

Scott K Fridkin

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

133
papers

24,128
citations

55
h-index

143
g-index

143
ext. papers

27,052
ext. citations

8.8
avg, IF

6.41
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
133	Occupational Risk Factors for SARS-CoV-2 Infection among Healthcare Personnel: A 6-month prospective analysis of the COVID-19 Prevention in Emory Healthcare Personnel (COPE) Study.. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2022 , 1-30	2	0
132	Association of Registered Nurse Staffing With Mortality Risk of Medicare Beneficiaries Hospitalized With Sepsis. <i>JAMA Health Forum</i> , 2022 , 3, e221173	2	0
131	Quantification of Occupational and Community Risk Factors for SARS-CoV-2 Seropositivity Among Health Care Workers in a Large U.S. Health Care System. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2021 , 174, 649-654	8	29
130	Assessing the Potential for Unintended Microbial Consequences of Routine Chlorhexidine Bathing for Prevention of Healthcare-associated Infections. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021 , 72, 891-898	11.6	2
129	Occupational risk factors for severe acute respiratory coronavirus virus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) infection among healthcare personnel: A cross-sectional analysis of subjects enrolled in the COVID-19 Prevention in Emory Healthcare Personnel (COPE) study. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 1-6	2	3
128	Risk Factors Associated With SARS-CoV-2 Seropositivity Among US Health Care Personnel. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2021 , 4, e211283	10.4	50
127	Changes in treatment of community-onset <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> infection after release of updated guidelines, Atlanta, Georgia, 2018. <i>Anaerobe</i> , 2021 , 70, 102364	2.8	2
126	Association between Socioeconomic Status and Incidence of Community-Associated <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> Infection - United States, 2014-2015. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021 , 73, 722-725	11.6	1
125	Prescriber perceptions of fluoroquinolones, extended-spectrum cephalosporins, and infection. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, 914-920	2	6
124	Comparison of Rates of Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections in Patients With 1 vs 2 Central Venous Catheters. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2020 , 3, e200396	10.4	8
123	The impact of an electronic medical record nudge on reducing testing for hospital-onset infection. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, 411-417	2	7
122	Reductions in Positive <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> Events Reportable to NHSN With Adoption of Reflex EIA Testing in 13 Atlanta Hospitals. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s47-s48	2	
121	Variation in Measures of Antimicrobial Use Across Four Nursing Homes, Atlanta, Georgia, 2019. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s510-s510	2	
120	Variation in Hospitalist-Specific Antibiotic Prescribing at Four Hospitals: A Novel Tool for Antibiotic Stewardship. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s56-s57	2	
119	Variations in Concurrent Central-Line Use Among Central-Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection (CLABSI) Patients by National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) Location Type. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s511-s511	2	
118	Evaluating Facility Characteristics and Connectivity Metrics as Predictors of <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> Rates in Nursing Homes, Atlanta, GA. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s35-s36	2	
117	Racial Differences in Incidence of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> Joint Infections in Metropolitan Atlanta, 2016-2018. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s495-s495	2	

