiology of stroke: what do cells of the neurovascular unit have to do with it?. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2019, 316, C1-C1.	4.6	4
76	KCNK3 Channel: A New Player in the Field of Pulmonary Vascular Disease. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2019, 125, 696-698.	4.5	3
77	Upregulation of Calcium Homeostasis Modulators in Contractile-To-Proliferative Phenotypical Transition of Pulmonary Arterial Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2021, 12, 714785.	2.8	1
78	Heterozygous <i>Tropomodulin 3</i> mice have improved lung vascularization after chronic hypoxia. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2022, 31, 1130-1140.	2.9	0
79	Role of Connexin40 in Coronary Endothelial Cell Dysfunction in Type 1 Diabetic Mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 964.16.	0.5	0
80	Enhanced expression of pluripotency gene Oct4 in pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells from patients with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 1209.15.	0.5	0
81	Electrophysiological characterization of cells isolated from endarterectomized tissue from patients with chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH).. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008, 22, 1209.14.	0.5	0
82	Functional Characterization of Ca <sup>2+</sup> and K <sup>+</sup> Channels in Human Embryonic Stem Cells. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2009, 23, 998.28.	0.5	0
83	MicroRNA-181b Regulates Ca <sup>2+</sup> Influx by Targeting TRPC6 in PASMC from Patients with Idiopathic Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019, 33, .	0.5	0
84	Calcium Homeostasis Modulator (CALHM1/2) and Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020, 34, 1-1.	0.5	0
85	NEDD9 provides mechanistic insight into the coagulopathy of COVID-19. <i>Pulmonary Circulation</i> , 2022, 12, .	1.7	0