

Richard L Lindroth

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9377739/richard-l-lindroth-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-23

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

194
papers

11,568
citations

54
h-index

102
g-index

198
ext. papers

12,631
ext. citations

4.4
avg, IF

6.31
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
194	Polyploidy and growth-defense tradeoffs in natural populations of western quaking Aspen.. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2022 , 48, 431	2.7	0
193	Intraspecific variation in plant economic traits predicts trembling aspen resistance to a generalist insect herbivore.. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2022 , 1	2.9	0
192	Coordinated resource allocation to plant growth-defense tradeoffs. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021 ,	9.8	4
191	Causes and Consequences of Condensed Tannin Variation in Populus 2021 , 69-112		0
190	Heterozygous Trees Rebound the Fastest after Felling by Beavers to Positively Affect Arthropod Community Diversity. <i>Forests</i> , 2021 , 12, 694	2.8	1
189	Beavers, Bugs and Chemistry: A Mammalian Herbivore Changes Chemistry Composition and Arthropod Communities in Foundation Tree Species. <i>Forests</i> , 2021 , 12, 877	2.8	2
188	Growing up aspen: ontogeny and trade-offs shape growth, defence and reproduction in a foundation species. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2021 , 127, 505-517	4.1	10
187	Spatial, genetic and biotic factors shape within-crown leaf trait variation and herbivore performance in a foundation tree species. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2021 , 35, 54-66	5.6	2
186	Salicinoid phenolics reduce adult Anoplophora glabripennis (Cerambycidae: Lamiinae) feeding and egg production. <i>Arthropod-Plant Interactions</i> , 2021 , 15, 127-136	2.2	2
185	Trait plasticity and trade-offs shape intra-specific variation in competitive response in a foundation tree species. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021 , 230, 710-719	9.8	5
184	Root Secondary Metabolites in Populus tremuloides: Effects of Simulated Climate Warming, Defoliation, and Genotype. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2021 , 47, 313-321	2.7	2
183	Plastic responses to hot temperatures homogenize riparian leaf litter, speed decomposition, and reduce detritivores. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021 , 102, e03461	4.6	1
182	Growth-defense trade-offs shape population genetic composition in an iconic forest tree species. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021 , 118,	11.5	5
181	Phenological responses to prior-season defoliation and soil-nutrient availability vary among early- and late-flushing aspen (Populus tremuloides Michx.) genotypes. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2020 , 458, 117771	3.9	1
180	The Occurrence of Sulfated Salicinoids in Poplar and Their Formation by Sulfotransferase1. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2020 , 183, 137-151	6.6	5
179	Response of aspen genotypes to browsing damage is not influenced by soil community diversity. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2020 , 452, 153-170	4.2	
178	To compete or defend: linking functional trait variation with life-history tradeoffs in a foundation tree species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2020 , 192, 893-907	2.9	6

