Barry J Doyle

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

84 1,919 28 42 g-index

99 2,333 4 5.05 ext. papers ext. citations avg, IF L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|--|--------------|-----------|
| 84 | Natural, synthetic and commercially-available biopolymers used to regenerate tendons and ligaments <i>Bioactive Materials</i> , 2023 , 19, 179-197 | 16.7 | 3 |
| 83 | Multi-response optimization of shrinkage, clamp force, and part weight in simulated injection molding process of a dialysis micro-filter. <i>Journal of Applied Polymer Science</i> , 2022 , 139, 51732 | 2.9 | 0 |
| 82 | Micromechanical Force Measurement of Clotted Blood Particle Cohesion: Understanding Thromboembolic Aggregation Mechanisms <i>Cardiovascular Engineering and Technology</i> , 2022 , 1 | 2.2 | |
| 81 | The technological advancement to engineer next-generation stent-grafts: design, material, and fabrication techniques <i>Advanced Healthcare Materials</i> , 2022 , e2200271 | 10.1 | 1 |
| 80 | Proximal false lumen thrombosis is associated with low false lumen pressure and fewer complications in type B aortic dissection. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2021 , | 3.5 | 1 |
| 79 | Investigating the Upstream and Downstream Hemodynamic Boundary Conditions of Healthy and Growth-Restricted Rat Feto-Placental Arterial Networks. <i>Annals of Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2021 , 49, 2183-2195 | 4.7 | 1 |
| 78 | Hemodynamic Comparison of Stent-Grafts for the Treatment of Aortoiliac Occlusive Disease. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2021 , 28, 623-635 | 2.5 | 2 |
| 77 | Determining an Appropriate To-Keep-Vein-Open (TKVO) Infusion Rate for Peripheral Intravenous Catheter Usage 2021 , 26, 13-20 | | 1 |
| 76 | Coronary artery segmentation from intravascular optical coherence tomography using deep capsules. <i>Artificial Intelligence in Medicine</i> , 2021 , 116, 102072 | 7.4 | 1 |
| 75 | Development of 3D bioprinted GelMA-alginate hydrogels with tunable mechanical properties. <i>Bioprinting</i> , 2021 , 21, e00105 | 7 | 13 |
| 74 | Response to "Re Biomechanical Assessment Predicts Aneurysm Related Events in Patients with Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm". <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2021 , 61, 164 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 73 | A novel biocompatible polymeric blend for applications requiring high toughness and tailored degradation rate. <i>Journal of Materials Chemistry B</i> , 2021 , 9, 2532-2546 | 7.3 | 4 |
| 72 | Biofabrication and Signaling Strategies for Tendon/Ligament Interfacial Tissue Engineering. <i>ACS Biomaterials Science and Engineering</i> , 2021 , 7, 383-399 | 5.5 | 7 |
| 71 | Low Endothelial Shear Stress Is Associated With High-Risk Coronary Plaque Features and Microcalcification Activity. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2021 , 14, 2262-2264 | 8.4 | |
| 70 | Low Shear Stress at Baseline Predicts Expansion and Aneurysm-Related Events in Patients With Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2021 , CIRCIMAGING121013160 | 3.9 | 1 |
| 69 | Multimodal Imaging and Analysis of the Neuroanatomical Organization of the Primary Olfactory Inputs in the Brownbanded Bamboo Shark,. <i>Frontiers in Neuroanatomy</i> , 2020 , 14, 560534 | 3.6 | 1 |
| 68 | Surgical Decision Making in Uncomplicated Type B Aortic Dissection: A Survey of Australian/New Zealand and European Surgeons. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2020 , 60, 194- | 2 0 0 | 5 |