116	Validation of Administrative Codes for Identification of Staphylococcus aureus Infections Among Electronic Health Data. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s507-s509	2	
115	Evaluation of Care Interactions Between Healthcare Personnel and Residents in Nursing Homes Across the United States. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 41, s36-s38	2	
114	Quantification of occupational and community risk factors for SARS-CoV-2 seropositivity among healthcare workers in a large U.S. healthcare system 2020 ,		5
113	Evaluating Movement of Patients With Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae Infections in the Greater Atlanta Metropolitan Area Using Social Network Analysis. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020 , 70, 75-81	11.6	3
112	Creating reasonable antibiograms for antibiotic stewardship programs in nursing homes: Analysis of 260 facilities in a large geographic region, 2016-2017. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 40, 839-846	2	5
111	Variability of Antibiotic Prescribing in a Large Healthcare Network Despite Adjusting for Patient-Mix: Reconsidering Targets for Improved Prescribing. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019 , 6, ofz018	1	11
110	Factors affecting the geographic variability of antibiotic-resistant healthcare-associated infections in the United States using the CDC Antibiotic Resistance Patient Safety Atlas. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 40, 597-599	2	4
109	Research needs in antibiotic stewardship. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 40, 1334-1343		24
108	Advances in Data-Driven Responses to Preventing Spread of Antibiotic Resistance Across Health-Care Settings. <i>Epidemiologic Reviews</i> , 2019 , 41, 6-12	4.1	2
107	Difficult-to-Treat Resistance in Gram-negative Bacteremia at 173 US Hospitals: Retrospective Cohort Analysis of Prevalence, Predictors, and Outcome of Resistance to All First-line Agents. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018 , 67, 1803-1814	11.6	128
106	In Data We Trust? Comparison of Electronic Versus Manual Abstraction of Antimicrobial Prescribing Quality Metrics for Hospitalized Veterans With Pneumonia. <i>Medical Care</i> , 2018 , 56, 626-633	3.1	8
105	2162. Factors Affecting the Geographic Variability of Antibiotic-Resistant Healthcare-Associated Infections in the United States Using the CDC Antibiotic Resistance Patient Safety Atlas. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018 , 5, S637-S638	1	78
104	1835. Evaluating Regional Nursing Home Antibiograms to Advance Stewardship at 233 Skilled Nursing Facilities in Georgia, USA. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018 , 5, S523-S523	1	78
103	1234. Racial Disparities in Invasive Staphylococcus aureus (ISA) Disease in Metropolitan Atlanta, a Population-Based Assessment, 2016. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018 , 5, S374-S375	1	78
102	Preventing hospital-acquired Legionnaires' disease: A snapshot of clinical practices and water management approaches in US acute-care hospitals. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 39, 1470-1472	2	2
101	Zika Virus Infection in Patient with No Known Risk Factors, Utah, USA, 2016. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017 , 23, 1260-1267	10.2	10
100	Physician Perspectives on the Optimization of Carbapenem Use in a Four Hospital, Large Urban Healthcare System. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017 , 4, S257-S257	1	
99	Risk Factors for Invasive Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Infection After Recent Discharge From an Acute-Care Hospitalization, 2011-2013. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016 , 62, 45-52	11.6	25

98	Estimating National Trends in Inpatient Antibiotic Use Among US Hospitals From 2006 to 2012. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2016 , 176, 1639-1648	11.5	159
97	Evaluating the Use of the Case Mix Index for Risk Adjustment of Healthcare-Associated Infection Data: An Illustration using Clostridium difficile Infection Data from the National Healthcare Safety Network. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 37, 19-25	2	17
96	Probabilistic Measurement of Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 37, 149-55	2	4
95	Burden of Clostridium difficile infection in the United States. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015 , 372, 825-34	59.2	1768
94	Evaluating state-specific antibiotic resistance measures derived from central line-associated bloodstream infections, national healthcare safety network, 2011. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2015 , 36, 54-64	2	6
93	Evaluating Epidemiology and Improving Surveillance of Infections Associated with Health Care, United States. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015 , 21, 1537-42	10.2	18
92	Emerging Infections Program as Surveillance for Antimicrobial Drug Resistance. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2015 , 21, 1578-81	10.2	11
91	Vital Signs: Estimated Effects of a Coordinated Approach for Action to Reduce Antibiotic-Resistant Infections in Health Care Facilities United States. <i>Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report</i> , 2015 , 64, 826-831	31.7	103
90	Multistate point-prevalence survey of health care-associated infections. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014 , 370, 1198-208	59.2	2283
89	Implementing a strategy for monitoring inpatient antimicrobial use among hospitals in the United States. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014 , 58, 401-6	11.6	75
88	Survey of health care-associated infections. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014 , 370, 2542-3	59.2	38
87	Multicenter evaluation of computer automated versus traditional surveillance of hospital-acquired bloodstream infections. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 35, 1483-90	2	11
86	Prevalence of antimicrobial use in US acute care hospitals, May-September 2011. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2014 , 312, 1438-46	27.4	220
85	National burden of invasive methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infections, United States, 2011. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2013 , 173, 1970-8	11.5	347
84	National estimates of central line-associated bloodstream infections in critical care patients. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 34, 547-54	2	31
83	Incidence trends in pathogen-specific central line-associated bloodstream infections in US intensive care units, 1990-2010. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 34, 893-9	2	64
82	Antimicrobial-resistant pathogens associated with healthcare-associated infections: summary of data reported to the National Healthcare Safety Network at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2009-2010. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 34, 1-14	2	1111
81	Community-onset invasive methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infections following hospital discharge. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2013 , 41, 782-6	3.8	9

