

Sudhir Kurl

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

137
papers

3,809
citations

182225

30
h-index

175968

55
g-index

137
all docs

137
docs citations

137
times ranked

6566
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exercise cardiac power and the risk of heart failure in men: A population-based follow-up study. <i>Journal of Sport and Health Science</i> , 2022, 11, 266-271.	3.3	3
2	Combined effects of maximal oxygen uptake and glucose status on mortality: The prospective KIHD cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Medicine and Science in Sports</i> , 2022, , .	1.3	1
3	Cardiorespiratory Fitness, Inflammation, and Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death in Middle-Aged Men. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2022, , .	0.7	4
4	Association between estimated pulse wave velocity and the risk of stroke in middle-aged men. <i>International Journal of Stroke</i> , 2021, 16, 551-555.	2.9	25
5	Association between estimated pulse wave velocity and the risk of cardiovascular outcomes in men. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2021, 28, e25-e27.	0.8	21
6	Exercise cardiac power and the risk of myocardial infarction and fatal coronary heart disease events in men. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2021, 28, e1-e3.	0.8	1
7	Association between ideal cardiovascular health and risk of sudden cardiac death and all-cause mortality among middle-aged men in Finland. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2021, 28, 294-300.	0.8	21
8	Impact of cardiorespiratory fitness on survival in men with low socioeconomic status. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2021, 28, 450-455.	0.8	22
9	Joint effect of blood pressure and C-reactive protein and the risk of sudden cardiac death: A prospective cohort study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 326, 184-188.	0.8	2
10	Metabolic Syndrome, Cardiorespiratory Fitness and the Risk of All-cause and Cardiovascular Mortality in Men: A Long-Term Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Cardiometabolic Syndrome Journal</i> , 2021, 1, 157.	1.0	1
11	The overlap of genetic susceptibility to schizophrenia and cardiometabolic disease can be used to identify metabolically different groups of individuals. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 632.	1.6	8
12	Percentage of Age-Predicted Cardiorespiratory Fitness Is Inversely Associated with Cardiovascular Disease Mortality: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Cardiology</i> , 2021, 146, 616-623.	0.6	5
13	The Association between HDL-C and Subclinical Atherosclerosis Depends on CETP Plasma Concentration: Insights from the IMPROVE Study. <i>Biomedicines</i> , 2021, 9, 286.	1.4	7
14	Chronotropic Response to Exercise Testing and the Risk of Stroke. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 143, 46-50.	0.7	5
15	Intake of food rich in saturated fat in relation to subclinical atherosclerosis and potential modulating effects from single genetic variants. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 7866.	1.6	1
16	Cardiorespiratory Fitness Attenuates the Increased Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death Associated With Low Socioeconomic Status. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 145, 164-165.	0.7	5
17	Association Between Estimated Pulse Wave Velocity and the Risk of Heart Failure in the Kuopio Ischemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. <i>Journal of Cardiac Failure</i> , 2021, 27, 494-496.	0.7	6
18	Inverse Association of Handgrip Strength With Risk of Heart Failure. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2021, 96, 1490-1499.	1.4	10