(2017-2020)

| 67 | Biomechanical Assessment Predicts Aneurysm Related Events in Patients with Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2020 , 60, 365-373 | 2.3 | 13 |
|----|---|------|-----|
| 66 | Morphology and Computational Fluid Dynamics Support a Novel Classification of Common Iliac Aneurysms. <i>European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery</i> , 2020 , 59, 786-793 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 65 | The application of computational modeling for risk prediction in type B aortic dissection. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2020 , 71, 1789-1801.e3 | 3.5 | 7 |
| 64 | Assessment of cerebrovascular responses to physiological stimuli in identical twins using multimodal imaging and computational fluid dynamics. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2020 , 129, 1024-7 | 1037 | 1 |
| 63 | Management of acute type B aortic dissection. ANZ Journal of Surgery, 2020, 90, 2425-2433 | 1 | 2 |
| 62 | A computational framework to investigate retinal haemodynamics and tissue stress. <i>Biomechanics and Modeling in Mechanobiology</i> , 2019 , 18, 1745-1757 | 3.8 | 1 |
| 61 | Morphology and Hemodynamics in Isolated Common Iliac Artery Aneurysms Impacts Proximal Aortic Remodeling. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2019 , 39, 1125-1136 | 9.4 | 12 |
| 60 | Development of a shear-thinning biomaterial as an endovascular embolic agent for the treatment of type B aortic dissection. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2019 , 99, 66-77 | 4.1 | 3 |
| 59 | Simulating Platelet Transport in Type-B Aortic Dissection 2019 , 145-159 | | 1 |
| 58 | The mechanistic causes of peripheral intravenous catheter failure based on a parametric computational study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 3441 | 4.9 | 35 |
| 57 | Mechanical behaviour of alginate-gelatin hydrogels for 3D bioprinting. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2018 , 79, 150-157 | 4.1 | 150 |
| 56 | Wall Stress and Geometry of the Thoracic Aorta in Patients With Aortic Valve Disease. <i>Annals of Thoracic Surgery</i> , 2018 , 105, 1077-1085 | 2.7 | 7 |
| 55 | Characterisation of hyaluronic acid methylcellulose hydrogels for 3D bioprinting. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2018 , 77, 389-399 | 4.1 | 86 |
| 54 | Measurement of the Mechanical Properties of Biological Tissues 2017 , 255-269 | | |
| 53 | Patient Specific Modelling 2017 , 207-230 | | |
| 52 | Viscosity and haemodynamics in a late gestation rat feto-placental arterial network. <i>Biomechanics and Modeling in Mechanobiology</i> , 2017 , 16, 1361-1372 | 3.8 | 17 |
| 51 | The Effects of Geometric Variation from OCT-Derived 3D Reconstructions on Wall Shear Stress in a Patient-Specific Coronary Artery 2017 , 1-13 | | 1 |
| 50 | Blood flow velocity prediction in aorto-iliac stent grafts using computational fluid dynamics and Taguchi method. <i>Computers in Biology and Medicine</i> , 2017 , 84, 235-246 | 7 | 4 |