80	Developing a new, national approach to surveillance for ventilator-associated events. <i>American Journal of Critical Care</i> , 2013 , 22, 469-73	1.7	25
79	Investigating systematic misclassification of central line-associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI) to secondary bloodstream infection during health care-associated infection reporting. <i>American Journal of Medical Quality</i> , 2013 , 28, 56-9	1.1	10
78	Characterization of Hospitalized Community-Onset Staphylococcus aureus Lower Respiratory Tract Infections Among Generally Healthy Persons 50 Years of Age or Younger. <i>Infectious Diseases in Clinical Practice</i> , 2013 , 21, 359-365	0.2	2
77	Developing a new, national approach to surveillance for ventilator-associated events: executive summary. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013 , 57, 1742-6	11.6	36
76	Prevalence of healthcare-associated infections in acute care hospitals in Jacksonville, Florida. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 33, 283-91	2	196
75	Improved risk adjustment in public reporting: coronary artery bypass graft surgical site infections. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 33, 463-9	2	31
74	Perceived impact of the Medicare policy to adjust payment for health care-associated infections. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2012 , 40, 314-9	3.8	29
73	Guillain-Barre syndrome during the 2009-2010 H1N1 influenza vaccination campaign: population-based surveillance among 45 million Americans. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 175, 1110-9	3.8	70
72	Effect of nonpayment for preventable infections in U.S. hospitals. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2012 , 367, 1428-37	59.2	182
71	Trends in Candida central line-associated bloodstream infections among NICUs, 1999-2009. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2012 , 130, e46-52	7.4	53
70	Impact of USA300 methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus on clinical outcomes of patients with pneumonia or central line-associated bloodstream infections. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2012 , 55, 232-41	11.6	58
69	Device-associated infection rates, device utilization, and antimicrobial resistance in long-term acute care hospitals reporting to the National Healthcare Safety Network, 2010. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 33, 993-1000	2	43
68	Clinical practice guidelines by the infectious diseases society of america for the treatment of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infections in adults and children. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2011 , 52, e18-55	11.6	1736
67	Meaningful measure of performance: a foundation built on valid, reproducible findings from surveillance of health care-associated infections. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2011 , 39, 87-90	3.8	13
66	Trends in catheter-associated urinary tract infections in adult intensive care units-United States, 1990-2007. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 32, 748-56	2	62
65	Improving risk-adjusted measures of surgical site infection for the national healthcare safety network. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 32, 970-86	2	271
64	Network approach for prevention of healthcare-associated infections. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 32, 1143-4	2	8
63	Clinical practice guidelines by the infectious diseases society of america for the treatment of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infections in adults and children: executive summary. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2011 , 52, 285-92	11.6	1209

