## Susan R Hintz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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214 papers

9,801 citations

46 h-index

50276

95 g-index

223 all docs

223
docs citations

times ranked

223

7813 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Rural Residence and Factors Associated with Attendance at the Second High-Risk Infant Follow-up Clinic Visit for Very Low Birth Weight Infants in California. American Journal of Perinatology, 2023, 40, 546-556.	1.4	2
2	Cortisol awakening response and developmental outcomes at 6–7 years in children born extremely preterm. Pediatric Research, 2023, 93, 689-695.	2.3	1
3	Overview of Perinatal Practices with Potential Neurodevelopmental Impact for Children Affected by Preterm Birth. Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 241, 12-21.	1.8	3
4	Hydrocortisone to Improve Survival without Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia. New England Journal of Medicine, 2022, 386, 1121-1131.	27.0	62
5	Predictive Ability of 10-Minute Apgar Scores for Mortality and Neurodevelopmental Disability. Pediatrics, 2022, 149, .	2.1	7
6	Effects of SARS-CoV-2 on prenatal lung growth assessed by fetal MRI. Lancet Respiratory Medicine, the, 2022, 10, e36-e37.	10.7	7
7	Mortality, In-Hospital Morbidity, Care Practices, and 2-Year Outcomes for Extremely Preterm Infants in the US, 2013-2018. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2022, 327, 248.	7.4	222
8	Distance from home to birth hospital, transfer, and mortality in neonates with hypoplastic left heart syndrome in California. Birth Defects Research, 2022, 114, 662-673.	1.5	3
9	Early brain and abdominal oxygenation in extremely low birth weight infants. Pediatric Research, 2022, 92, 1034-1041.	2.3	11
10	Disparities and Early Engagement Associated with the 18- to 36-Month High-Risk Infant Follow-Up Visit among Very Low Birthweight Infants in California. Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 248, 30-38.e3.	1.8	7
11	Early neurodevelopmental follow-up in the NICHD neonatal research network: Advancing neonatal care and outcomes, opportunities for the future. Seminars in Perinatology, 2022, 46, 151642.	2.5	3
12	Active Treatment of Infants Born at 22-25ÂWeeks of Gestation in California, 2011-2018. Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 249, 67-74.	1.8	3
13	The Critical Importance of Follow-up to School Age: Contributions of the NICHD Neonatal Research Network. Seminars in Perinatology, 2022, , 151643.	2.5	1
14	Spinal Muscular Atrophy Type 1: Fetal Diagnosis, Prenatal Coordination, and Postnatal Management in the Era of Novel Therapies. NeoReviews, 2022, 23, e520-e526.	0.8	0
15	Obstetric and neonatal outcomes in pregnancies complicated by fetal lung masses: does final histology matter? <sup>#</sup> . Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, 34, 3662-3668.	1.5	3
16	<scp>RASopathies</scp> : A significant cause of polyhydramnios?. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2021, 41, 362-367.	2.3	8
17	Neurodevelopmental and Growth Outcomes of Extremely Preterm Infants with Short Bowel Syndrome. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 230, 76-83.e5.	1.8	10
18	Limitations of Conventional Magnetic Resonance Imaging as a Predictor of Death or Disability Following Neonatal Hypoxic–Ischemic Encephalopathy in the Late Hypothermia Trial. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 230, 106-111.e6.	1.8	12