| 49 | Parameter optimization for 3D bioprinting of hydrogels. <i>Bioprinting</i> , 2017 , 8, 8-12 | 7 | 67 |
|----|--|------|----|
| 48 | Exploring the Biological and Mechanical Properties of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms Using USPIO MRI and Peak Tissue Stress: A Combined Clinical and Finite Element Study. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Translational Research</i> , 2017 , 10, 489-498 | 3.3 | 8 |
| 47 | Aortic Wall Inflammation Predicts Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Expansion, Rupture, and Need for Surgical Repair. <i>Circulation</i> , 2017 , 136, 787-797 | 16.7 | 85 |
| 46 | BioPARR: A software system for estimating the rupture potential index for abdominal aortic aneurysms. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 4641 | 4.9 | 34 |
| 45 | Haemodynamics and stresses in abdominal aortic aneurysms: A fluid-structure interaction study into the effect of proximal neck and iliac bifurcation angle. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2017 , 60, 150-156 | 2.9 | 22 |
| 44 | A comparison of hemodynamic metrics and intraluminal thrombus burden in a common iliac artery aneurysm. <i>International Journal for Numerical Methods in Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2017 , 33, e2821 | 2.6 | 26 |
| 43 | Aneurysms 2017 , 307-329 | | |
| 42 | Numerical investigations of rib fracture failure models in different dynamic loading conditions. <i>Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2016 , 19, 527-37 | 2.1 | 7 |
| 41 | Computational Biomechanics in Thoracic Aortic Dissection: Today Approaches and Tomorrow Opportunities. <i>Annals of Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2016 , 44, 71-83 | 4.7 | 21 |
| 40 | A simple, effective and clinically applicable method to compute abdominal aortic aneurysm wall stress. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2016 , 58, 139-148 | 4.1 | 53 |
| 39 | Fundus Image Based Blood Flow Simulation of the Retinal Arteries 2016 , 143-154 | | 1 |
| 38 | Commentary: Computational Biomechanics-Based Rupture Prediction of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2016 , 23, 121-4 | 2.5 | 5 |
| 37 | The influence of downstream branching arteries on upstream haemodynamics. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2016 , 49, 3090-3096 | 2.9 | 8 |
| 36 | Patient-specific biomechanical model as whole-body CT image registration tool. <i>Medical Image Analysis</i> , 2015 , 22, 22-34 | 15.4 | 17 |
| 35 | Towards measuring neuroimage misalignment. Computers in Biology and Medicine, 2015, 64, 12-23 | 7 | 12 |
| 34 | Modified moving least squares with polynomial bases for scattered data approximation. <i>Applied Mathematics and Computation</i> , 2015 , 266, 893-902 | 2.7 | 44 |
| 33 | Determining the influence of calcification on the failure properties of abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) tissue. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2015 , 42, 154-67 | 4.1 | 50 |
| 32 | Commentary: Computational Modeling of Contemporary Stent-Grafts. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2015 , 22, 591-3 | 2.5 | 2 |

(2010-2015)

| 31 | MRI using ultrasmall superparamagnetic particles of iron oxide in patients under surveillance for abdominal aortic aneurysms to predict rupture or surgical repair: MRI for abdominal aortic aneurysms to predict rupture or surgery-the MA(3)RS study. <i>Open Heart</i> , 2015 , 2, e000190 | 3 | 37 | |
|----|--|-----|----|--|
| 30 | Regions of high wall stress can predict the future location of rupture of abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>CardioVascular and Interventional Radiology</i> , 2014 , 37, 815-8 | 2.7 | 29 | |
| 29 | On the potential of hydrated storage for naturally derived ECMs and associated effects on mechanical and cellular performance. <i>Journal of Biomedical Materials Research - Part B Applied Biomaterials</i> , 2014 , 102, 89-97 | 3.5 | 8 | |
| 28 | The biaxial biomechanical behavior of abdominal aortic aneurysm tissue. <i>Annals of Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2014 , 42, 2440-50 | 4.7 | 38 | |
| 27 | The biaxial mechanical behaviour of abdominal aortic aneurysm intraluminal thrombus: classification of morphology and the determination of layer and region specific properties. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2014 , 47, 1430-7 | 2.9 | 58 | |
| 26 | The impact of long term freezing on the mechanical properties of porcine aortic tissue. <i>Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials</i> , 2014 , 37, 165-73 | 4.1 | 62 | |
| 25 | More accurate neuronavigation data provided by biomechanical modeling instead of rigid registration. <i>Journal of Neurosurgery</i> , 2014 , 120, 1477-83 | 3.2 | 32 | |
| 24 | Analysis of image formation in optical coherence elastography using a multiphysics approach. <i>Biomedical Optics Express</i> , 2014 , 5, 2913-30 | 3.5 | 49 | |
| 23 | 3D-Printed Tissue-Mimicking Phantoms for Medical Imaging and Computational Validation Applications. <i>3D Printing and Additive Manufacturing</i> , 2014 , 1, 14-23 | 4 | 60 | |
| 22 | From Detection to Rupture: A Serial Computational Fluid Dynamics Case Study of a Rapidly Expanding, Patient-Specific, Ruptured Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm 2014 , 53-68 | | 17 | |
| 21 | Comparison of methods used to measure the thickness of soft tissues and their influence on the evaluation of tensile stress. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2013 , 46, 1955-60 | 2.9 | 34 | |
| 20 | On the influence of patient-specific material properties in computational simulations: a case study of a large ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>International Journal for Numerical Methods in Biomedical Engineering</i> , 2013 , 29, 150-64 | 2.6 | 17 | |
| 19 | On the prediction of monocyte deposition in abdominal aortic aneurysms using computational fluid dynamics. <i>Proceedings of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers, Part H: Journal of Engineering in Medicine</i> , 2013 , 227, 1114-24 | 1.7 | 20 | |
| 18 | Use of the photoelastic method and finite element analysis in the assessment of wall strain in abdominal aortic aneurysm models. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2012 , 45, 1759-68 | 2.9 | 22 | |
| 17 | Computer-Aided Diagnosis of Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms. <i>Studies in Mechanobiology, Tissue Engineering and Biomaterials</i> , 2011 , 119-138 | 0.5 | 6 | |
| 16 | Computational rupture prediction of AAAs: what needs to be done next?. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2011 , 18, 226-9 | 2.5 | 7 | |
| 15 | New approaches to abdominal aortic aneurysm rupture risk assessment: engineering insights with clinical gain. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2010 , 30, 1687-94 | 9.4 | 81 | |
| 14 | Engineering silicone rubbers for in vitro studies: creating AAA models and ILT analogues with physiological properties. <i>Journal of Biomechanical Engineering</i> , 2010 , 132, 011008 | 2.1 | 35 | |