177	Local adaptation and rapid evolution of aphids in response to genetic interactions with their cottonwood hosts. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020 , 10, 10532-10542	2.8	1
176	Linking plant genes to insect communities: Identifying the genetic bases of plant traits and community composition. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2019 , 28, 4404-4421	5.7	15
175	Chemical defense over decadal scales: Ontogenetic allocation trajectories and consequences for fitness in a foundation tree species. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2019 , 33, 2105-2115	5.6	16
174	Genetic variation in tree leaf chemistry predicts the abundance and activity of autotrophic soil microorganisms. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2019 , 10, e02795	3.1	3
173	Divergent host plant utilization by adults and offspring is related to intra-plant variation in chemical defences. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2019 , 88, 1789-1798	4.7	5
172	Analysis of condensed tannins in <i>Populus</i> spp. using reversed phase UPLC-PDA(-)-esi-MS following thiolytic depolymerisation. <i>Phytochemical Analysis</i> , 2019 , 30, 257-267	3.4	6
171	Independent and interactive effects of plant genotype and environment on plant traits and insect herbivore performance: A meta-analysis with Salicaceae. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2019 , 33, 422-435	5.6	19
170	Genetic down-regulation of gibberellin results in semi-dwarf poplar but few non-target effects on chemical resistance and tolerance to defoliation. <i>Journal of Plant Ecology</i> , 2019 , 12, 124-136	1.7	5
169	Large effect quantitative trait loci for salicinoid phenolic glycosides in : Implications for gene discovery. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018 , 8, 3726-3737	2.8	4
168	Genotypic variation in plant traits shapes herbivorous insect and ant communities on a foundation tree species. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0200954	3.7	20
167	Purification and Analysis of Salicinoids. <i>Current Analytical Chemistry</i> , 2018 , 14, 423-429	1.7	12
166	Clonal Saplings of Trembling Aspen Do Not Coordinate Defense Induction. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2018 , 44, 1045-1050	2.7	4
165	Genetic variation in aspen phytochemical patterns structures windows of opportunity for gypsy moth larvae. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2018 , 187, 471-482	2.9	11
164	Vernal freeze damage and genetic variation alter tree growth, chemistry, and insect interactions. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2017 , 40, 2743-2753	8.4	10
163	Small mammal activity alters plant community composition and microbial activity in an old-field ecosystem. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017 , 8, e01777	3.1	12
162	Effects of Elevated Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide and Tropospheric Ozone on Phytochemical Composition of Trembling Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) and Paper Birch (<i>Betula papyrifera</i>). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2017 , 43, 26-38	2.7	18
161	Genetic Modification of Lignin in Hybrid Poplar (<i>Populus alba</i> [<i>Populus tremula</i>]) Does Not Substantially Alter Plant Defense or Arthropod Communities. <i>Journal of Insect Science</i> , 2017 , 17,	2	3
160	Phytochemical traits underlie genotypic variation in susceptibility of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) to browsing by a keystone forest ungulate. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016 , 104, 850-863	6	12

159	Host genetics and environment shape fungal pathogen incidence on a foundation forest tree species, <i>Populus tremuloides</i> . <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2016 , 46, 1167-1172	1.9	4
158	Growth and chemical responses of trembling aspen to simulated browsing and ungulate saliva. <i>Journal of Plant Ecology</i> , 2016 , 9, 474-484	1.7	8
157	Interactions between Bacteria And Aspen Defense Chemicals at the Phyllosphere - Herbivore Interface. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2016 , 42, 193-201	2.7	19
156	Heterozygosity, gender, and the growth-defense trade-off in quaking aspen. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2016 , 181, 381-909	2.0	15
155	Effects of winter temperatures, spring degree-day accumulation, and insect population source on phenological synchrony between forest tent caterpillar and host trees. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016 , 362, 241-250	3.9	35
154	Supercooling points of diapausing forest tent caterpillar (Lepidoptera: Lasiocampidae) eggs. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2016 , 148, 512-519	0.7	6
153	Spectroscopic determination of ecologically relevant plant secondary metabolites. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016 , 7, 1402-1412	7.7	64
152	Experimental Approaches for Assessing Invertebrate Responses to Global Change Factors 2016 , 30-45		6
151	Rapid modulation of ultraviolet shielding in plants is influenced by solar ultraviolet radiation and linked to alterations in flavonoids. <i>Plant, Cell and Environment</i> , 2016 , 39, 222-30	8.4	48
150	Down-regulation of gibberellic acid in poplar has negligible effects on host-plant suitability and insect pest response. <i>Arthropod-Plant Interactions</i> , 2015 , 9, 85-95	2.2	2
149	Influence of Genotype, Environment, and Gypsy Moth Herbivory on Local and Systemic Chemical Defenses in Trembling Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2015 , 41, 651-61	2.7	28
148	Aspen defense chemicals influence midgut bacterial community composition of gypsy moth. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2015 , 41, 75-84	2.7	39
147	Condensed tannins increase nitrogen recovery by trees following insect defoliation. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015 , 208, 410-20	9.8	43
146	Experimental climate warming alters aspen and birch phytochemistry and performance traits for an outbreak insect herbivore. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015 , 21, 2698-2710	11.4	43
145	Root chemistry in <i>Populus tremuloides</i> : effects of soil nutrients, defoliation, and genotype. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2014 , 40, 31-8	2.7	10
144	Atmospheric change alters frass quality of forest canopy herbivores. <i>Arthropod-Plant Interactions</i> , 2014 , 8, 33-47	2.2	12
143	Imaging spectroscopy links aspen genotype with below-ground processes at landscape scales. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014 , 369, 20130194	5.8	52
142	Simulated climate warming alters phenological synchrony between an outbreak insect herbivore and host trees. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014 , 175, 1041-9	2.9	67

