## Simona Costanzo

## List of Publications by Citations

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9368841/simona-costanzo-publications-by-citations.pdf

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

124<br/>papers7,623<br/>citations32<br/>h-index87<br/>g-index138<br/>ext. papers9,952<br/>ext. citations6.3<br/>avg, IF5.03<br/>L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
124	Worldwide trends in body-mass index, underweight, overweight, and obesity from 1975 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 2416 population-based measurement studies in 128D million children, adolescents, and adults. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2017</b> , 390, 2627-2642	40	2980
123	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with 19 million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2017</b> , 389, 37-55	40	1100
122	Alcohol dosing and total mortality in men and women: an updated meta-analysis of 34 prospective studies. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , <b>2006</b> , 166, 2437-45		631
121	Alcohol consumption and mortality in patients with cardiovascular disease: a meta-analysis. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 55, 1339-47	15.1	198
120	Sex Differences and Similarities in Atrial Fibrillation Epidemiology, Risk Factors, and Mortality in Community Cohorts: Results From the BiomarCaRE Consortium (Biomarker for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment in Europe). <i>Circulation</i> , <b>2017</b> , 136, 1588-1597	16.7	163
119	Wine, beer or spirit drinking in relation to fatal and non-fatal cardiovascular events: a meta-analysis. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , <b>2011</b> , 26, 833-50	12.1	143
118	Troponin I and cardiovascular risk prediction in the general population: the BiomarCaRE consortium. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , <b>2016</b> , 37, 2428-37	9.5	140
117	Lipoprotein(a) and the risk of cardiovascular disease in the European population: results from the BiomarCaRE consortium. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , <b>2017</b> , 38, 2490-2498	9.5	108
116	Nutrition knowledge is associated with higher adherence to Mediterranean diet and lower prevalence of obesity. Results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Appetite</i> , <b>2013</b> , 68, 139-46	4.5	93
115	Adherence to a Mediterranean diet is associated with a better health-related quality of life: a possible role of high dietary antioxidant content. <i>BMJ Open</i> , <b>2013</b> , 3,	3	86
114	Regular consumption of dark chocolate is associated with low serum concentrations of C-reactive protein in a healthy Italian population. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2008</b> , 138, 1939-45	4.1	85
113	Common cardiovascular risk factors and in-hospital mortality in 3,894 patients with COVID-19: survival analysis and machine learning-based findings from the multicentre Italian CORIST Study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2020</b> , 30, 1899-1913	4.5	84
112	Cardiovascular and overall mortality risk in relation to alcohol consumption in patients with cardiovascular disease. <i>Circulation</i> , <b>2010</b> , 121, 1951-9	16.7	73
111	Adherence to the traditional Mediterranean diet and mortality in subjects with diabetes.  Prospective results from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 23, 400-	<b>-3</b> ·9	68
110	Polyphenol intake is associated with low-grade inflammation, using a novel data analysis from the Moli-sani study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2016</b> , 115, 344-52	7	68
109	Use of hydroxychloroquine in hospitalised COVID-19 patients is associated with reduced mortality: Findings from the observational multicentre Italian CORIST study. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , <b>2020</b> , 82, 38-47	3.9	64
108	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with lower platelet and leukocyte counts: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Blood</i> , <b>2014</b> , 123, 3037-44	2.2	59

