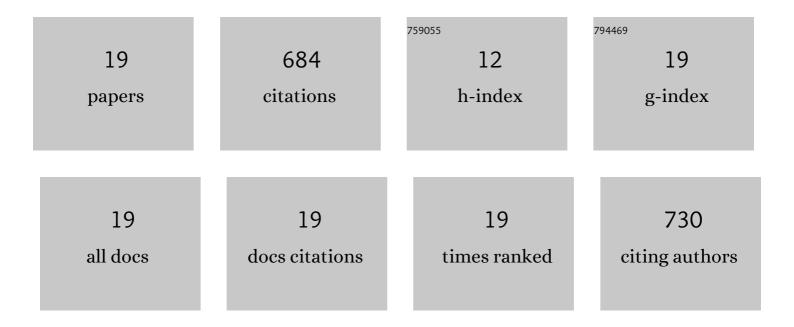
## Maria Carliana Mota

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9536838/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Role of chronotype in dietary intake, meal timing, and obesity: a systematic review. Nutrition Reviews, 2022, 81, 75-90.	2.6	36
2	Circadian Misalignment Is Negatively Associated with the Anthropometric, Metabolic and Food Intake Outcomes of Bariatric Patients 6ÂMonths After Surgery. Obesity Surgery, 2021, 31, 159-169.	1.1	10
3	SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS RELATED TO KNOWING THE BENEFITS OF BREASTFEEDING. Revista Paulista De Pediatria, 2021, 39, e2020101.	0.4	2
4	Social Jetlag Is Associated With Impaired Metabolic Control During a 1-Year Follow-Up. Frontiers in Physiology, 2021, 12, 702769.	1.3	13
5	A High-Protein Meal during a Night Shift Does Not Improve Postprandial Metabolic Response the Following Breakfast: A Randomized Crossover Study with Night Workers. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 2071.	1.7	2
6	Effect of consuming a late-night high-protein/moderate-carbohydrate vs. low-protein/high-carbohydrate meal by night workers on their food perceptions later during the day: a randomized crossover study. Chronobiology International, 2020, 37, 1392-1399.	0.9	3
7	Higher energy intake at night effects daily energy distribution and contributes to excessive weight gain during pregnancy. Nutrition, 2020, 74, 110756.	1.1	13
8	New perspectives on chrononutrition. Biological Rhythm Research, 2019, 50, 63-77.	0.4	28
9	Caloric midpoint is associated with total calorie and macronutrient intake and body mass index in undergraduate students. Chronobiology International, 2019, 36, 1418-1428.	0.9	12
10	Association between social jetlag food consumption and meal times in patients with obesity-related chronic diseases. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0212126.	1.1	78
11	Eveningness is associated with skipping breakfast and poor nutritional intake in Brazilian undergraduate students. Chronobiology International, 2018, 35, 358-367.	0.9	51
12	Social Jetlag Among Night Workers is Negatively Associated with the Frequency of Moderate or Vigorous Physical Activity and with Energy Expenditure Related to Physical Activity. Journal of Biological Rhythms, 2017, 32, 83-93.	1.4	39
13	Social jetlag and metabolic control in non-communicable chronic diseases: a study addressing different obesity statuses. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 6358.	1.6	74
14	The association between anxiety, hunger, the enjoyment of eating foods and the satiety after food intake in individuals working a night shift compared with after taking a nocturnal sleep: A prospective and observational study. Appetite, 2017, 108, 255-262.	1.8	15
15	Chronotype, social jetlag and sleep debt are associated with dietary intake among Brazilian undergraduate students. Chronobiology International, 2016, 33, 740-748.	0.9	88
16	Association between chronotype, food intake and physical activity in medical residents. Chronobiology International, 2016, 33, 730-739.	0.9	74
17	Nutritional status and eating habits of bus drivers during the day and night. Chronobiology International, 2014, 31, 1123-1129.	0.9	59
18	Sleep pattern is associated with adipokine levels and nutritional markers in resident physicians. Chronobiology International, 2014, 31, 1130-1138.	0.9	38

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Dietary Patterns, Metabolic Markers and Subjective Sleep Measures in Resident Physicians. Chronobiology International, 2013, 30, 1032-1041.	0.9	49