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19	The combined effect of blood pressure and C-reactive protein with the risk of mortality from coronary heart and cardiovascular diseases. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021, 31, 2051-2057.	1.1	4
20	Relationship between Circulating PCSK9 and Markers of Subclinical Atherosclerosisâ€”The IMPROVE Study. <i>Biomedicines</i> , 2021, 9, 841.	1.4	6
21	Percentage of age-predicted cardiorespiratory fitness and risk of sudden cardiac death: A prospective cohort study. <i>Heart Rhythm</i> , 2021, 18, 1171-1177.	0.3	6
22	Exercise heart rate reserve and recovery as risk factors for sudden cardiac death. <i>Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021, 68, 7-11.	1.6	12
23	High fitness levels offset the increased risk of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease due to low socioeconomic status: A cohort study. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2021, 189, 106647.	1.3	9
24	Neutrophil to lymphocyte ratio is not related to carotid atherosclerosis progression and cardiovascular events in the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease: Results from the IMPROVE study. <i>BioFactors</i> , 2021, , .	2.6	9
25	Relation of maximal systolic blood pressure during exercise testing to the risk of sudden cardiac death in men with and without cardiovascular disease. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020, 27, 2220-2222.	0.8	9
26	Cross-country skiing and the risk of acute myocardial infarction: A prospective cohort study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020, 27, 1108-1111.	0.8	3
27	Leisureâ€”time crossâ€”country skiing is associated with lower incidence of type 2 diabetes: A prospective cohort study. <i>Diabetes/Metabolism Research and Reviews</i> , 2020, 36, e3216.	1.7	3
28	Association Between Pulse Pressure and the Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death in Middle-Aged Men: A 26-Year Follow-up Population-Based Study. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2020, 95, 2044-2046.	1.4	1
29	Sex-specific predictors of PCSK9 levels in a European population: The IMPROVE study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2020, 309, 39-46.	0.4	29
30	Leisure-time cross-country skiing and risk of atrial fibrillation and stroke: A prospective cohort study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020, 27, 2354-2357.	0.8	2
31	Handgrip strength is inversely associated with fatal cardiovascular and all-cause mortality events. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2020, 52, 109-119.	1.5	39
32	Handgrip Strength Is Inversely Associated With Sudden Cardiac Death. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2020, 95, 825-828.	1.4	12
33	Leisure-time cross-country skiing and the risk of venous thromboembolism: A prospective cohort study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020, , 2047487320908978.	0.8	2
34	Subclinical atherosclerosis and its progression are modulated by <i>PLIN2</i> through a feedâ€”forward loop between LXR and autophagy. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2019, 286, 660-675.	2.7	18
35	American heart associationâ€™s cardiovascular health metrics and risk of cardiovascular disease mortality among a middle-aged male Scandinavian population. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2019, 51, 306-313.	1.5	11
36	Ideal cardiovascular health and risk of acute myocardial infarction among Finnish men. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019, 289, 126-131.	0.4	18

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37	The effect of different sources of fish and camelina sativa oil on immune cell and adipose tissue mRNA expression in subjects with abnormal fasting glucose metabolism: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Nutrition and Diabetes</i> , 2019, 9, 1.	1.5	33
38	Cardiorespiratory fitness is not associated with risk of venous thromboembolism: a cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Cardiovascular Journal</i> , 2019, 53, 255-258.	0.4	17
39	Serum long-chain omega-3 fatty acids, hair mercury and exercise-induced myocardial ischaemia in men. <i>Heart</i> , 2019, 105, 1395-1401.	1.2	3
40	Is There an "Asymptote of Gain" Beyond Which Further Increases in Cardiorespiratory Fitness Convey No Additional Benefits on Mortality and Atrial Fibrillation?. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2019, 94, 545-547.	1.4	4
41	Egg consumption, cholesterol intake, and risk of incident stroke in men: the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019, 110, 169-176.	2.2	31
42	Data on the association between a simplified Mediterranean diet score and the incidence of combined, cardio and cerebro vascular events. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2019, 23, 103789.	0.5	0
43	Impact of a clinical decision support tool on prediction of progression in early-stage dementia: a prospective validation study. <i>Alzheimer's Research and Therapy</i> , 2019, 11, 25.	3.0	23
44	Cardiorespiratory Fitness and the Risk of Serious Ventricular Arrhythmias: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2019, 94, 833-841.	1.4	28
45	Impact of a Clinical Decision Support Tool on Dementia Diagnostics in Memory Clinics: The PredictND Validation Study. <i>Current Alzheimer Research</i> , 2019, 16, 91-101.	0.7	23
46	Cardiorespiratory fitness, socioeconomic status and mortality in middle-aged men: a population-based prospective cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019, 40, .	1.0	0
47	Leisure-time cross-country skiing is associated with lower incidence of hypertension. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2019, 37, 1624-1632.	0.3	5
48	The Duke treadmill score with bicycle ergometer: Exercise capacity is the most important predictor of cardiovascular mortality. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2019, 26, 199-207.	0.8	24
49	A priori-defined Mediterranean-like dietary pattern predicts cardiovascular events better in north Europe than in Mediterranean countries. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2019, 282, 88-92.	0.8	11
50	Relative peak exercise oxygen pulse is related to sudden cardiac death, cardiovascular and all-cause mortality in middle-aged men. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2018, 25, 772-782.	0.8	39
51	Associations of the serum long-chain n-3 PUFA and hair mercury with resting heart rate, peak heart rate during exercise and heart rate recovery after exercise in middle-aged men. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 119, 66-73.	1.2	4
52	High Leisure-Time Physical Activity Is Associated With Reduced Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death Among Men With Low Cardiorespiratory Fitness. <i>Canadian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 34, 288-294.	0.8	12
53	Association of lifelong occupation and educational level with subclinical atherosclerosis in different European regions. Results from the IMPROVE study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018, 269, 129-137.	0.4	7
54	Camelina Sativa Oil, but not Fatty Fish or Lean Fish, Improves Serum Lipid Profile in Subjects with Impaired Glucose Metabolism: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2018, 62, 1700503.	1.5	37

