

# Beatriz Muñoz

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

65  
papers

1,521  
citations

394286

19  
h-index

345118

36  
g-index

65  
all docs

65  
docs citations

65  
times ranked

1388  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The Impact of Image Quality and Trachomatous Inflammation on Using Photography for Trachoma Prevalence Surveys. <i>Translational Vision Science and Technology</i> , 2022, 11, 11.	1.1	2
2	Visual Impairment and Eye Diseases in HIV-infected People in the Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) Era in Rakai, Uganda. <i>Ophthalmic Epidemiology</i> , 2021, 28, 63-69.	0.8	3
3	Vision Impairment and Participation in Cognitively Stimulating Activities: The Health ABC Study. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2021, 76, 835-841.	1.7	15
4	Children as messengers of health knowledge? Impact of health promotion and water infrastructure in schools on facial cleanliness and trachoma in the community. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009119.	1.3	3
5	Serology, infection, and clinical trachoma as tools in prevalence surveys for re-emergence of trachoma in a formerly hyperendemic district. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009343.	1.3	10
6	Association of Vision Impairment With Cognitive Decline Across Multiple Domains in Older Adults. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2021, 4, e2117416.	2.8	34
7	Causes of death after biannual azithromycin treatment: A community-level randomized clinical trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0250197.	1.1	0
8	Environmental factors and hygiene behaviors associated with facial cleanliness and trachoma in Kongwa, Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009902.	1.3	1
9	A decade of decline: Grant funding for researchers with disabilities 2008 to 2018. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0228686.	1.1	24
10	Faster Sensitivity Loss around Dense Scotomas than for Overall Macular Sensitivity in Stargardt Disease: ProgStar Report No. 14. <i>American Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2020, 216, 219-225.	1.7	20
11	Maximising trichiasis surgery success (MTSS) trial: rationale and design of a randomised controlled trial to improve trachomatous trichiasis surgical outcomes. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e036327.	0.8	5
12	Impact of Biannual Azithromycin on Anemia in Preschool Children in Kilosa District, Tanzania: A Cluster-Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2020, 103, 1311-1314.	0.6	2
13	Biannual Treatment of Preschool Children with Single Dose Azithromycin to Reduce Mortality: Impact on Azithromycin Resistance in the MORDOR Trial in Tanzania. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2020, 103, 1301-1307.	0.6	5
14	The Babesia observational antibody (BAOBAB) study: A cross-sectional evaluation of Babesia in two communities in Kilosa district, Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007632.	1.3	6
15	Pre-operative trichiatic eyelash pattern predicts post-operative trachomatous trichiasis. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007637.	1.3	9
16	The impact on malaria of biannual treatment with azithromycin in children age less than 5Âyears: a prospective study. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2019, 18, 284.	0.8	3
17	Potential Effect of Epilation on the Outcome of Surgery for Trachomatous Trichiasis. <i>Translational Vision Science and Technology</i> , 2019, 8, 30.	1.1	2
18	Visual Acuity Outcomes after Cataract Surgery. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2019, 126, 1480-1489.	2.5	22

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19	VISUAL IMPAIRMENT AND ENGAGEMENT IN COGNITIVELY STIMULATING ACTIVITIES. <i>Innovation in Aging</i> , 2019, 3, S656-S656.	0.0	0
20	Evidence for contamination with <i>C. trachomatis</i> in the household environment of children with active Trachoma: A cross-sectional study in Kongwa, Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007834.	1.3	2
21	Trachoma elimination in Latin America: prioritization of municipalities for surveillance activities. <i>Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019, 43, 1.	0.6	11
22	A Cross-Sectional Study of the Availability of Azithromycin in Local Pharmacies and Associated Antibiotic Resistance in Communities in Kilosa District, Tanzania. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2019, 100, 1105-1109.	0.6	4
23	Patient-centered communication of community treatment assistants in Tanzania predicts coverage of future mass drug administration for trachoma. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2018, 101, 1075-1081.	1.0	4
24	Risk factors for incidence of trachomatous scarring in a cohort of women in low endemic district. <i>British Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2018, 102, 419-423.	2.1	7
25	Longitudinal change in the serology of antibodies to <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> pgp3 in children residing in a trachoma area. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 3520.	1.6	21
26	Evaluation of the reproducibility of a serological test for antibodies to <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> pgp3: A potential surveillance tool for trachoma programs. <i>Journal of Microbiological Methods</i> , 2018, 147, 56-58.	0.7	15
27	Chloral Hydrate Administered by a Dedicated Sedation Service Can Be Used Safely and Effectively for Pediatric Ophthalmic Examination. <i>American Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2018, 192, 39-46.	1.7	14
28	Effect of Chloral Hydrate Sedation on Intraocular Pressure in a Pediatric Population. <i>American Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 2018, 194, 126-133.	1.7	7
29	<i>Babesia microti</i> and Malaria Infection in Africa: A Pilot Serosurvey in Kilosa District, Tanzania. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2018, 99, 51-56.	0.6	15
30	Evaluation of a field test for antibodies against <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> during trachoma surveillance in Nepal. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2017, 88, 3-6.	0.8	6
31	Progression of Visual Acuity and Fundus Autofluorescence in Recent-Onset Stargardt Disease: ProgStar Study Report #4. <i>Ophthalmology Retina</i> , 2017, 1, 514-523.	1.2	28
32	Metrics and Acquisition Modes for Fixation Stability as a Visual Function Biomarker. , 2017, 58, BIO268.		16
33	Treating village newcomers and travelers for trachoma: Results from ASANTE cluster randomized trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0178595.	1.1	4
34	The "F" in SAFE: Reliability of assessing clean faces for trachoma control in the field. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0006019.	1.3	11
35	Trachomatous scarring among children in a formerly hyper-endemic district of Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0006085.	1.3	1
36	Identifying Patient Perceived Barriers to Trichiasis Surgery in Kongwa District, Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005211.	1.3	16