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19	Factors associated with follow-up of infants with hypoxic–ischemic encephalopathy in a high-risk infant clinic in California. Journal of Perinatology, 2021, 41, 1347-1354.	2.0	7
20	Effects of gestational age at delivery and type of labor on neonatal outcomes among infants with gastroschisis <sup>â€</sup> . Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, 34, 2041-2046.	1.5	8
21	Timing of Transfer and Mortality in Neonates with Hypoplastic Left Heart Syndrome in California. Pediatric Cardiology, 2021, 42, 906-917.	1.3	6
22	Quality improvement for NICU graduates: Feasible, relevant, impactful. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, 26, 101205.	2.3	6
23	Neurodevelopmental outcome of preterm infants enrolled in myo-inositol randomized controlled trial. Journal of Perinatology, 2021, 41, 2072-2087.	2.0	2
24	Postpartum depression in mothers with pregnancies complicated by fetal cardiac anomaly. Journal of Perinatology, 2021, 41, 1605-1610.	2.0	0
25	The relationship of neurodevelopmental impairment to concurrent early childhood outcomes of extremely preterm infants. Journal of Perinatology, 2021, 41, 2270-2278.	2.0	11
26	DNA methylation in former extremely low birth weight newborns: association with cardiovascular and endocrine function. Pediatric Research, 2021, , .	2.3	4
27	Individualized growth assessment in pregnancies complicated by fetal gastroschisis. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, , 1-11.	1.5	0
28	Initial Laparotomy Versus Peritoneal Drainage in Extremely Low Birthweight Infants With Surgical Necrotizing Enterocolitis or Isolated Intestinal Perforation. Annals of Surgery, 2021, 274, e370-e380.	4.2	62
29	Association of High Screen-Time Use With School-age Cognitive, Executive Function, and Behavior Outcomes in Extremely Preterm Children. JAMA Pediatrics, 2021, 175, 1025.	6.2	16
30	Growth Rates of Infants Randomized to Continuous Positive Airway Pressure or Intubation After Extremely Preterm Birth. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 237, 148-153.e3.	1.8	3
31	Relationships between retinopathy of prematurity without ophthalmologic intervention and neurodevelopment and vision at 2 years. Pediatric Research, 2021, , .	2.3	5
32	Factors Associated with Timeliness of Surgical Repair among Infants with Myelomeningocele: California Perinatal Quality Care Collaborative, 2006 to 2011. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 37, 1234-1242.	1.4	6
33	Improved Referral of Very Low Birthweight Infants to High-Risk Infant Follow-Up in California. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 216, 101-108.e1.	1.8	20
34	In fetuses with congenital lung masses, decreased ventricular and atrioventricular valve dimensions are associated with lesion size and clinical outcome. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2020, 40, 206-215.	2.3	4
35	Cranial Ultrasound and Minor Motor Abnormalities at 2 Years in Extremely Low Gestational Age Infants. Journal of Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics, 2020, 41, 308-315.	1.1	4
36	Factors Associated with Early Neonatal and First-Year Mortality in Infants with Myelomeningocele in California from 2006 to 2011. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 38, 1263-1270.	1.4	2

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37	Outcomes Following Post-Hemorrhagic Ventricular Dilatation among Infants of Extremely Low Gestational Age. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 226, 36-44.e3.	1.8	21
38	Early working memory is a significant predictor of verbal and processing skills at 6–7Âyears in children born extremely preterm. Early Human Development, 2020, 147, 105083.	1.8	2
39	Authors' Response. Pediatrics, 2020, 145, e20200056B.	2.1	0
40	Beyond the First Wave: Consequences of COVID-19 on High-Risk Infants and Families. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 37, 1283-1288.	1.4	40
41	Hand Function at 18-22ÂMonths Is Associated with School-Age Manual Dexterity and Motor Performance in Children Born Extremely Preterm. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 225, 51-57.e3.	1.8	3
42	Association of Antenatal Corticosteroids and Magnesium Sulfate Therapy With Neurodevelopmental Outcome in Extremely Preterm Children. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 135, 1377-1386.	2.4	16
43	Survival Without Major Morbidity Among Very Low Birth Weight Infants in California. Pediatrics, 2020, 146, .	2.1	36
44	Comprehensive Echocardiographic Assessment of Ventricular Function and Pulmonary Pressure in the Neonatal Omphalocele Population. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 38, e109-e115.	1.4	4
45	Neonatal oxygen saturations and blood pressure at school-age in children born extremely preterm: a cohort study. Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 40, 902-908.	2.0	2
46	Survival of infants with congenital diaphragmatic hernia in California: impact of hospital, clinical, and sociodemographic factors. Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 40, 943-951.	2.0	11
47	Assessment of an Updated Neonatal Research Network Extremely Preterm Birth Outcome Model in the Vermont Oxford Network. JAMA Pediatrics, 2020, 174, e196294.	6.2	88
48	Behavior Profiles at 2ÂYears for Children Born Extremely PretermÂwithÂBronchopulmonary Dysplasia. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 219, 152-159.e5.	1.8	12
49	Higher or Lower Hemoglobin Transfusion Thresholds for Preterm Infants. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 383, 2639-2651.	27.0	132
50	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes of Preterm Infants With Retinopathy of Prematurity by Treatment. Pediatrics, 2019, 144, .	2.1	75
51	Developmental Outcomes of Extremely Preterm Infants with a Need for Child Protective Services Supervision. Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 215, 41-49.e4.	1.8	7
52	Adrenal function links to early postnatal growth and blood pressure at age 6 in children born extremely preterm. Pediatric Research, 2019, 86, 339-347.	2.3	17
53	Neuroimaging and Bayley-III correlates of early hand function in extremely preterm children. Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 39, 488-496.	2.0	5
54	193: Individualized Growth Assessment in pregnancies complicated by fetal gastroschisis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, S140-S141.	1.3	0

