

Antoinette M Schoenthaler

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

77
papers

1,915
citations

22
h-index

42
g-index

88
ext. papers

2,362
ext. citations

3.9
avg, IF

4.86
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|---|--------|-----------|
| 77 | Rehabilitation Using Mobile Health for Older Adults With Ischemic Heart Disease in the Home Setting (RESILIENT): Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial.. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2022 , 11, e32163 | 1.63 | 1 |
| 76 | Racialized economic segregation and health outcomes: A systematic review of studies that use the Index of Concentration at the Extremes for race, income, and their interaction.. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0262962 | 2.7962 | 2 |
| 75 | Medication Adherence and Blood Pressure Control: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2022 , 79, e1-e14 | 8.5 | 11 |
| 74 | A Social Media-Based Diabetes Intervention for Low-Income Mandarin-Speaking Chinese Immigrants in the United States: Feasibility Study.. <i>JMIR Formative Research</i> , 2022 , 6, e37737 | 2.5 | 0 |
| 73 | 15296 A scoping review of challenges to approve community-engaged research proposals and best practices when working with the Institutional Review Board. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2021 , 5, 79-79 | 0.4 | |
| 72 | Assessment of Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Access to COVID-19 Vaccination Sites in Brooklyn, New York. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2021 , 4, e2113937 | 10.4 | 7 |
| 71 | Bridging the evidence-to-practice gap: a stepped-wedge cluster randomized controlled trial evaluating practice facilitation as a strategy to accelerate translation of a multi-level adherence intervention into safety net practices. <i>Implementation Science Communications</i> , 2021 , 2, 21 | 2.2 | 1 |
| 70 | The Association between Maternal Experiences of Interpersonal Discrimination and Adverse Birth Outcomes: A Systematic Review of the Evidence. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021 , 18, | 4.6 | 5 |
| 69 | Validation of EHR medication fill data obtained through electronic linkage with pharmacies. <i>Journal of Managed Care & Specialty Pharmacy</i> , 2021 , 27, 1482-1487 | 1.9 | 1 |
| 68 | "They are talking from the Encyclopedia Britannica brain": diabetes patients' perceptions of barriers to communicating with physicians. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2020 , 20, 211 | 2.9 | 3 |
| 67 | Capsule Commentary for Rogers et al., Patients' Attitudes and Perceptions Regarding Social Needs Screening and Navigation: Multi-Site Survey in a Large Integrated Health System. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2020 , 35, 1625 | 4 | 0 |
| 66 | Development and Evaluation of a Tailored Mobile Health Intervention to Improve Medication Adherence in Black Patients With Uncontrolled Hypertension and Type 2 Diabetes: Pilot Randomized Feasibility Trial. <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2020 , 8, e17135 | 5.5 | 1 |
| 65 | Adaptation and Evaluation of a Symptom-Monitoring Digital Health Intervention for Patients With Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma: Pilot Mixed-Methods Implementation Study. <i>JMIR Formative Research</i> , 2020 , 4, e18982 | 2.5 | 2 |
| 64 | Investigation of a Mobile Health Texting Tool for Embedding Patient-Reported Data Into Diabetes Management (i-Matter): Development and Usability Study. <i>JMIR Formative Research</i> , 2020 , 4, e18554 | 2.5 | 2 |
| 63 | Strategies to Improve Adherence to Anti-Hypertensive Medications: a Narrative Review. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2020 , 22, 105 | 4.7 | 2 |
| 62 | A Systems-Level Approach to Improving Medication Adherence in Hypertensive Latinos: a Randomized Control Trial. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2020 , 35, 182-189 | 4 | 4 |
| 61 | Understanding the Patient Experience Through the Lenses of Racial/Ethnic and Gender Patient-Physician Concordance. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2020 , 3, e2025349 | 10.4 | 1 |