141	Phenylpropanoid glycosides of <i>Mimulus guttatus</i> (yellow monkeyflower). <i>Phytochemistry Letters</i> , 2014 , 10, 132-139	1.9	14
140	Elevated carbon dioxide and ozone have weak, idiosyncratic effects on herbivorous forest insect abundance, species richness, and community composition. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2014 , 7, 553-562	3.8	10
139	Herbivore-mediated material fluxes in a northern deciduous forest under elevated carbon dioxide and ozone concentrations. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014 , 204, 397-407	9.8	17
138	A high-resolution genetic map of yellow monkeyflower identifies chemical defense QTLs and recombination rate variation. <i>G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics</i> , 2014 , 4, 813-21	3.2	26
137	Condensed tannin biosynthesis and polymerization synergistically condition carbon use, defense, sink strength and growth in <i>Populus</i> . <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2014 , 34, 1240-51	4.2	13
136	Patterns of phytochemical variation in <i>Mimulus guttatus</i> (yellow monkeyflower). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2013 , 39, 525-36	2.7	30
135	Rapid phytochemical analysis of birch (<i>Betula</i>) and poplar (<i>Populus</i>) foliage by near-infrared reflectance spectroscopy. <i>Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry</i> , 2013 , 405, 1333-44	4.4	31
134	Impacts of Atmospheric Change on Tree-Arthropod Interactions. <i>Developments in Environmental Science</i> , 2013 , 13, 227-248		6
133	Transgenerational effects of herbivory in a group of long-lived tree species: maternal damage reduces offspring allocation to resistance traits, but not growth. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013 , 101, 1062-1073	6	21
132	Adaptations of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx.) for defense against herbivores. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013 , 299, 14-21	3.9	105
131	Influence of global atmospheric change on the feeding behavior and growth performance of a mammalian herbivore, <i>Microtus ochrogaster</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e72717	3.7	2
130	Atmospheric change alters foliar quality of host trees and performance of two outbreak insect species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012 , 168, 863-76	2.9	42
129	Arthropod community similarity in clonal stands of aspen: A test of the genetic similarity rule. <i>Ecoscience</i> , 2012 , 19, 48-58	1.1	4
128	Relative importance of genetic, ontogenetic, induction, and seasonal variation in producing a multivariate defense phenotype in a foundation tree species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012 , 170, 695-707	2.9	65
127	Genotype and soil nutrient environment influence aspen litter chemistry and in-stream decomposition. <i>Freshwater Science</i> , 2012 , 31, 1244-1253	2	29
126	Consequences of climate warming and altered precipitation patterns for plant-insect and multitrophic interactions. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2012 , 160, 1719-27	6.6	206
125	Atmospheric change alters performance of an invasive forest insect. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012 , 18, 3543-3557	11.4	30
124	Genotypic differences and prior defoliation affect re-growth and phytochemistry after coppicing in <i>Populus tremuloides</i> . <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2012 , 38, 306-14	2.7	9