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55	Prenatally diagnosed omphalocele: characteristics associated with adverse neonatal outcomes. Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 39, 1111-1117.	2.0	10
56	209: Obstetric and neonatal outcomes in pregnancies complicated by fetal lung masses: doesÂfinal histology matter?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, \$151.	1.3	0
57	1040: Congenital diaphragmatic hernia-associated neonatal morbidity and mortality based on TOTAL trial severity designation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, S667-S668.	1.3	1
58	Differences in patient characteristics and care practices between two trials of therapeutic hypothermia. Pediatric Research, 2019, 85, 1008-1015.	2.3	15
59	Outcomes of Extremely Preterm Infants With Birth Weight Less Than 400 g. JAMA Pediatrics, 2019, 173, 434.	6.2	58
60	Home Oxygen and 2-Year Outcomes of Preterm Infants With Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia. Pediatrics, 2019, 143, .	2.1	45
61	Factors Associated with Successful First High-Risk Infant Clinic Visit for Very Low Birth Weight Infants in California. Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 210, 91-98.e1.	1.8	26
62	Discordance in Antenatal Corticosteroid Use and Resuscitation Following Extremely Preterm Birth. Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 208, 156-162.e5.	1.8	18
63	Stillbirth and Live Birth at Periviable Gestational Age: A Comparison of Prevalence and Risk Factors. American Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 36, 537-544.	1.4	11
64	Predicting Pathology From Imaging in Children Undergoing Resection of Congenital Lung Lesions. Journal of Surgical Research, 2019, 236, 68-73.	1.6	8
65	Behavioral problems are associated with cognitive and language scores in toddlers born extremely preterm. Early Human Development, 2019, 128, 48-54.	1.8	22
66	Behavioral Deficits at 18-22 Months of Age Are Associated with Early Cerebellar Injury and Cognitive and Language Performance in Children Born Extremely Preterm. Journal of Pediatrics, 2019, 204, 148-156.e4.	1.8	17
67	Programmatic and Administrative Barriers to High-Risk Infant Follow-Up Care. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 940-945.	1.4	13
68	Neurodevelopmental Impairment Among Extremely Preterm Infants in the Neonatal Research Network. Pediatrics, 2018, 141, e20173091.	2.1	167
69	Predictors of poor neonatal outcomes in prenatally diagnosed multicystic dysplastic kidney disease. Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 38, 658-664.	2.0	17
70	Outcome of Preterm Infants with Transient Cystic Periventricular Leukomalacia on Serial Cranial Imaging Up to Term Equivalent Age. Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 195, 59-65.e3.	1.8	20
71	Prenatal treatment of ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2018, 123, 297-300.	1.1	12
72	Practices surrounding pulmonary hypertension and bronchopulmonary dysplasia amongst neonatologists caring for premature infants. Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 38, 361-367.	2.0	24