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| 60 | Mobile Health Technologies for Older Adults with Cardiovascular Disease: Current Evidence and Future Directions. <i>Current Geriatrics Reports</i> , 2019 , 8, 31-42 | 1.3 | 19 |
| 59 | Provider burnout and patient-provider communication in the context of hypertension care. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2019 , 102, 1452-1459 | 3.1 | 3 |
| 58 | The rationale and design of the personal diet study, a randomized clinical trial evaluating a personalized approach to weight loss in individuals with pre-diabetes and early-stage type 2 diabetes. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials</i> , 2019 , 79, 80-88 | 2.3 | 10 |
| 57 | Comprehensive examination of the multilevel adverse risk and protective factors for cardiovascular disease among hypertensive African Americans. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2019 , 21, 794-803 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 56 | Value of Digital Patient Reported Outcomes (PROs) - Long-Term Management of Treatment Fatigue in Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019 , 134, 3439-3439 | 2.2 | 1 |
| 55 | Use of Technology to Promote Child Behavioral Health in the Context of Pediatric Care: A Scoping Review and Applications to Low- and Middle-Income Countries. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019 , 10, 806 | 5 | 2 |
| 54 | The time is now: Fostering relationship-centered discussions about patients' social determinants of health. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2019 , 102, 810-814 | 3.1 | 8 |
| 53 | It takes two to tango: A dyadic approach to understanding the medication dialogue in patient-provider relationships. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2018 , 101, 1500-1505 | 3.1 | 6 |
| 52 | Investigation of Motivational Interviewing and Prevention Consults to Achieve Cardiovascular Targets (IMPACT) trial. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2018 , 199, 37-43 | 4.9 | 4 |
| 51 | The nature and scope of patient-sharing network research: a novel, important area for network science. <i>Translational Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2018 , 8, 626-628 | 3.2 | 3 |
| 50 | Introducing Primary Care Telephone Visits: An Urban Safety-Net Community Clinic Experience. <i>Journal of Primary Care and Community Health</i> , 2018 , 9, 2150132718792154 | 2.1 | 2 |
| 49 | Medication Adherence Improvement Similar for Shared Decision-Making Preference or Longer Patient-Provider Relationship. <i>Journal of the American Board of Family Medicine</i> , 2018 , 31, 752-760 | 1.6 | 19 |
| 48 | Cluster Randomized Clinical Trial of FAITH (Faith-Based Approaches in the Treatment of Hypertension) in Blacks. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2018 , 11, e004691 | 5.8 | 40 |
| 47 | Reexamining medication adherence in black patients with hypertension through the lens of the social determinants of health. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2017 , 19, 1025-1027 | 2.3 | 7 |
| 46 | Addressing the Social Needs of Hypertensive Patients: The Role of Patient-Provider Communication as a Predictor of Medication Adherence. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2017 , 10, | 5.8 | 23 |
| 45 | Color-Blind and Multicultural Strategies in Medical Settings. <i>Social Issues and Policy Review</i> , 2017 , 11, 124-158 | 8.6 | 8 |
| 44 | Cardiovascular health in Hispanics/Latinos: a reexamination of the Hispanic paradox. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2017 , 19, 114-115 | 2.3 | 3 |
| 43 | Combining Text Messaging and Telephone Counseling to Increase Varenicline Adherence and Smoking Abstinence Among Cigarette Smokers Living with HIV: A Randomized Controlled Study. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 21, 1964-1974 | 4.3 | 32 |

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| 42 | Simulated Conversations With Virtual Humans to Improve Patient-Provider Communication and Reduce Unnecessary Prescriptions for Antibiotics: A Repeated Measure Pilot Study. <i>JMIR Medical Education</i> , 2017 , 3, e7 | 5 | 11 |
| 41 | Predictors of Changes in Medication Adherence in Blacks with Hypertension: Moving Beyond Cross-Sectional Data. <i>Annals of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2016 , 50, 642-652 | 4.5 | 10 |
| 40 | Comparative Effectiveness of a Practice-Based Comprehensive Lifestyle Intervention vs. Single Session Counseling in Hypertensive Blacks. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2016 , 29, 280-7 | 2.3 | 2 |
| 39 | Rates and Predictors of Uncontrolled Hypertension Among Hypertensive Homeless Adults Using New York City Shelter-Based Clinics. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2016 , 14, 41-6 | 2.9 | 21 |
| 38 | Rationale and design of the Investigation of Motivational Interviewing and Prevention Consults to Achieve Cardiovascular Targets (IMPACT) trial. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2015 , 170, 430-7.e9 | 4.9 | 6 |
| 37 | Panel Management to Improve Smoking and Hypertension Outcomes by VA Primary Care Teams: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2015 , 30, 916-23 | 4 | 10 |
| 36 | Medication Routines and Adherence Among Hypertensive African Americans. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2015 , 17, 668-72 | 2.3 | 16 |
| 35 | Center for stroke disparities solutions community- based care transition interventions: study protocol of a randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 32 | 2.8 | 7 |
| 34 | A practice-based randomized controlled trial to improve medication adherence among Latinos with hypertension: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 290 | 2.8 | 9 |
| 33 | The FAITH Trial: Baseline Characteristics of a Church-based Trial to Improve Blood Pressure Control in Blacks. <i>Ethnicity and Disease</i> , 2015 , 25, 337-44 | 1.8 | 9 |
| 32 | Correlates of Adherence to Varenicline Among HIV+ Smokers. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2015 , 17, 968-74 | 4.9 | 17 |
| 31 | Psychosocial risk factors for hypertension: an update of the literature. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2014 , 16, 483 | 4.7 | 96 |
| 30 | Rationale and design of Faith-based Approaches in the Treatment of Hypertension (FAITH), a lifestyle intervention targeting blood pressure control among black church members. <i>American Heart Journal</i> , 2014 , 167, 301-7 | 4.9 | 18 |
| 29 | Community-based settings and sampling strategies: implications for reducing racial health disparities among black men, New York City, 2010-2013. <i>Preventing Chronic Disease</i> , 2014 , 11, E105 | 3.7 | 8 |
| 28 | Patient-physician racial/ethnic concordance and blood pressure control: the role of trust and medication adherence. <i>Ethnicity and Health</i> , 2014 , 19, 565-78 | 2.2 | 59 |
| 27 | Perceived racial discrimination and adoption of health behaviors in hypertensive Black Americans: the CAATCH trial. <i>Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved</i> , 2014 , 25, 276-91 | 1.4 | 11 |
| 26 | Perceived discrimination and medication adherence in black hypertensive patients: the role of stress and depression. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2014 , 76, 229-36 | 3.7 | 33 |
| 25 | Does improving patient-practitioner communication improve clinical outcomes in patients with cardiovascular diseases? A systematic review of the evidence. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2014 , 96, 3-12 | 3.1 | 31 |