62	Health care-associated invasive MRSA infections, 2005-2008. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2010 , 304, 641-8	27.4	338
61	Comparison of incidence of bloodstream infection with methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> between England and United States, 2006-2007. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2010 , 51, 925-8	11.6	26
60	Evaluation of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification Codes for reporting methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infections at a hospital in Illinois. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2010 , 31, 463-8	2	28
59	Characterization of methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> isolates collected in 2005 and 2006 from patients with invasive disease: a population-based analysis. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2009 , 47, 1344-51	9.7	111
58	Outcomes among inmates treated for coccidioidomycosis at a correctional institution during a community outbreak, Kern County, California, 2004. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009 , 49, e113-9	11.6	8
57	Measuring the scope and magnitude of hospital-associated infection in the United States: the value of prevalence surveys. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009 , 48, 1434-40	11.6	37
56	Contaminated product water as the source of <i>Phialemonium curvatum</i> bloodstream infection among patients undergoing hemodialysis. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2009 , 30, 840-7	2	20
55	Trends in incidence of late-onset methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infection in neonatal intensive care units: data from the National Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System, 1995-2004. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2009 , 28, 577-81	3.4	67
54	Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> central line-associated bloodstream infections in US intensive care units, 1997-2007. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2009 , 301, 727-36	27.4	197
53	NHSN annual update: antimicrobial-resistant pathogens associated with healthcare-associated infections: annual summary of data reported to the National Healthcare Safety Network at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2006-2007. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 29, 996-1011	2	1501
52	Comparison of the use of administrative data and an active system for surveillance of invasive aspergillosis. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 29, 25-30	2	39
51	Recommendations for metrics for multidrug-resistant organisms in healthcare settings: SHEA/HICPAC Position paper. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 29, 901-13	2	134
50	More challenges in the prevention and management of community-associated, methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> skin disease. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2008 , 148, 310-2	8	11
49	Postrecall surveillance following a multistate fusarium keratitis outbreak, 2004 through 2006. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2007 , 298, 2867-8	27.4	19
48	Excess costs of hospital care associated with neonatal candidemia. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2007 , 26, 197-200	3.4	53
47	Invasive methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infections in the United States. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2007 , 298, 1763-71	27.4	2460
46	Changing incidence of <i>Candida</i> bloodstream infections among NICU patients in the United States: 1995-2004. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2006 , 117, 1680-7	7.4	204
45	Outbreak of cutaneous <i>Rhizopus arrhizus</i> infection associated with karaya ostomy bags. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006 , 43, e83-8	11.6	30

44	Prevalence of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> nasal colonization in the United States, 2001-2002. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006 , 193, 172-9	7	467
43	Multistate outbreak of <i>Fusarium</i> keratitis associated with use of a contact lens solution. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2006 , 296, 953-63	27.4	431
42	Evaluation of amphotericin B interpretive breakpoints for <i>Candida</i> bloodstream isolates by correlation with therapeutic outcome. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2006 , 50, 1287-92	5.9	95
41	Epidemiology of community-onset candidemia in Connecticut and Maryland. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006 , 43, 32-9	11.6	43
40	Outbreak of bloodstream infection with the mold <i>Phialemonium</i> among patients receiving dialysis at a hemodialysis unit. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 27, 1164-70	2	12
39	Antifungal prophylaxis to prevent neonatal candidiasis: a survey of perinatal physician practices. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2006 , 118, e1019-26	7.4	50
38	Community-associated methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> and healthcare risk factors. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006 , 12, 1991-3	10.2	159
37	The impact of an antibiotic cycling program on empirical therapy for gram-negative infections. <i>Chest</i> , 2006 , 130, 1672-8	5.3	23
36	Management of inpatients colonized or infected with antimicrobial-resistant bacteria in hospitals in the United States. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 26, 138-43	2	25
35	Persistence of fluoroquinolone-resistant, multidrug-resistant <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> in a long-term-care facility: efforts to reduce intrafacility transmission. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 26, 239-47	2	14
34	Epidemiology and predictors of mortality in cases of <i>Candida</i> bloodstream infection: results from population-based surveillance, barcelona, Spain, from 2002 to 2003. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2005 , 43, 1829-35	9.7	405
33	Determining risk factors for candidemia among newborn infants from population-based surveillance: Baltimore, Maryland, 1998-2000. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2005 , 24, 601-4	3.4	54
32	The changing face of fungal infections in health care settings. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2005 , 41, 1455-60	6.0	120
31	Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> disease in three communities. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2005 , 352, 1436-44	59.2	1234
30	Candidemia is costly--plain and simple. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2005 , 41, 1240-1	11.6	54
29	No evidence of a mild form of inhalational <i>Bacillus anthracis</i> infection during a bioterrorism-related inhalational anthrax outbreak in Washington, D.C., in 2001. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2005 , 41, 991-7	11.6	8
28	Epidemiologic and molecular characterization of an outbreak of <i>Candida parapsilosis</i> bloodstream infections in a community hospital. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2004 , 42, 4468-72	9.7	153
27	Vancomycin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> in the absence of vancomycin exposure. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2004 , 38, 1049-55	11.6	120