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55	Cardiorespiratory fitness and risk of dementia: a prospective population-based cohort study. Age and Ageing, 2018, 47, 611-614.	0.7	24
56	Increased Levels of Circulating Fatty Acids Are Associated with Protective Effects against Future Cardiovascular Events in Nondiabetics. Journal of Proteome Research, 2018, 17, 870-878.	1.8	13
57	The joint impact of prediagnostic inflammatory markers and cardiorespiratory fitness on the risk of cancer mortality. Scandinavian Journal of Medicine and Science in Sports, 2018, 28, 613-620.	1.3	2
58	P623A simplified score for adherence to a Mediterranean dietary pattern predicts carotid atherosclerosis progression. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, .	1.0	0
59	P4487Does cardiorespiratory fitness attenuate the risk of death in men with cardiometabolic syndrome?. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, .	1.0	0
60	GWAS and colocalization analyses implicate carotid intima-media thickness and carotid plaque loci in cardiovascular outcomes. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 5141.	5.8	119
61	P243The cardioprotective benefits of higher cardiorespiratory fitness levels against all-cause mortality, cardiovascular mortality, sudden cardiac death, and arterial fibrillation in men. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, .	1.0	0
62	Are Metabolically Healthy Overweight/Obese Men at Increased Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death?. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2018, 93, 1266-1270.	1.4	3
63	Global electrical heterogeneity as a predictor of cardiovascular mortality in men and women. Europace, 2018, 20, 1841-1848.	0.7	14
64	Effect of Cardiorespiratory Fitness on Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death in Overweight/Obese Men Aged 42 to 60 Years. American Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 122, 775-779.	0.7	5
65	Cardiorespiratory fitness and exercise-induced ST segment depression in assessing the risk of sudden cardiac death in men. Heart, 2017, 103, 383-389.	1.2	19
66	Relation of heart rate recovery after exercise testing to coronary artery calcification. Annals of Medicine, 2017, 49, 404-410.	1.5	12
67	Associations of cardiovascular and all-cause mortality events with oxygen uptake at ventilatory threshold. International Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 236, 444-450.	0.8	36
68	Impact of Cardiorespiratory Fitness and Risk of Systemic Hypertension in Nonobese Versus Obese Men Who Are Metabolically Healthy or Unhealthy. American Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 120, 765-768.	0.7	17
69	Association of oxygen uptake at ventilatory threshold with risk of incident hypertension: a long-term prospective cohort study. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2017, 31, 654-656.	1.0	5
70	Carotid plaque-thickness and common carotid IMT show additive value in cardiovascular risk prediction and reclassification. Atherosclerosis, 2017, 263, 412-419.	0.4	61
71	Associations of estimated $\hat{\nu}$ -5-desaturase and $\hat{\nu}$ -6-desaturase activities with stroke risk factors and risk of stroke: the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 117, 582-590.	1.2	10
72	Integrative studies implicate matrix metalloproteinase-12 as a culprit gene for large-artery atherosclerotic stroke. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2017, 282, 429-444.	2.7	34