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| 24 | Developing a toolkit for panel management: improving hypertension and smoking cessation outcomes in primary care at the VA. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2013 , 14, 176 | 2.6 | 8 |
| 23 | The Dynamic Relationship Between Accuracy and Bias in Social Perception Research. <i>Social and Personality Psychology Compass</i> , 2013 , 7, 303-314 | 3 | 11 |
| 22 | Reported racial discrimination, trust in physicians, and medication adherence among inner-city African Americans with hypertension. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013 , 103, e55-62 | 5.1 | 102 |
| 21 | Of providers, communities, and communication. <i>Journal of Communication in Healthcare</i> , 2013 , 6, 185-186.9 | | |
| 20 | Patient factors, but not provider and health care system factors, predict medication adherence in hypertensive black men. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2012 , 14, 250-5 | 2.3 | 27 |
| 19 | Secondary analysis of electronically monitored medication adherence data for a cohort of hypertensive African-Americans. <i>Patient Preference and Adherence</i> , 2012 , 6, 207-19 | 2.4 | 17 |
| 18 | The effect of patient-provider communication on medication adherence in hypertensive black patients: does race concordance matter?. <i>Annals of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2012 , 43, 372-82 | 4.5 | 66 |
| 17 | Patient and physician factors associated with adherence to diabetes medications. <i>The Diabetes Educator</i> , 2012 , 38, 397-408 | 2.5 | 62 |
| 16 | Overcoming barriers to hypertension control in African Americans. <i>Cleveland Clinic Journal of Medicine</i> , 2012 , 79, 46-56 | 2.8 | 47 |
| 15 | A practice-based trial of blood pressure control in African Americans (TLC-Clinic): study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2011 , 12, 265 | 2.8 | 9 |
| 14 | Racism and hypertension: a review of the empirical evidence and implications for clinical practice. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2011 , 24, 518-29 | 2.3 | 139 |
| 13 | Daily interpersonal conflict predicts masked hypertension in an urban sample. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2010 , 23, 1082-8 | 2.3 | 17 |
| 12 | Counseling African Americans to Control Hypertension (CAATCH) trial: a multi-level intervention to improve blood pressure control in hypertensive blacks. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2009 , 2, 249-56 | 5.8 | 31 |
| 11 | Predictors of first-fill adherence for patients with hypertension. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2009 , 22, 392-6 | 2.3 | 69 |
| 10 | Self-efficacy mediates the relationship between depressive symptoms and medication adherence among hypertensive African Americans. <i>Health Education and Behavior</i> , 2009 , 36, 127-37 | 4.2 | 89 |
| 9 | Lifestyle changes and blood pressure control: a community-based cross-sectional survey (2006 Ontario Survey on the Prevalence and Control of Hypertension). <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2009 , 11, 391-2 | 2.3 | |
| 8 | Provider communication effects medication adherence in hypertensive African Americans. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2009 , 75, 185-91 | 3.1 | 125 |
| 7 | A senior center-based pilot trial of the effect of lifestyle intervention on blood pressure in minority elderly people with hypertension. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2008 , 56, 1860-6 | 5.6 | 30 |

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| 6 | A practice-based trial of motivational interviewing and adherence in hypertensive African Americans. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2008 , 21, 1137-43 | 2.3 | 145 |
| 5 | Patients' perceptions of electronic monitoring devices affect medication adherence in hypertensive African Americans. <i>Annals of Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2008 , 42, 647-52 | 2.9 | 20 |
| 4 | Revision and validation of the medication adherence self-efficacy scale (MASES) in hypertensive African Americans. <i>Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2008 , 31, 453-62 | 3.6 | 89 |
| 3 | Appointment-keeping behavior is not related to medication adherence in hypertensive African Americans. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2007 , 22, 1176-9 | 4 | 11 |
| 2 | An RCT of the effect of motivational interviewing on medication adherence in hypertensive African Americans: rationale and design. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials</i> , 2007 , 28, 169-81 | 2.3 | 58 |
| 1 | A systematic review of the effects of home blood pressure monitoring on medication adherence. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2006 , 8, 174-80 | 2.3 | 130 |