123	Elevated CO ₂ interacts with herbivory to alter chlorophyll fluorescence and leaf temperature in <i>Betula papyrifera</i> and <i>Populus tremuloides</i> . <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012 , 169, 905-13	2.9	16
122	Soil microbial communities adapt to genetic variation in leaf litter inputs. <i>Oikos</i> , 2011 , 120, 1696-1704	4	51
121	Qualitative variation in proanthocyanidin composition of <i>Populus</i> species and hybrids: genetics is the key. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2011 , 37, 57-70	2.7	40
120	Forest gene diversity is correlated with the composition and function of soil microbial communities. <i>Population Ecology</i> , 2011 , 53, 35-46	2.1	45
119	Performance of the invasive weevil <i>Polydrusus sericeus</i> is influenced by atmospheric CO ₂ and host species. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2010 , 12, 285	1.9	10
118	Effects of genotype, elevated CO ₂ and elevated O ₃ on aspen phytochemistry and aspen leaf beetle <i>Chrysomela crotchii</i> performance. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2010 , 12, 267	1.9	13
117	Individual growth rates do not predict aphid population densities under altered atmospheric conditions. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2010 , 12, no-no	1.9	2
116	Increased nitrogen availability influences predator-prey interactions by altering host-plant quality. <i>Chemoecology</i> , 2010 , 20, 277-284	2	48
115	Impacts of elevated atmospheric CO ₂ and O ₃ on forests: phytochemistry, trophic interactions, and ecosystem dynamics. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2010 , 36, 2-21	2.7	206
114	Soil carbon and nitrogen mineralization following deposition of insect frass and greenfall from forests under elevated CO ₂ and O ₃ . <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2010 , 336, 75-85	4.2	21
113	Impacts of elevated CO ₂ and O ₃ on aspen leaf litter chemistry and earthworm and springtail productivity. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2010 , 42, 1132-1137	7.5	32
112	The Impact of Genomics on Advances in Herbivore Defense and Secondary Metabolism in <i>Populus</i> 2010 , 279-305		21
111	A comparative analysis of phenylpropanoid metabolism, N utilization, and carbon partitioning in fast- and slow-growing <i>Populus</i> hybrid clones. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2009 , 60, 3443-52	7	34
110	Climate Change and Temporal and Spatial Mismatches in Insect Communities 2009 , 215-231		13
109	Incidence of <i>Venturia</i> shoot blight in aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx.) varies with tree chemistry and genotype. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2009 , 37, 139-145	1.4	41
108	Genetic mosaics of ecosystem functioning across aspen-dominated landscapes. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2009 , 160, 119-27	2.9	55
107	Behavioral archives link the chemistry and clonal structure of trembling aspen to the food choice of North American porcupine. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2009 , 160, 687-95	2.9	21
106	Removal of invasive shrubs reduces exotic earthworm populations. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2009 , 11, 663-671.7		57

