

Yongping You

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

67
papers

4,257
citations

39
h-index

65
g-index

71
ext. papers

4,952
ext. citations

5.9
avg, IF

5.23
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
67	hsa-mir-181a and hsa-mir-181b function as tumor suppressors in human glioma cells. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2008 , 1236, 185-93	3.7	363
66	Downregulation of miR-21 inhibits EGFR pathway and suppresses the growth of human glioblastoma cells independent of PTEN status. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2010 , 90, 144-55	5.9	293
65	Long non-coding RNA H19 promotes glioma cell invasion by deriving miR-675. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e86295.	3.7	227
64	Epigenetic Activation of WNT5A Drives Glioblastoma Stem Cell Differentiation and Invasive Growth. <i>Cell</i> , 2016 , 167, 1281-1295.e18	56.2	155
63	MicroRNA-10b induces glioma cell invasion by modulating MMP-14 and uPAR expression via HOXD10. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2011 , 1389, 9-18	3.7	148
62	miR-181d: a predictive glioblastoma biomarker that downregulates MGMT expression. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2012 , 14, 712-9	1	144
61	Molecular classification of gliomas based on whole genome gene expression: a systematic report of 225 samples from the Chinese Glioma Cooperative Group. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2012 , 14, 1432-40	1	133
60	Identification of MMP-9 specific microRNA expression profile as potential targets of anti-invasion therapy in glioblastoma multiforme. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2011 , 1411, 108-15	3.7	111
59	MiR-125b is critical for the suppression of human U251 glioma stem cell proliferation. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2010 , 1312, 120-6	3.7	111
58	Exosomal transfer of long non-coding RNA SBF2-AS1 enhances chemoresistance to temozolomide in glioblastoma. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2019 , 38, 166	12.8	103
57	High level of miR-221/222 confers increased cell invasion and poor prognosis in glioma. <i>Journal of Translational Medicine</i> , 2012 , 10, 119	8.5	103
56	MiR-124 governs glioma growth and angiogenesis and enhances chemosensitivity by targeting R-Ras and N-Ras. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2014 , 16, 1341-53	1	98
55	Exosomal transfer of miR-151a enhances chemosensitivity to temozolomide in drug-resistant glioblastoma. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2018 , 436, 10-21	9.9	92
54	Exosomal transfer of miR-1238 contributes to temozolomide-resistance in glioblastoma. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2019 , 42, 238-251	8.8	86
53	miR-423-5p contributes to a malignant phenotype and temozolomide chemoresistance in glioblastomas. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2017 , 19, 55-65	1	84
52	Localizing seizure-susceptible brain regions associated with low-grade gliomas using voxel-based lesion-symptom mapping. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2015 , 17, 282-8	1	80
51	Reduction of miR-21 induces glioma cell apoptosis via activating caspase 9 and 3. <i>Oncology Reports</i> , 2010 , 24, 195-201	3.5	75