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73	Oxygen uptake at aerobic threshold is inversely associated with fatal cardiovascular and all-cause mortality events. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2017, 49, 698-709.	1.5	20
74	Changes in cardiorespiratory fitness predict incident hypertension: A population-based long-term study. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2017, 29, e22932.	0.8	19
75	Associations of the serum long-chain omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids and hair mercury with heart rate-corrected QT and JT intervals in men: the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017, 56, 2319-2327.	1.8	5
76	Is High Serum LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio an Emerging Risk Factor for Sudden Cardiac Death? Findings from the KIID Study. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2017, 24, 600-608.	0.9	66
77	P1335 Fitness, body mass index and the risk of sudden cardiac death in middle-aged men: the Kuopio Ischemic Heart Disease Study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2017, 38, .	1.0	0
78	Identification of a novel proinsulin-associated SNP and demonstration that proinsulin is unlikely to be a causal factor in subclinical vascular remodelling using Mendelian randomisation. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2017, 266, 196-204.	0.4	3
79	Mapping of 79 loci for 83 plasma protein biomarkers in cardiovascular disease. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2017, 13, e1006706.	1.5	194
80	Clustering of cardiovascular risk factors and carotid intima-media thickness: The USE-IMT study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0173393.	1.1	13
81	Associations of serum n-3 and n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids with plasma natriuretic peptides. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 70, 963-969.	1.3	0
82	Long-term survival among patients with coronary angioplasty with drug eluting stent for the treatment of unprotected left main stenosis compared to coronary artery bypass grafting. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 225, 47-49.	0.8	3
83	Soluble CD93 Is Involved in Metabolic Dysregulation but Does Not Influence Carotid Intima-Media Thickness. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2016, 65, 2888-2899.	0.3	14
84	Exercise cardiac power and the risk of coronary heart disease and cardiovascular mortality in men. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2016, 48, 625-630.	1.5	3
85	Long-term Change in Cardiorespiratory Fitness and All-Cause Mortality. <i>Mayo Clinic Proceedings</i> , 2016, 91, 1183-1188.	1.4	147
86	The association of serum long-chain n-3 PUFA and hair mercury with exercise cardiac power in men. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 116, 487-495.	1.2	6
87	Reduced kidney function is a risk factor for atrial fibrillation. <i>Nephrology</i> , 2016, 21, 717-720.	0.7	10
88	Associations of serum n-3 and n-6 PUFA and hair mercury with the risk of incident stroke in men: the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study (KIID). <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 115, 1851-1859.	1.2	22
89	Inflammatory biomarker score and cancer: A population-based prospective cohort study. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2016, 16, 80.	1.1	34
90	Exercise Heart Rate Reserve and Recovery as Predictors of Incident Type 2 Diabetes. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2016, 129, 536.e7-536.e12.	0.6	23

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91	Baseline and long-term fibrinogen levels and risk of sudden cardiac death: A new prospective study and meta-analysis. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2016, 245, 171-180.	0.4	49
92	Metabolic syndrome and the risk of sudden cardiac death in middle-aged men. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 203, 792-797.	0.8	38
93	Cardiorespiratory fitness and lung cancer risk: A prospective population-based cohort study. <i>Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport</i> , 2016, 19, 98-102.	0.6	18
94	Physical activity and cardiorespiratory fitness as underappreciated modulators of obesity-related risk of sudden cardiac death. <i>Heart</i> , 2015, 101, 822-822.	1.2	1
95	Association between direct measurement of active serum calcium and risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus: A prospective study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2015, 25, 562-568.	1.1	9
96	Serum fructosamine and risk of cardiovascular and all-cause mortality: A 24-year prospective population-based study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2015, 25, 236-241.	1.1	5
97	T-wave inversion and mortality risk. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2015, 47, 69-73.	1.5	11
98	Cardiorespiratory fitness, C-reactive protein and lung cancer risk: A prospective population-based cohort study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 51, 1365-1370.	1.3	17
99	Impaired pulmonary function is a risk predictor for sudden cardiac death in men. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2015, 47, 381-385.	1.5	17
100	Relation of C-Reactive Protein, Fibrinogen, and Cardiorespiratory Fitness to Risk of Systemic Hypertension in Men. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 115, 1714-1719.	0.7	17
101	The value of cardiorespiratory fitness and exercise-induced ST segment depression in predicting death from coronary heart disease. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 196, 31-33.	0.8	15
102	Cardiorespiratory fitness and risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus: A 23-year cohort study and a meta-analysis of prospective studies. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 243, 131-137.	0.4	68
103	Exercise cardiac power and the risk of sudden cardiac death in a long-term prospective study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 181, 155-159.	0.8	10
104	Association between HOMA-IR, fasting insulin and fasting glucose with coronary heart disease mortality in nondiabetic men: a 20-year observational study. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2015, 52, 183-186.	1.2	15
105	The frequency of alcohol consumption is associated with the stroke mortality. <i>Acta Neurologica Scandinavica</i> , 2014, 130, 118-124.	1.0	15
106	T-wave inversion on electrocardiogram is related to the risk of acute coronary syndrome in the general population. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2014, 21, 500-506.	0.8	12
107	Reduced lung function and the risk of out-of-hospital sudden cardiac death. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2014, 44, 1355-1357.	3.1	2
108	Left Ventricular Mass and the Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death: A Population-Based Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2014, 3, e001285.	1.6	63