105	Plant genotypic diversity and environmental stress interact to negatively affect arthropod community diversity. <i>Arthropod-Plant Interactions</i> , 2009 , 3, 249-258	2.2	21
104	Rising concentrations of atmospheric CO ₂ have increased growth in natural stands of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>). <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2009 , 16, 2186-2197	11.4	71
103	Elevated atmospheric carbon dioxide and ozone alter forest insect abundance and community composition. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2008 , 1, 233-241	3.8	49
102	Effects of variable phytochemistry and budbreak phenology on defoliation of aspen during a forest tent caterpillar outbreak. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2008 , 10, 399-410	1.9	43
101	Aspen Decline, Aspen Chemistry, and Elk Herbivory: Are They Linked?. <i>Rangelands</i> , 2008 , 30, 17-21	1.1	43
100	Independent, Interactive, and Species-Specific Responses of Leaf Litter Decomposition to Elevated CO ₂ and O ₃ in a Northern Hardwood Forest. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2008 , 11, 505-519	3.9	50
99	From Genes to Ecosystems: The Genetic Basis of Condensed Tannins and Their Role in Nutrient Regulation in a <i>Populus</i> Model System. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2008 , 11, 1005-1020	3.9	147
98	Forest understory clover populations in enriched CO ₂ and O ₃ atmospheres: Interspecific, intraspecific, and indirect effects. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2007 , 59, 340-346	5.9	9
97	Canopy herbivory can mediate the influence of plant genotype on soil processes through frass deposition. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2007 , 39, 1192-1201	7.5	53
96	Resistance and tolerance in <i>Populus tremuloides</i> : genetic variation, costs, and environmental dependency. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 2007 , 21, 829-847	1.8	97
95	Browse quality in quaking Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>): effects of genotype, nutrients, defoliation, and coppicing. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2007 , 33, 1049-64	2.7	35
94	Rapid shifts in the chemical composition of aspen forests: an introduced herbivore as an agent of natural selection. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2007 , 9, 715-722	2.7	48
93	Modeling nitrogen flux by larval insect herbivores from a temperate hardwood forest. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2007 , 153, 833-43	2.9	12
92	Genetics, environment, and their interaction determine efficacy of chemical defense in trembling aspen. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007 , 88, 729-39	4.6	99
91	Interactive effects of condensed tannin and cellulose additions on soil respiration. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2007 , 37, 2063-2067	1.9	17
90	Extrafloral nectaries in aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>): heritable genetic variation and herbivore-induced expression. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2007 , 100, 1337-46	4.1	45
89	Tri-trophic effects of plant defenses: chickadees consume caterpillars based on host leaf chemistry. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006 , 114, 507-517	4	27
88	Competition- and resource-mediated tradeoffs between growth and defensive chemistry in trembling aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2006 , 169, 561-70	9.8	117

87	Genome-wide analysis of the structural genes regulating defense phenylpropanoid metabolism in Populus. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2006 , 172, 47-62	9.8	222
86	A framework for community and ecosystem genetics: from genes to ecosystems. <i>Nature Reviews Genetics</i> , 2006 , 7, 510-23	30.1	790
85	Age-related shifts in leaf chemistry of clonal aspen (Populus tremuloides). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2006 , 32, 1415-29	2.7	135
84	Developmental trajectories in cottonwood phytochemistry. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2006 , 32, 2269-85	6.3	63
83	Genetic Identity of Populus tremuloides Litter Influences Decomposition and Nutrient Release in a Mixed Forest Stand. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2006 , 9, 528-537	3.9	143
82	Genotype and environment determine allocation to and costs of resistance in quaking aspen. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2006 , 148, 293-303	2.9	123
81	Importance of species interactions to community heritability: a genetic basis to trophic-level interactions. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006 , 9, 78-85	10	118
80	Herbivory in a World of Elevated CO ₂ 2005 , 468-486		4
79	CO ₂ and O ₃ effects on host plant preferences of the forest tent caterpillar (Malacosoma disstria). <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2005 , 11, 588-599	11.4	56
78	Altered genotypic and phenotypic frequencies of aphid populations under enriched CO ₂ and O ₃ atmospheres. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2005 , 11, 051013014052002-???	11.4	3
77	Induced resistance in the indeterminate growth of aspen (Populus tremuloides). <i>Oecologia</i> , 2005 , 145, 298-306	2.9	75
76	Host plant genetics affect hidden ecological players: links among Populus, condensed tannins, and fungal endophyte infection. <i>Canadian Journal of Botany</i> , 2005 , 83, 356-361		93
75	Cottonwood Leaf Beetle (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae) Performance in Relation to Variable Phytochemistry in Juvenile Aspen (Populus tremuloides Michx.). <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2004 , 33, 1505-1511	2.1	38
74	Genetically based trait in a dominant tree affects ecosystem processes. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004 , 7, 127-134	10	291
73	Transgenerational phenotypic plasticity under future atmospheric conditions. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004 , 7, 941-946	10	26
72	Aphid individual performance may not predict population responses to elevated CO ₂ or O ₃ . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2004 , 10, 1414-1423	11.4	58
71	Divergent pheromone-mediated insect behaviour under global atmospheric change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2004 , 10, 1820-1824	11.4	41
70	Decomposition of Betula papyrifera leaf litter under the independent and interactive effects of elevated CO ₂ and O ₃ . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2004 , 10, 1666-1677	11.4	39