26	Cycling empirical antimicrobial agents to prevent emergence of antimicrobial-resistant Gram-negative bacteria among intensive care unit patients. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2004 , 32, 2450-6	1.4	94
25	Emergence of community-associated methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> at a Memphis, Tennessee Children's Hospital. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2004 , 23, 619-24	3.4	163
24	The epidemiology of vancomycin-resistant <i>Enterococcus</i> colonization in a medical intensive care unit. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 24, 257-63	2	41
23	Antimicrobial proficiency testing of National Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System hospital laboratories. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 24, 356-61	2	24
22	Risk of hospital-acquired legionnaires' disease in cities using monochloramine versus other water disinfectants. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 24, 569-74	2	35
21	Routine cycling of antimicrobial agents as an infection-control measure. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2003 , 36, 1438-44	11.6	49
20	Infection with vancomycin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> containing the vanA resistance gene. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2003 , 348, 1342-7	59.2	863
19	Epidemiological and microbiological characterization of infections caused by <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> with reduced susceptibility to vancomycin, United States, 1997-2001. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2003 , 36, 429-39	11.6	257
18	Comparison of community- and health care-associated methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infection. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2003 , 290, 2976-84	27.4	1230
17	Evaluation of the NCCLS extended-spectrum beta-lactamase confirmation methods for <i>Escherichia coli</i> with isolates collected during Project ICARE. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2003 , 41, 3142-6	9.7	52
16	Temporal changes in prevalence of antimicrobial resistance in 23 US hospitals. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2002 , 8, 697-701	10.2	106
15	Monitoring antimicrobial use and resistance: comparison with a national benchmark on reducing vancomycin use and vancomycin-resistant enterococci. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2002 , 8, 702-7	10.2	77
14	The effect of vancomycin and third-generation cephalosporins on prevalence of vancomycin-resistant enterococci in 126 U.S. adult intensive care units. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2001 , 135, 175-83	8	198
13	Characteristics of hospitals and infection control professionals participating in the National Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System 1999. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2001 , 29, 400-3	3.8	68
12	Increasing prevalence of antimicrobial resistance in intensive care units. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2001 , 29, N64-8	1.4	147
11	Ability of laboratories to detect emerging antimicrobial resistance in nosocomial pathogens: a survey of project ICARE laboratories. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2000 , 38, 59-67	2.9	44
10	The influence of the composition of the nursing staff on primary bloodstream infection rates in a surgical intensive care unit. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2000 , 21, 12-7	2	183
9	Practices to improve antimicrobial use at 47 US hospitals: the status of the 1997 SHEA/IDSA position paper recommendations. Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America/Infectious Diseases Society of America. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 2000 , 21, 256-9	2	88

8	Antimicrobial resistance in intensive care units. <i>Clinics in Chest Medicine</i> , 1999 , 20, 303-16, viii	5.3	242
7	Glycopeptide-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus: evaluation of a novel screening method and results of a survey of selected U.S. hospitals. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 1999 , 37, 3590-3	9.7	56
6	Risk factors for early recurrent Clostridium difficile-associated diarrhea. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 1998 , 26, 954-9	11.6	69
5	Epidemiology of a dominant clonal strain of vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecium at separate hospitals in Boston, Massachusetts. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 1998 , 36, 965-70	9.7	32
4	Magnitude and prevention of nosocomial infections in the intensive care unit. <i>Infectious Disease Clinics of North America</i> , 1997 , 11, 479-96	6.5	117
3	The role of understaffing in central venous catheter-associated bloodstream infections. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 1996 , 17, 150-8	2	178
2	SHEA-CDC TB survey, Part I: Status of TB infection control programs at member hospitals, 1989-1992. Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 1995 , 16, 129-34	2	16
1	SHEA-CDC TB survey, Part II: Efficacy of TB infection control programs at member hospitals, 1992. Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America. <i>Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology</i> , 1995 , 16, 135-40	2	16