| 13 | Identification of rupture locations in patient-specific abdominal aortic aneurysms using experimental and computational techniques. <i>Journal of Biomechanics</i> , 2010 , 43, 1408-16 | 2.9 | 55 |
|----|---|------|-----|
| 12 | A Finite Element Analysis Rupture Index (FEARI) Assessment of Electively Repaired and Symptomatic/Ruptured Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms. <i>IFMBE Proceedings</i> , 2010 , 883-886 | 0.2 | 6 |
| 11 | An experimental and numerical comparison of the rupture locations of an abdominal aortic aneurysm. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2009 , 16, 322-35 | 2.5 | 32 |
| 10 | Experimental modelling of aortic aneurysms: novel applications of silicone rubbers. <i>Medical Engineering and Physics</i> , 2009 , 31, 1002-12 | 2.4 | 36 |
| 9 | Improved assessment and treatment of abdominal aortic aneurysms: the use of 3D reconstructions as a surgical guidance tool in endovascular repair. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2009 , 178, 321-8 | 1.9 | 12 |
| 8 | Vessel asymmetry as an additional diagnostic tool in the assessment of abdominal aortic aneurysms. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2009 , 49, 443-54 | 3.5 | 103 |
| 7 | A Finite Element Analysis Rupture Index (FEARI) as an Additional Tool for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Rupture Prediction. <i>Vascular Disease Prevention</i> , 2009 , 6, 114-121 | | 11 |
| 6 | A Finite Element Analysis Rupture Index (FEARI) as an Additional Tool for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Rupture Prediction. <i>Vascular Disease Prevention</i> , 2009 , 6, 114-121 | | 24 |
| 5 | Geometrical enhancements for abdominal aortic stent-grafts. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2008 , 15, 518-29 | 2.5 | 38 |
| 4 | 3D reconstruction and manufacture of real abdominal aortic aneurysms: from CT scan to silicone model. <i>Journal of Biomechanical Engineering</i> , 2008 , 130, 034501 | 2.1 | 51 |
| 3 | A review of the in vivo and in vitro biomechanical behavior and performance of postoperative abdominal aortic aneurysms and implanted stent-grafts. <i>Journal of Endovascular Therapy</i> , 2008 , 15, 468 | -845 | 35 |
| 2 | A comparison of modelling techniques for computing wall stress in abdominal aortic aneurysms. <i>BioMedical Engineering OnLine</i> , 2007 , 6, 38 | 4.1 | 50 |
| 1 | Spatially Heterogeneous Tubular Scaffolds for In Situ Heart Valve Tissue Engineering Using Melt | 15.6 | 6 |