69	Long-term effects of defoliation on quaking aspen in relation to genotype and nutrient availability: plant growth, phytochemistry and insect performance. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2004 , 139, 55-65	2.9	81
68	BEAVERS AS MOLECULAR GENETICISTS: A GENETIC BASIS TO THE FORAGING OF AN ECOSYSTEM ENGINEER. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004 , 85, 603-608	4.6	99
67	Effects of elevated carbon dioxide and ozone on the phytochemistry of aspen and performance of an herbivore. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2003 , 134, 95-103	2.9	81
66	Foliar quality influences tree-herbivore-parasitoid interactions: effects of elevated CO ₂ , O ₃ , and plant genotype. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2003 , 137, 233-44	2.9	129
65	Responses of trembling aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) phytochemistry and aspen blotch leafminer (<i>Phyllonorycter tremuloidiella</i>) performance to elevated levels of atmospheric CO ₂ and O ₃ . <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2003 , 5, 17-26	1.9	49
64	COMMUNITY AND ECOSYSTEM GENETICS: A CONSEQUENCE OF THE EXTENDED PHENOTYPE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003 , 84, 559-573	4.6	506
63	Altered growth and fine root chemistry of <i>Betula papyrifera</i> and <i>Acer saccharum</i> under elevated CO ₂ . <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2003 , 33, 842-846	1.9	7
62	Herbivory in global climate change research: direct effects of rising temperature on insect herbivores. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2002 , 8, 1-16	11.4	1546
61	Response of quaking aspen genotypes to enriched CO ₂ : foliar chemistry and tussock moth performance. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2002 , 4, 315-323	1.9	26
60	Altered performance of forest pests under atmospheres enriched by CO ₂ and O ₃ . <i>Nature</i> , 2002 , 420, 403-7	50.4	248
59	Effects of Paper Birch Condensed Tannin on Whitemarked Tussock Moth (Lepidoptera: Lymantriidae) Performance. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2002 , 31, 10-14	2.1	30
58	Responses of deciduous broadleaf trees to defoliation in a CO ₂ enriched atmosphere. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2002 , 22, 435-48	4.2	19
57	Genotypic variation in response of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) to atmospheric CO ₂ enrichment. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2001 , 126, 371-379	2.9	66
56	Effects of genotype, nutrient availability, and defoliation on aspen phytochemistry and insect performance. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2001 , 27, 1289-313	2.7	151
55	CO ₂ and O ₃ Effects on Paper Birch (<i>Betulaceae:Betula papyrifera</i>) Phytochemistry and Whitemarked Tussock Moth (<i>Lymantriidae:Orgyia leucostigma</i>) Performance. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2001 , 30, 1119-1126	2.1	37
54	Secondary Plant Compounds in Seedling and Mature Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) in Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming. <i>American Midland Naturalist</i> , 2001 , 145, 299-308	0.7	24
53	Consequences of elevated carbon dioxide and ozone for foliar chemical composition and dynamics in trembling aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) and paper birch (<i>Betula papyrifera</i>). <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2001 , 115, 395-404	9.3	100
52	Effects of CO ₂ and light on tree phytochemistry and insect performance. <i>Oikos</i> , 2000 , 88, 259-272	4	106