50	Whole-genome microRNA expression profiling identifies a 5-microRNA signature as a prognostic biomarker in Chinese patients with primary glioblastoma multiforme. <i>Cancer</i> , 2013 , 119, 814-24	6.4	74
49	Overexpression of osteopontin induces angiogenesis of endothelial progenitor cells via the avβ/PI3K/AKT/eNOS/NO signaling pathway in glioma cells. <i>European Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2011 , 90, 642-8	6.1	74
48	Blocking MIR155HG/miR-155 axis inhibits mesenchymal transition in glioma. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2017 , 19, 1195-1205	1	73
47	miR-221/222 promote malignant progression of glioma through activation of the Akt pathway. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2010 , 36, 913-20	4.4	72
46	Classification based on mutations of TERT promoter and IDH characterizes subtypes in grade II/III gliomas. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2016 , 18, 1099-108	1	71
45	DNA-methylation-mediated activating of lncRNA SNHG12 promotes temozolomide resistance in glioblastoma. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2020 , 19, 28	42.1	63
44	PUMA is a novel target of miR-221/222 in human epithelial cancers. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2010 , 37, 1621-6	4.4	63
43	miR-129-5p targets Wnt5a to block PKC/ERK/NF-β and JNK pathways in glioblastoma. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018 , 9, 394	9.8	62
42	MicroRNA-125b-2 confers human glioblastoma stem cells resistance to temozolomide through the mitochondrial pathway of apoptosis. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2012 , 40, 119-29	4.4	58
41	Co-suppression of miR-221/222 cluster suppresses human glioma cell growth by targeting p27kip1 in vitro and in vivo. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2009 , 34, 1653-60	1	56
40	PTEN Suppresses Glycolysis by Dephosphorylating and Inhibiting Autophosphorylated PGK1. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2019 , 76, 516-527.e7	17.6	55
39	MicroRNA-377 inhibited proliferation and invasion of human glioblastoma cells by directly targeting specificity protein 1. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2014 , 16, 1510-22	1	53
38	Genome-wide DNA methylation profiling identifies ALDH1A3 promoter methylation as a prognostic predictor in G-CIMP- primary glioblastoma. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2013 , 328, 120-5	9.9	53
37	IDH1/2 mutation status combined with Ki-67 labeling index defines distinct prognostic groups in glioma. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015 , 6, 30232-8	3.3	53
36	Involvement of FOS-mediated miR-181b/miR-21 signalling in the progression of malignant gliomas. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 49, 3055-63	7.5	51
35	Upregulation of miR-181s reverses mesenchymal transition by targeting KPNA4 in glioblastoma. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015 , 5, 13072	4.9	51
34	c-Myc-miR-29c-REV3L signalling pathway drives the acquisition of temozolomide resistance in glioblastoma. <i>Brain</i> , 2015 , 138, 3654-72	11.2	50
33	Delivery of MGMT mRNA to glioma cells by reactive astrocyte-derived exosomes confers a temozolomide resistance phenotype. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2018 , 433, 210-220	9.9	48

32	MicroRNA expression patterns in the malignant progression of gliomas and a 5-microRNA signature for prognosis. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2014 , 5, 12908-15	3.3	48
31	Upregulation of miR-196b confers a poor prognosis in glioblastoma patients via inducing a proliferative phenotype. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e38096	3.7	48
30	MiR-622 suppresses proliferation, invasion and migration by directly targeting activating transcription factor 2 in glioma cells. <i>Journal of Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2015 , 121, 63-72	4.8	42
29	Identification of intrinsic subtype-specific prognostic microRNAs in primary glioblastoma. <i>Journal of Experimental and Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2014 , 33, 9	12.8	42
28	EIF4A3-induced circular RNA ASAP1 promotes tumorigenesis and temozolomide resistance of glioblastoma via NRAS/MEK1/ERK1-2 signaling. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2021 , 23, 611-624	1	39
27	Functional differences of miR-125b on the invasion of primary glioblastoma CD133-negative cells and CD133-positive cells. <i>NeuroMolecular Medicine</i> , 2012 , 14, 303-16	4.6	38
26	Genetic polymorphisms of DNA double-strand break repair pathway genes and glioma susceptibility. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2013 , 13, 234	4.8	37
25	NF- κ B/RelA-PKM2 mediates inhibition of glycolysis by fenofibrate in glioblastoma cells. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015 , 6, 26119-28	3.3	36
24	MiR-181b suppresses proliferation of and reduces chemoresistance to temozolomide in U87 glioma stem cells. <i>Journal of Biomedical Research</i> , 2010 , 24, 436-43	1.5	34
23	MicroRNAs involved in the EGFR/PTEN/AKT pathway in gliomas. <i>Journal of Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2012 , 106, 217-24	4.8	32
22	AKT2 expression is associated with glioma malignant progression and required for cell survival and invasion. <i>Oncology Reports</i> , 2010 , 24, 65-72	3.5	29
21	Prevalence and clinicopathologic characteristics of the molecular subtypes in malignant glioma: a multi-institutional analysis of 941 cases. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e94871	3.7	29
20	PI3K inhibitor combined with miR-125b inhibitor sensitize TMZ-induced anti-glioma stem cancer effects through inactivation of Wnt/ β -catenin signaling pathway. <i>In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal</i> , 2015 , 51, 1047-55	2.6	28
19	New insights into the roles of ncRNA in the STAT3 pathway. <i>Future Oncology</i> , 2012 , 8, 723-30	3.6	28
18	MiR-15b/HOTAIR/p53 form a regulatory loop that affects the growth of glioma cells. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 119, 4540-4547	4.7	24
17	Involvement of P2X Receptor in Proliferation and Migration of Human Glioma Cells. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2018 , 2018, 8591397	3	24
16	MiR-198 enhances temozolomide sensitivity in glioblastoma by targeting MGMT. <i>Journal of Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2017 , 133, 59-68	4.8	23
15	The SIRT2 polymorphism rs10410544 and risk of Alzheimer's disease: a meta-analysis. <i>NeuroMolecular Medicine</i> , 2014 , 16, 448-56	4.6	23