107	Distribution of short and lifetime risks for cardiovascular disease in Italians. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 19, 723-30	3.9	56	
106	Association of D-dimer levels with all-cause mortality in a healthy adult population: findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Haematologica</i> , <b>2013</b> , 98, 1476-80	6.6	55	
105	A score of low-grade inflammation and risk of mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Haematologica</i> , <b>2016</b> , 101, 1434-1441	6.6	53	
104	Mediterranean diet and mortality in the elderly: a prospective cohort study and a meta-analysis. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2018</b> , 120, 841-854	3.6	53	
103	Prevention of postoperative atrial fibrillation in open heart surgery patients by preoperative supplementation of n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids: an updated meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , <b>2013</b> , 146, 906-11	1.5	49	
102	Association of proinflammatory diet with low-grade inflammation: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition</i> , <b>2018</b> , 54, 182-188	4.8	46	
101	Prevention of cardiovascular risk by moderate alcohol consumption: epidemiologic evidence and plausible mechanisms. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , <b>2010</b> , 5, 291-7	3.7	46	
100	Heparin in COVID-19 Patients Is Associated with Reduced In-Hospital Mortality: The Multicenter Italian CORIST Study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2021</b> , 121, 1054-1065	7	45	
99	Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in healthy unrelated male-female pairs of European regions: the dietary habit profile in European communities with different risk of myocardial infarctionthe impact of migration as a model of gene-environment interaction project.	1.9	43	
98	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 47, 872-883i	7.8	40	
97	High adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with cardiovascular protection in higher but not in lower socioeconomic groups: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 46, 1478-1487	7.8	40	
96	Nut consumption is inversely associated with both cancer and total mortality in a Mediterranean population: prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2015</b> , 114, 804-11	3.6	39	
95	Alcohol consumption and cardiovascular risk: mechanisms of action and epidemiologic perspectives. <i>Future Cardiology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 5, 467-77	1.3	38	
94	Influence of harvest method and period on olive oil composition: an NMR and statistical study. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, <b>2010</b> , 58, 11043-51	5.7	36	
93	Ultra-processed food consumption is associated with increased risk of all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in the Moli-sani Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 113, 446-455	7	36	
92	Sex-Specific Epidemiology of Heart Failure Risk and Mortality in Europe: Results[From[the[BiomarCaRE Consortium. <i>JACC: Heart Failure</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, 204-213	7.9	30	
91	Determinants of platelet conjugate formation with polymorphonuclear leukocytes or monocytes in whole blood. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2007</b> , 98, 1276-1284	7	30	
90	Chili Pepper Consumption and Mortality in Italian Adults. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 74, 3139-3149	15.1	30	

89	Alcohol consumption, cardiac biomarkers, and risk of atrial fibrillation and adverse outcomes. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , <b>2021</b> , 42, 1170-1177	9.5	29
88	Age-sex-specific ranges of platelet count and all-cause mortality: prospective findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Blood</i> , <b>2016</b> , 127, 1614-6	2.2	27
87	2011-12 seasonal influenza vaccines effectiveness against confirmed A(H3N2) influenza hospitalisation: pooled analysis from a European network of hospitals. A pilot study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2013</b> , 8, e59681	3.7	27
86	Relative contribution of health-related behaviours and chronic diseases to the socioeconomic patterning of low-grade inflammation. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2017</b> , 62, 551-562	4	22
85	Reduction by coffee consumption of prostate cancer risk: Evidence from the Moli-sani cohort and cellular models. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , <b>2017</b> , 141, 72-82	7.5	22
84	Mass media information and adherence to Mediterranean diet: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2012</b> , 57, 589-97	4	22
83	NT-proBNP (N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide) and the Risk of Stroke. <i>Stroke</i> , <b>2019</b> , 50, 610-61	ъ.7	21
82	Transcriptome-Wide Analysis Identifies Novel Associations With Blood Pressure. <i>Hypertension</i> , <b>2017</b> , 70, 743-750	8.5	21
81	Obesity and ECG left ventricular hypertrophy. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , <b>2017</b> , 35, 162-169	1.9	20
80	Socioeconomic and psychosocial determinants of adherence to the Mediterranean diet in a general adult Italian population. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 328-335	2.1	20
79	Moderate alcohol consumption and lower total mortality risk: Justified doubts or established facts?. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 1003-1008	4.5	19
78	Interaction between education and income on the risk of all-cause mortality: prospective results from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2016</b> , 61, 765-76	4	19
77	Postoperative atrial fibrillation and total dietary antioxidant capacity in patients undergoing cardiac surgery: The Polyphemus Observational Study. <i>Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , <b>2015</b> , 149, 1175-82.e1	1.5	18
76	Reduced mortality risk by a polyphenol-rich diet: An analysis from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition</i> , <b>2018</b> , 48, 87-95	4.8	18
75	Relation between pulmonary function and 10-year risk for cardiovascular disease among healthy men and women in Italy: the Moli-sani Project. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 20, 862-	719	18
74	Moderate Alcohol Consumption Is[Associated With Lower Risk for Heart[Failure But Not Atrial Fibrillation. <i>JACC: Heart Failure</i> , <b>2017</b> , 5, 837-844	7.9	17
73	Repeated seasonal influenza vaccination among elderly in Europe: Effects on laboratory confirmed hospitalised influenza. <i>Vaccine</i> , <b>2017</b> , 35, 4298-4306	4.1	17
72	Favorable association of polyphenol-rich diets with lung function: Cross-sectional findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , <b>2018</b> , 136, 48-57	4.6	16