51	Within- and between-year variation in early season phytochemistry of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx.) clones. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 2000 , 28, 197-208	1.4	49
50	Effects of Phenolic Glycosides and Protein on Gypsy Moth (Lepidoptera: Lymantriidae) and Forest Tent Caterpillar (Lepidoptera: Lasiocampidae) Performance and Detoxication Activities. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 2000 , 29, 1108-1115	2.1	55
49	Effects of phytochemical variation in quaking aspen <i>Populus tremuloides</i> clones on gypsy moth <i>Lymantria dispar</i> performance in the field and laboratory. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2000 , 25, 197-207	2.1	86
48	Effects of Light and Nutrient Availability on Aspen: Growth, Phytochemistry, and Insect Performance. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1999 , 25, 1687-1714	2.7	106
47	Phytochemical Variation in Quaking Aspen: Effects on Gypsy Moth Susceptibility to Nuclear Polyhedrosis Virus. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1999 , 25, 1331-1341	2.7	15
46	CO and light effects on deciduous trees: growth, foliar chemistry, and insect performance. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1999 , 119, 389-399	2.9	20
45	CO. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1999 , 119, 389	2.9	32
44	Consequences of Enriched Atmospheric CO ₂ and Defoliation for Foliar Chemistry and Gypsy Moth Performance. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1998 , 24, 1677-1695	2.7	51
43	Influences of atmospheric CO ₂ enrichment on the responses of sugar maple and trembling aspen to defoliation. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 1998 , 140, 85-94	9.8	32
42	Enriched atmospheric CO ₂ and defoliation: effects on tree chemistry and insect performance. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 1998 , 4, 419-430	11.4	75
41	Consequences of clonal variation in aspen phytochemistry for late season folivores. <i>Ecoscience</i> , 1998 , 5, 508-516	1.1	36
40	Effects of CO ₂ and NO ₃ - Availability on Deciduous Trees: Phytochemistry and Insect Performance. <i>Ecology</i> , 1997 , 78, 215	4.6	9
39	Variation in temperature and dietary nitrogen affect performance of the gypsy moth (<i>Lymantria dispar</i> L.). <i>Physiological Entomology</i> , 1997 , 22, 55-64	1.9	54
38	Dietary Phenolics Affects Performance of the Gypsy Moth (Lepidoptera: Lymantriidae) and Its Parasitoid <i>Cotesia melanoscela</i> (Hymenoptera: Braconidae). <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 1997 , 26, 668-671 ¹	2.1	34
37	EFFECTS OF CO ₂ AND NO ₃ AVAILABILITY ON DECIDUOUS TREES: PHYTOCHEMISTRY AND INSECT PERFORMANCE. <i>Ecology</i> , 1997 , 78, 215-230	4.6	99
36	Clonal variation in foliar chemistry of aspen: effects on gypsy moths and forest tent caterpillars. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1997 , 111, 99-108	2.9	169
35	Clonal variation in foliar chemistry of quaking aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i> Michx.). <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1996 , 24, 357-364	1.4	83
34	Preservation of salicaceae leaves for phytochemical analyses: Further assessment. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1996 , 22, 765-71	2.7	36