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73	Noninvasive Prenatal Diagnosis of Single-Gene Disorders by Use of Droplet Digital PCR. Clinical Chemistry, 2018, 64, 336-345.	3.2	64
74	Utility of prenatal MRI in the evaluation and management of fetal ventriculomegaly. Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 38, 1444-1452.	2.0	6
75	Association between sedation–analgesia and neurodevelopment outcomes in neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy. Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 38, 1060-1067.	2.0	29
76	Extreme Preterm Infant Rates of Overweight and Obesity at School Age in the SUPPORT Neuroimaging and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes Cohort. Journal of Pediatrics, 2018, 200, 132-139.e3.	1.8	23
77	Preterm Neuroimaging and School-Age Cognitive Outcomes. Pediatrics, 2018, 142, .	2.1	52
78	Prolonged respiratory support of any type impacts outcomes of extremely low birth weight infants. Pediatric Pulmonology, 2018, 53, 1447-1455.	2.0	22
79	High Blood Pressure at Early School Age Among Extreme Preterms. Pediatrics, 2018, 142, .	2.1	19
80	Risk Assessment and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes. , 2018, , 971-990.e7.		0
81	Neurodevelopmental and Behavioral Outcomes in Extremely Premature Neonates With Ventriculomegaly in the Absence of Periventricular-Intraventricular Hemorrhage. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 32.	6.2	46
82	Prediction of neonatal respiratory distress in pregnancies complicated by fetal lung masses. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2017, 37, 266-272.	2.3	32
83	Survival and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes among Periviable Infants. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 376, 617-628.	27.0	391
84	Sutureless vs Sutured Gastroschisis Closure: A Prospective Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of the American College of Surgeons, 2017, 224, 1091-1096e1.	0.5	33
85	Survival and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes Among Periviable Infants. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2017, 72, 401-403.	0.4	1
86	Outcomes of Preterm Infants following Discussions about Withdrawal or Withholding of Life Support. Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 190, 118-123.e4.	1.8	22
87	Acute Perinatal Sentinel Events, Neonatal Brain Injury Pattern, and Outcome of Infants Undergoing a Trial of Hypothermia for Neonatal Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy. Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 180, 275-278.e2.	1.8	35
88	Effect of antepartum meconium staining on perinatal and neonatal outcomes among pregnancies with gastroschisis. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2016, 29, 2500-2504.	1.5	4
89	Prenatally Diagnosed Cases of Binder Phenotype Complicated by Respiratory Distress in the Immediate Postnatal Period. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2016, 35, 1353-1358.	1.7	3
90	Sutureless vs Sutured Gastroschisis Closure: A Prospective Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of the American College of Surgeons, 2016, 223, S91.	0.5	0