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109	Usefulness of Blood Pressure Rise Prior to Exercise Stress Testing to Predict the Risk of Future Hypertension in Normotensive Korean Men. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 114, 1238-1242.	0.7	3
110	T-Wave Inversion, QRS Duration, and QRS/T Angle as Electrocardiographic Predictors of the Risk for Sudden Cardiac Death. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 113, 1178-1183.	0.7	43
111	Elevated systolic blood pressure during recovery from exercise and the risk of sudden cardiac death. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2014, 32, 659-666.	0.3	15
112	Hangover and the risk of stroke in middle-aged men. <i>Acta Neurologica Scandinavica</i> , 2013, 127, 186-191.	1.0	8
113	Serum β -carotene concentrations and the risk of congestive heart failure in men: A population-based study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 168, 1841-1846.	0.8	48
114	Alcohol consumption and the risk of stroke among hypertensive and overweight men. <i>Journal of Neurology</i> , 2013, 260, 534-539.	1.8	7
115	Prediagnostic circulating markers of inflammation and risk of prostate cancer. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013, 133, 2961-2967.	2.3	40
116	Chronotropic response to exercise and risk of type 2 diabetes in men. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2013, 34, P5815-P5815.	1.0	1
117	Duration of QRS Complex in Resting Electrocardiogram Is a Predictor of Sudden Cardiac Death in Men. <i>Circulation</i> , 2012, 125, 2588-2594.	1.6	117
118	Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Duration of QRS Complex in Resting Electrocardiogram is a Predictor of Sudden Cardiac Death in Men." <i>Circulation</i> , 2012, 126, .	1.6	0
119	Relation of Systemic Blood Pressure to Sudden Cardiac Death. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2012, 110, 378-382.	0.7	30
120	Cardiorespiratory Fitness Is Related to the Risk of Sudden Cardiac Death. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2010, 56, 1476-1483.	1.2	149
121	Cardiorespiratory fitness, lifestyle factors and cancer risk and mortality in Finnish men. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010, 46, 355-363.	1.3	82
122	The impact of alcohol consumption on the risk of cancer among men: A 20-year follow-up study from Finland. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010, 46, 1488-1492.	1.3	3
123	Plasma N-terminal fragments of natriuretic peptides predict the risk of stroke and atrial fibrillation in men. <i>Heart</i> , 2009, 95, 1067-1071.	1.2	21
124	Determinants of Cardiorespiratory Fitness in Men Aged 42 to 60 Years With and Without Cardiovascular Disease. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2009, 103, 1598-1604.	0.7	112
125	Exercise workload, cardiovascular risk factor evaluation and the risk of stroke in middle-aged men. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2009, 265, 229-237.	2.7	7
126	Alcohol consumption and risk of colorectal cancer: the Findrink study. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2008, 23, 395-401.	2.5	21

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127	Systolic blood pressure response to exercise testing is related to the risk of acute myocardial infarction in middle-aged men. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2006, 13, 421-428.	3.1	59
128	Plasma N-terminal fragments of natriuretic propeptides predict the risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in middle-aged men. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2006, 27, 1230-1237.	1.0	39
129	Metabolic Syndrome and the Risk of Stroke in Middle-Aged Men. <i>Stroke</i> , 2006, 37, 806-811.	1.0	192
130	Systolic blood pressure response to exercise testing is related to the risk of acute myocardial infarction in middle-aged men. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2006, 13, 421-428.	3.1	54
131	Cardiac Power During Exercise and the Risk of Stroke in Men. <i>Stroke</i> , 2005, 36, 820-824.	1.0	31
132	The predictive value of cardiorespiratory fitness for cardiovascular events in men with various risk profiles: a prospective population-based cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2004, 25, 1428-1437.	1.0	220
133	Association of Exercise-Induced, Silent ST-Segment Depression With the Risk of Stroke and Cardiovascular Diseases in Men. <i>Stroke</i> , 2003, 34, 1760-1765.	1.0	16
134	Cardiorespiratory Fitness and the Risk for Stroke in Men. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2003, 163, 1682.	4.3	120
135	Plasma Vitamin C Modifies the Association Between Hypertension and Risk of Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2002, 33, 1568-1573.	1.0	98
136	Cardiorespiratory fitness and physical activity as risk predictors of future atherosclerotic cardiovascular diseases. <i>Current Atherosclerosis Reports</i> , 2002, 4, 468-476.	2.0	57
137	Systolic Blood Pressure Response to Exercise Stress Test and Risk of Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , 2001, 32, 2036-2041.	1.0	236