14	BACH1 Promotes Temozolomide Resistance in Glioblastoma through Antagonizing the Function of p53. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016 , 6, 39743	4.9	23
13	Fstl1/DIP2A/MGMT signaling pathway plays important roles in temozolomide resistance in glioblastoma. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2019 , 38, 2706-2721	9.2	23
12	MicroRNA profiling of Chinese primary glioblastoma reveals a temozolomide-chemoresistant subtype. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015 , 6, 11676-82	3.3	18
11	TPM3, a strong prognosis predictor, is involved in malignant progression through MMP family members and EMT-like activators in gliomas. <i>Tumor Biology</i> , 2014 , 35, 9053-9	2.9	15
10	EZH2 alteration driven by microRNA-524-5p and microRNA-324-5p promotes cell proliferation and temozolomide resistance in glioma. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 96239-96248	3.3	15
9	Extracellular vesicles derived from hypoxic glioma stem-like cells confer temozolomide resistance on glioblastoma by delivering miR-30b-3p. <i>Theranostics</i> , 2021 , 11, 1763-1779	12.1	13
8	TGF- β modulates temozolomide resistance in glioblastoma via altered microRNA processing and elevated MGMT. <i>Neuro-Oncology</i> , 2021 , 23, 435-446	1	12
7	miR-17-5p-CXCL14 axis related transcriptome profile and clinical outcome in diffuse gliomas. <i>Oncolmmunology</i> , 2018 , 7, e1510277	7.2	12
6	Genome-wide identification of epithelial-mesenchymal transition-associated microRNAs reveals novel targets for glioblastoma therapy. <i>Oncology Letters</i> , 2018 , 15, 7625-7630	2.6	9
5	Activation of bradykinin B2 receptor induced the inflammatory responses of cytosolic phospholipase A after the early traumatic brain injury. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2018 , 1864, 2957-2971	6.9	7
4	Glioma cells enhance endothelial progenitor cell angiogenesis via VEGFR-2, not VEGFR-1. <i>Oncology Reports</i> , 2008 , 20, 1457-63	3.5	6
3	Polycomb group expression signatures in the malignant progression of gliomas. <i>Oncology Letters</i> , 2017 , 13, 2583-2590	2.6	4
2	Antisense telomerase RNA inhibits the growth of human glioma cells in vitro and in vivo. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2006 , 28, 1225-32	1	3
1	Upregulation of miR-340 Inhibits Tumor Growth and Mesenchymal Transition via Targeting c-MET in Glioblastoma. <i>Cancer Management and Research</i> , 2020 , 12, 3343-3352	3.6	1