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91	Changing definitions of long-term follow-up: Should "long term―be even longer?. Seminars in Perinatology, 2016, 40, 398-409.	2.5	26
92	Early neurodevelopmental outcomes of extremely preterm infants. Seminars in Perinatology, 2016, 40, 497-509.	2.5	151
93	Neonatal Biomarkers of Inflammation: Correlates of Early Neurodevelopment and Gait in Very-Low-Birth-Weight Preterm Children. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 071-078.	1.4	20
94	Fetofetal Transfusion Syndrome in Monochorionic-Triamniotic Triplets Treated with Fetoscopic Laser Ablation: Report of Two Cases and A Systematic Review. AJP Reports, 2015, 05, e153-e160.	0.7	3
95	Cognitive Outcomes After Neonatal Encephalopathy. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2015, 70, 487-488.	0.4	3
96	Between-Hospital Variation in Treatment and Outcomes in Extremely Preterm Infants. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2015, 70, 549-551.	0.4	0
97	Neuroimaging and Neurodevelopmental Outcome in Extremely Preterm Infants. Pediatrics, 2015, 135, e32-e42.	2.1	215
98	Referral of Very Low Birth Weight Infants to High-Risk Follow-Up at Neonatal Intensive Care Unit Discharge Varies Widely across California. Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 166, 289-295.	1.8	49
99	Cognitive Outcomes After Neonatal Encephalopathy. Pediatrics, 2015, 135, e624-e634.	2.1	121
100	Peripartum and neonatal outcomes of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age infants with gastroschisis. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2015, 35, 477-482.	2.3	14
101	Between-Hospital Variation in Treatment and Outcomes in Extremely Preterm Infants. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 372, 1801-1811.	27.0	539
102	Neonatal Magnetic Resonance Imaging Pattern of Brain Injury as a Biomarker of Childhood Outcomes following a Trial of Hypothermia for Neonatal Hypoxic-Ischemic Encephalopathy. Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 167, 987-993.e3.	1.8	135
103	Neonatal brain microstructure correlates of neurodevelopment and gait in preterm children 18–22 mo of age: an MRI and DTI study. Pediatric Research, 2015, 78, 700-708.	2.3	45
104	377: CVR at the time of mid-trimester diagnosis of congenital lung lesions as a predictor of adverse neonatal outcomes. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, S197.	1.3	0
105	Correction. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2014, 99, 301.1-301.	1.9	162
106	Noninvasive prenatal diagnosis in a fetus at risk for methylmalonic acidemia. Genetics in Medicine, 2014, 16, 564-567.	2.4	37
107	Fetal Centers and the Role of the Neonatologist in Complex Fetal Care. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 31, 549-556.	1.4	9
108	Fetal Diagnosis and Interventions. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 31, 547-548.	1.4	0

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109	Surgery and Neurodevelopmental Outcome of Very Low-Birth-Weight Infants. JAMA Pediatrics, 2014, 168, 746.	6.2	82
110	Developmental Outcomes of Very Preterm Infants with Tracheostomies. Journal of Pediatrics, 2014, 164, 1303-1310.e2.	1.8	119
111	Functional status at 18Âmonths of age as a predictor of childhood disability after neonatal hypoxicâ€ischemic encephalopathy. Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology, 2014, 56, 1052-1058.	2.1	29
112	Perinatal features of the RASopathies: Noonan syndrome, Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome and Costello syndrome. American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A, 2014, 164, 2814-2821.	1.2	78
113	Respiratory Outcomes of the Surfactant Positive Pressure and Oximetry Randomized Trial (SUPPORT). Journal of Pediatrics, 2014, 165, 240-249.e4.	1.8	114
114	Neonatal physiological correlates of near-term brain development on MRI and DTI in very-low-birth-weight preterm infants. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2014, 5, 169-177.	2.7	43
115	Neurodevelopmental Outcome of Extremely Low Birth Weight Infants with Candida Infection. Journal of Pediatrics, 2013, 163, 961-967.e3.	1.8	89
116	Early working memory as a racially and ethnically neutral measure of outcome in extremely preterm children at 18–22months. Early Human Development, 2013, 89, 1055-1061.	1.8	14
117	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes of Extremely Low-Gestational-Age Neonates With Low-Grade Periventricular-Intraventricular Hemorrhage. JAMA Pediatrics, 2013, 167, 451.	6.2	151
118	Apgar scores at 10â€min and outcomes at 6–7â€years following hypoxic-ischaemic encephalopathy. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2013, 98, F473-F479.	2.8	84
119	Cerebral Palsy and Growth Failure at 6 to 7 Years. Pediatrics, 2013, 132, e905-e914.	2.1	23
120	Ten-Year Review of Major Birth Defects in VLBW Infants. Pediatrics, 2013, 132, 49-61.	2.1	28
121	Screening for Autism Spectrum Disorders in Extremely Preterm Infants. Journal of Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics, 2012, 33, 535-541.	1.1	60
122	Infants with Prenatally Diagnosed Anomalies. Clinics in Perinatology, 2012, 39, 871-887.	2.1	11
123	Childhood Outcomes after Hypothermia for Neonatal Encephalopathy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2012, 366, 2085-2092.	27.0	620
124	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes in the Early CPAP and Pulse Oximetry Trial. New England Journal of Medicine, 2012, 367, 2495-2504.	27.0	165
125	Are Outcomes of Extremely Preterm Infants Improving? Impact of Bayley Assessment on Outcomes. Journal of Pediatrics, 2012, 161, 222-228.e3.	1.8	214
126	Early-Childhood Neurodevelopmental Outcomes Are Not Improving for Infants Born at <25 Weeks' Gestational Age. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2011, 66, 273-275.	0.4	0