33	Diversity, Redundancy, and Multiplicity in Chemical Defense Systems of Aspen 1996 , 25-56		39
32	Consequences of Elevated Atmospheric CO ₂ for Forest Insects 1996 , 347-361		34
31	CO ₂ -Mediated Changes in Tree Chemistry and Tree-Lepidoptera Interactions 1996 , 105-120		49
30	Intraspecific variation in aspen phytochemistry: effects on performance of gypsy moths and forest tent caterpillars. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1995 , 103, 79-88	2.9	160
29	Elevated atmospheric CO ₂ : effects on phytochemistry, insect performance and insect-parasitoid interactions. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 1995 , 1, 173-182	11.4	115
28	Differential toxicity of juglone (5-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone) and related naphthoquinones to saturniid moths. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1994 , 20, 1631-41	2.7	24
27	Effects of CO ₂ -mediated changes in paper birch and white pine chemistry on gypsy moth performance. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1994 , 98, 133-138	2.9	87
26	Effects of foliar phenolics and ascorbic acid on performance of the gypsy moth (<i>Lymantria dispar</i>). <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1994 , 22, 341-351	1.4	22
25	Responses of Dicotyledonous Trees to Elevated Atmospheric CO ₂ : Productivity, Phytochemistry, and Insect Performance. <i>Ecology</i> , 1993 , 74, 763-777	4.6	296
24	Detoxication activity in the gypsy moth: Effects of host CO ₂ and NO ₃ ⁻ availability. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1993 , 19, 357-67	2.7	14
23	Deductions on Inductions by Herbivores Phytochemical Induction by Herbivores Douglas W. Tallamy Michael J. Raupp. <i>BioScience</i> , 1992 , 42, 372-373	5.7	
22	Genetic variation in response of the gypsy moth to aspen phenolic glycosides. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1991 , 19, 97-103	1.4	41
21	Biochemical ecology of the forest tent caterpillar: responses to dietary protein and phenolic glycosides. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1991 , 86, 408-413	2.9	59
20	Nutrient deficiencies and the gypsy moth, <i>Lymantria dispar</i> : Effects on larval performance and detoxication enzyme activities. <i>Journal of Insect Physiology</i> , 1991 , 37, 45-52	2.4	39
19	Effects of protein and juglone on gypsy moths: Growth performance and detoxification enzyme activity. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1990 , 16, 2533-47	2.7	38
18	Responses of the Gypsy Moth (Lepidoptera: Lymantriidae) to Tremulacin, an Aspen Phenolic Glycoside. <i>Environmental Entomology</i> , 1990 , 19, 842-847	2.1	63
17	Host plant alteration of detoxication activity in <i>Papilio glaucus glaucus</i> . <i>Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata</i> , 1989 , 50, 29-35	2.1	37
16	Chemical ecology of the luna moth : Effects of host plant on detoxification enzyme activity. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1989 , 15, 2019-29	2.7	23

15	Differential toxicity of a phenolic glycoside from quaking aspen to <i>Papilio glaucus</i> butterfly subspecies, hybrids and backcrosses. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1989 , 81, 186-191	2.9	51
14	Differential esterase activity in <i>Papilio glaucus</i> subspecies: Absence of cross-resistance between allelochemicals and insecticides. <i>Pesticide Biochemistry and Physiology</i> , 1989 , 35, 185-191	4.9	18
13	Hydrolysis of phenolic glycosides by midgut β -glucosidases in <i>Papilio glaucus</i> subspecies. <i>Insect Biochemistry</i> , 1988 , 18, 789-792		42
12	Effects of the Quaking Aspen Compounds Catechol, Salicin and Isoniazid on Two Subspecies of Tiger Swallowtails. <i>American Midland Naturalist</i> , 1988 , 119, 1	0.7	8
11	Chemical Ecology of the Tiger Swallowtail: Mediation of Host Use by Phenolic Glycosides. <i>Ecology</i> , 1988 , 69, 814-822	4.6	114
10	Adaptations of Mammalian Herbivores to Plant Chemical Defenses 1988 , 415-445		15
9	Fourteen years of population fluctuations of <i>Microtus ochrogaster</i> and <i>M. pennsylvanicus</i> in east central Illinois. <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> , 1987 , 65, 1317-1325	1.5	50
8	Characterization of phenolic glycosides from quaking aspen. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1987 , 15, 677-680	1.4	59
7	Seasonal patterns in the phytochemistry of three <i>Populus</i> species. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1987 , 15, 681-686	1.4	90
6	Lespedeza phenolics and Penstemon alkaloids: Effects on digestion efficiencies and growth of voles. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1986 , 12, 713-28	2.7	37
5	Patterns in the phytochemistry of three prairie plants. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1986 , 14, 597-602	1.4	8
4	Inducible Plant Chemical Defences: A Cause of Vole Population Cycles?. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 1986 , 55, 431	4.7	29
3	Plant phenolics as chemical defenses: Effects of natural phenolics on survival and growth of prairie voles (<i>Microtus ochrogaster</i>). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1984 , 10, 229-44	2.7	115
2	Detoxication of some naturally occurring phenolics by prairie voles: a rapid assay of glucuronidation metabolism. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1983 , 11, 405-409	1.4	17
1	Atmospheric change, plant secondary metabolites and ecological interactions 120-153		19