## (2021-2018)

71	Serum vitamin D deficiency and risk of hospitalization for heart failure: Prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2018</b> , 28, 298-307	4.5	16
70	High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin I Levels and Prediction of Heart[Failure: Results From the BiomarCaRE Consortium. <i>JACC: Heart Failure</i> , <b>2020</b> , 8, 401-411	7.9	15
69	Determinants of platelet conjugate formation with polymorphonuclear leukocytes or monocytes in whole blood. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2007</b> , 98, 1276-84	7	14
68	Age- and sex-based ranges of platelet count and cause-specific mortality risk in an adult general population: prospective findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Platelets</i> , <b>2018</b> , 29, 312-315	3.6	12
67	Association of Circulating Metabolites With Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in a European Population: Results From the Biomarkers for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment in Europe (BiomarCaRE) Consortium. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 4, 1270-1279	16.2	12
66	Food labels use is associated with higher adherence to Mediterranean diet: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrients</i> , <b>2013</b> , 5, 4364-79	6.7	11
65	Consumption of whole grain food and its determinants in a general Italian population: Results from the INHES study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2019</b> , 29, 611-620	4.5	10
64	Dietary selenium intake and risk of hospitalization for type 2 diabetes in the Moli-sani study cohort. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2021</b> , 31, 1738-1746	4.5	10
63	Contribution of cystatin C- and creatinine-based definitions of chronic kidney disease to cardiovascular risk assessment in 20 population-based and 3 disease cohorts: the BiomarCaRE project. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , <b>2020</b> , 18, 300	11.4	9
62	Interaction between Mediterranean diet and statins on mortality risk in patients with cardiovascular disease: Findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 276, 248-254	3.2	9
61	Alcohol consumption and hospitalization burden in an adult Italian population: prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Addiction</i> , <b>2019</b> , 114, 636-650	4.6	9
60	Randomised trial of chronic supplementation with a nutraceutical mixture in subjects with non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2020</b> , 123, 190-197	3.6	9
59	Changes in ultra-processed food consumption during the first Italian lockdown following the COVID-19 pandemic and major correlates: results from two population-based cohorts. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 24, 3905-3915	3.3	9
58	Health-related quality of life and risk of composite coronary heart disease and cerebrovascular events in the Moli-sani study cohort. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 25, 287-297	3.9	8
57	Timing of surgical correction for the treatment of unilateral congenital ptosis: Effects on cosmetic and functional results. <i>Orbit</i> , <b>2017</b> , 36, 382-387	1.5	8
56	T-wave axis deviation is associated with biomarkers of low-grade inflammation. Findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2015</b> , 114, 1199-206	7	8
55	Impact of Nationwide Lockdowns Resulting from The First Wave of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Food Intake, Eating Behaviours and Diet Quality: A Systematic Review <i>Advances in Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	10	8
54	Ultra-processed food consumption and its correlates among Italian children, adolescents and adults from the Italian Nutrition & Health Survey (INHES) cohort study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 24, 6258-	6271	8