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127	Is phototherapy exposure associated with better or worse outcomes in 501―to 1000â€gâ€birthâ€weight infants?. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2011, 100, 960-965.	1.5	11
128	Early-Childhood Neurodevelopmental Outcomes Are Not Improving for Infants Born at & Dit;25 Weeks' Gestational Age. Pediatrics, 2011, 127, 62-70.	2.1	166
129	Aluminum Content of Parenteral Nutrition in Neonates: Measured Versus Calculated Levels. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2010, 50, 208-211.	1.8	40
130	A National Survey of Pediatric Residents and Delivery Room Training Experience. Journal of Pediatrics, 2010, 157, 158-161.e3.	1.8	34
131	Seizures in Extremely Low Birth Weight Infants Are Associated with Adverse Outcome. Journal of Pediatrics, 2010, 157, 720-725.e2.	1.8	65
132	Prediction of Death for Extremely Premature Infants in a Population-Based Cohort. Pediatrics, 2010, 126, e644-e650.	2.1	70
133	Hyperbilirubinemia and kernicterus. , 2009, , 311-316.		0
134	Light-based functional assessment of the brain. , 2009, , 232-239.		0
135	Congenital malformations of the brain. , 2009, , 265-276.		0
136	Neurological sequelae of congenital perinatal infection. , 2009, , 361-377.		0
137	Extended management following resuscitation. , 2009, , 470-484.		0
138	Changes in Attendance at Deliveries by Pediatric Residents 2000 to 2005. American Journal of Perinatology, 2009, 26, 129-134.	1.4	18
139	Medical Management of Extremely Low-Birth-Weight Infants in the First Week of Life: A Survey of Practices in the United States. American Journal of Perinatology, 2009, 26, 407-418.	1.4	16
140	Neuroimaging and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes in Preterm Infants. Seminars in Perinatology, 2008, 32, 11-19.	2.5	64
141	School Outcomes of Late Preterm Infants: Special Needs and Challenges for Infants Born at 32 to 36 Weeks Gestation. Journal of Pediatrics, 2008, 153, 25-31.	1.8	295
142	Community Supports After Surviving Extremely Low-Birth-Weight, Extremely Preterm Birth. JAMA Pediatrics, 2008, 162, 748.	3.0	55
143	Aluminum Exposure From Pediatric Parenteral Nutrition: Meeting the New FDA Regulation. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, 2008, 32, 242-246.	2.6	60
144	School Outcomes of Late Preterm Infants: Special Needs and Challenges for Infants Born at 32- to 36-Week Gestation. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2008, 63, 691-692.	0.4	1