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37	Antibiotic Resistance in Young Children in Kilosa District, Tanzania 4 Years after Mass Distribution of Azithromycin for Trachoma Control. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 815-818.	0.6	18
38	Longitudinal Comparison of Antibiotic Resistance in Diarrheagenic and Non-pathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> from Young Tanzanian Children. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2016, 7, 1420.	1.5	36
39	The Icare HOME (TA022) Study. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2016, 123, 1675-1684.	2.5	57
40	Surveillance and Azithromycin Treatment for Newcomers and Travelers Evaluation (ASANTE) Trial: Design and Baseline Characteristics. <i>Ophthalmic Epidemiology</i> , 2016, 23, 347-353.	0.8	13
41	Can We Use Antibodies to <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> as a Surveillance Tool for National Trachoma Control Programs? Results from a District Survey. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2016, 10, e0004352.	1.3	46
42	Quantitative analysis of iris parameters in keratoconus patients using optical coherence tomography. <i>Arquivos Brasileiros De Oftalmologia</i> , 2015, 78, 305-9.	0.2	5
43	Assessment of a Novel Approach to Identify Trichiasis Cases Using Community Treatment Assistants in Tanzania. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004270.	1.3	10
44	The Distribution of Ocular <i>Chlamydia</i> Prevalence across Tanzanian Communities Where Trachoma Is Declining. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003682.	1.3	10
45	Author reply. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2015, 122, e31-e32.	2.5	0
46	Comparing the Impact of Refractive and Nonrefractive Vision Loss on Functioning and Disability. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2015, 122, 1102-1110.	2.5	28
47	Community mass treatment with azithromycin for trachoma: Factors associated with change in participation of children from the first to the second round. <i>Clinical Epidemiology and Global Health</i> , 2015, 3, 37-43.	0.9	4
48	Assessment of oxygen saturation in retinal vessels of normal subjects and diabetic patients with and without retinopathy using Flow Oximetry System. <i>Quantitative Imaging in Medicine and Surgery</i> , 2015, 5, 86-96.	1.1	7
49	Gender and performance of community treatment assistants in Tanzania. <i>International Journal for Quality in Health Care</i> , 2014, 26, 524-529.	0.9	8
50	Geospatial Distribution and Clustering of <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> in Communities Undergoing Mass Azithromycin Treatment. , 2014, 55, 4144.		12
51	Long-term Outcomes of Boston Type 1 Keratoprosthesis Implantation. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2014, 121, 2159-2164.	2.5	131
52	Longitudinal Changes of Angle Configuration in Primary Angle-Closure Suspects. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2014, 121, 1699-1705.	2.5	84
53	Can Clinical Signs of Trachoma Be Used after Multiple Rounds of Mass Antibiotic Treatment to Indicate Infection?. , 2011, 52, 8806.		21
54	Trachoma Prevalence and Associated Risk Factors in The Gambia and Tanzania: Baseline Results of a Cluster Randomised Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2010, 4, e861.	1.3	73

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55	Prevalence of Age-Related Macular Degeneration in a Population-Based Sample of Hispanic People in Arizona: Proyecto VER. <i>JAMA Ophthalmology</i> , 2005, 123, 1575.	2.6	59
56	Antibiotic Dosage in Trachoma Control Programs: Height as a Surrogate for Weight in Children. , 2003, 44, 1464.		24
57	Blindness, visual impairment and the problem of uncorrected refractive error in a Mexican-American population: Proyecto VER. <i>Investigative Ophthalmology and Visual Science</i> , 2002, 43, 608-14.	3.3	93
58	Progression of active trachoma to scarring in a cohort of Tanzanian children. <i>Ophthalmic Epidemiology</i> , 2001, 8, 137-144.	0.8	110
59	OmpA genotypic evidence for persistent ocular <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infection in Tanzanian village women. <i>Ophthalmic Epidemiology</i> , 2001, 8, 127-135.	0.8	33
60	Determination of Risk Factor Associations with Questionnaire Outcomes: A Methods Case Study. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1999, 150, 1165-1178.	1.6	22
61	Incidence estimates of late stages of trachoma among women in a hyperendemic area of central Tanzania. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 1997, 2, 1030-1038.	1.0	36
62	Testing a participatory strategy to change hygiene behaviour: face washing in central Tanzania. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 1994, 88, 513-517.	0.7	35
63	An abbreviated assessment of ocular exposure to ultraviolet radiation. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 1992, 20, 219-222.	0.4	4
64	The incidence and progression of lens opacities. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Ophthalmology</i> , 1991, 19, 353-356.	0.4	20
65	The Epidemiology of Trachoma in Central Tanzania. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1991, 20, 1088-1092.	0.9	174