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145	Hypothermia for the Treatment of Neonatal Ischemic Encephalopathy: Is the Genie out of the Bottle?. American Journal of Perinatology, 2007, 24, 027-031.	1.4	16
146	Prenatal diagnosis of congenital diaphragmatic hernia: how should the babies be delivered?. Journal of Pediatric Surgery, 2007, 42, 1533-1538.	1.6	56
147	Interobserver Reliability and Accuracy of Cranial Ultrasound Scanning Interpretation in Premature Infants. Journal of Pediatrics, 2007, 150, 592-596.e5.	1.8	93
148	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes of Premature Infants with Severe Respiratory Failure Enrolled in a Randomized Controlled Trial of Inhaled Nitric Oxide. Journal of Pediatrics, 2007, 151, 16-22.e3.	1.8	61
149	Clinical Data Predict Neurodevelopmental Outcome Better than Head Ultrasound in Extremely Low Birth Weight Infants. Journal of Pediatrics, 2007, 151, 500-505.e2.	1.8	73
150	Gender differences in neurodevelopmental outcomes among extremely preterm, extremely″owâ€birthweight infants. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2006, 95, 1239-1248.	1.5	229
151	Utilization and outcomes of neonatal cardiac extracorporeal life support: 1996???2000*. Pediatric Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 6, 33-38.	0.5	57
152	Changes in Neurodevelopmental Outcomes at 18 to 22 Months' Corrected Age Among Infants of Less Than 25 Weeks' Gestational Age Born in 1993–1999. Pediatrics, 2005, 115, 1645-1651.	2.1	257
153	Neurodevelopmental and Growth Outcomes of Extremely Low Birth Weight Infants After Necrotizing Enterocolitis. Pediatrics, 2005, 115, 696-703.	2.1	648
154	Neonatal Brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging Before Discharge Is Better Than Serial Cranial Ultrasound in Predicting Cerebral Palsy in Very Low Birth Weight Preterm Infants. Pediatrics, 2004, 114, 992-998.	2.1	176
155	Neurodevelopmental and Growth Impairment Among Extremely Low-Birth-Weight Infants With Neonatal Infection. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2004, 292, 2357.	7.4	1,278
156	Near-infrared spectroscopy and imaging. , 2003, , 490-518.		0
157	Early Neonatal Diagnosis of Long-Chain 3-Hydroxyacyl Coenzyme A Dehydrogenase and Mitochondrial Trifunctional Protein Deficiencies. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2002, 75, 120-127.	1.1	37
158	Limb/pelvis hypoplasia/aplasia with skull defect (Schinzel phocomelia): Distinctive features and prenatal detection. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 2001, 103, 295-301.	2.4	22
159	Understanding Newborn Jaundice. Journal of Perinatology, 2001, 21, S21-S24.	2.0	34
160	Secondary Infection Presenting as Recurrent Pulmonary Hypertension. Journal of Perinatology, 2000, 20, 262-264.	2.0	3
161	Bedside Imaging of Intracranial Hemorrhage in the Neonate Using Light: Comparison with Ultrasound, Computed Tomography, and Magnetic Resonance Imaging. Pediatric Research, 1999, 45, 54-59.	2.3	82
162	Stationary Headband for Clinical Timeâ€ofâ€Flight Optical Imaging at the Bedside. Photochemistry and Photobiology, 1998, 68, 361-369.	2.5	26

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163	Stationary Headband for Clinical Time-of-Flight Optical Imaging at the Bedside. Photochemistry and Photobiology, 1998, 68, 361.	2.5	6
164	Lack of Inhibition of Intestinal Heme Oxygenase by Antibiotics and Tin-Protoporphyrin. Pediatric Research, 1988, 23, 50-53.	2.3	9
165	Obstetrical conditions and practices that affect the fetus and newborn., 0,, 103-109.		O
166	Complications of labor and delivery. , 0, , 134-142.		1
167	Neonatal stroke. , 0, , 296-303.		O
168	Bacterial sepsis in the neonate., 0,, 331-346.		0
169	Fetal response to asphyxia., 0,, 143-162.		2
170	Endogenous and exogenous neuroprotective mechanisms after hypoxic–ischemic injury. , 0, , 485-498.		0
171	Mechanisms of neurodegeneration and therapeutics in animal models of neonatal hypoxic–ischemic encephalopathy., 0,, 14-37.		O
172	Cellular and molecular biology of hypoxic–ischemic encephalopathy. , 0, , 38-47.		0
173	The pathogenesis of preterm brain injury. , 0, , 48-58.		O
174	Prematurity and complications of labor and delivery., 0,, 59-68.		0
175	Risks and complications of multiple gestations. , 0, , 69-74.		O
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