53	Changes in the consumption of foods characterising the Mediterranean dietary pattern and major correlates during the COVID-19 confinement in Italy: results from two cohort studies. <i>International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 72, 1105-1117	3.7	7
52	Socioeconomic status and impact of the economic crisis on dietary habits in Italy: results from the INHES study. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2018</b> , 40, 703-712	3.5	7
51	Mean platelet volume is associated with lower risk of overall and non-vascular mortality in a general population. Results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2017</b> , 117, 1129-114	.07	6
50	Vitamin D Status and Indices of Mineral Homeostasis in the Population: Differences Between 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and 1,25-Dihydroxyvitamin D. <i>Nutrients</i> , <b>2019</b> , 11,	6.7	6
49	Association of a traditional Mediterranean diet and non-Mediterranean dietary scores with all-cause and cause-specific mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 60, 729-746	5.2	6
48	Alcohol intake and total mortality in 142 960 individuals from the MORGAM Project: a population-based study. <i>Addiction</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	4.6	6
47	Alcohol and the global burden of disease. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2019</b> , 393, 2389	40	5
46	Temporal relations between atrial fibrillation and ischaemic stroke and their prognostic impact on mortality. <i>Europace</i> , <b>2020</b> , 22, 522-529	3.9	5
45	Hydroxychloroquine and mortality in COVID-19 patients: a systematic review and a meta-analysis of observational studies and randomized controlled trials. <i>Pathogens and Global Health</i> , <b>2021</b> , 115, 456-46	63.1	5
44	Combined influence of depression severity and low-grade inflammation on incident hospitalization and mortality risk in Italian adults. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , <b>2021</b> , 279, 173-182	6.6	5
43	The Moli-sani project: computerized ECG database in a population-based cohort study. <i>Journal of Electrocardiology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 45, 684-9	1.4	4
42	Ultra-processed food intake and all-cause and cause-specific mortality in individuals with cardiovascular disease: the Moli-sani Study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	9.5	4
41	Daily Coffee Drinking Is Associated with Lower Risks of Cardiovascular and Total Mortality in a General Italian Population: Results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 151, 395-404	4.1	4
40	Dietary Polyphenol Intake Is Associated with Biological Aging, a Novel Predictor of Cardiovascular Disease: Cross-Sectional Findings from the Moli-Sani Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , <b>2021</b> , 13,	6.7	4
39	Age-specific atrial fibrillation incidence, attributable risk factors and risk of stroke and mortality: results from the MORGAM Consortium. <i>Open Heart</i> , <b>2021</b> , 8,	3	4
38	Risk thresholds for alcohol consumption. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2018</b> , 392, 2165-2166	40	4
37	Body Mass Index and Mortality in Elderly Subjects from the Moli-Sani Study: A Possible Mediation by Low-Grade Inflammation?. <i>Immunological Investigations</i> , <b>2018</b> , 47, 774-789	2.9	4
36	Cardiac Troponin I and Incident Stroke in European Cohorts: Insights From the BiomarCaRE Project. <i>Stroke</i> , <b>2020</b> , 51, 2770-2777	6.7	3

## (2020-2017)

35	Higher adherence to the Mediterranean diet is associated with lower levels of D-dimer: findings from the MOLI-SANI study. <i>Haematologica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 102, e61-e64	6.6	2	
34	Socioeconomic trajectories across the life course and risk of total and cause-specific mortality: prospective findings from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 73, 516-528	5.1	2	
33	Hospital-based register of stroke in the Molise Region: focus on main subtypes of stroke. Years 2009-2013. <i>Neurological Sciences</i> , <b>2016</b> , 37, 191-8	3.5	2	
32	Frontal plane T-wave axis orientation predicts coronary events: Findings from the Moli-sani study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , <b>2017</b> , 264, 51-57	3.1	2	
31	Pandemic and seasonal vaccine coverage and effectiveness during the 2009-2010 pandemic influenza in an Italian adult population. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , <b>2012</b> , 57, 569-79	4	2	
30	P-selectin, E-selectin, and CD40L over time in chronic hemodialysis patients. <i>Hemodialysis International</i> , <b>2012</b> , 16, 38-46	1.7	2	
29	Chronic kidney disease and risk of atrial fibrillation and heart failure in general population-based cohorts: the BiomarCaRE project. <i>ESC Heart Failure</i> , <b>2021</b> ,	3.7	2	
28	Platelet Distribution Width Is Associated with P-Selectin Dependent Platelet Function: Results from the Moli-Family Cohort Study. <i>Cells</i> , <b>2021</b> , 10,	7.9	2	
27	Egg consumption and risk of all-cause and cause-specific mortality in an Italian adult population. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 60, 3691-3702	5.2	2	
26	Alcohol Consumption, Brain Amyloid-IDeposition, and Brain Structural Integrity Among Older Adults Free of Dementia. <i>Journal of Alzheimer Disease</i> , <b>2020</b> , 74, 509-519	4.3	2	
25	Skin toxicity following radiotherapy in patients with breast carcinoma: is anthocyanin supplementation beneficial?. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 40, 2068-2077	5.9	2	
24	The CASSIOPEA Study (Economic Crisis and Adherence to the Mediterranean diet: poSSIble impact on biOmarkers of inflammation and metabolic PhEnotypes in the cohort of the Moli-sAni Study): Rationale, design and Cardiovascular	4.5	2	
23	Reduced pulmonary function, low-grade inflammation and increased risk of total and cardiovascular mortality in a general adult population: Prospective results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , <b>2021</b> , 184, 106441	4.6	2	
22	Exploring domains, clinical implications and environmental associations of a deep learning marker of biological ageing. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1	12.1	2	
21	Risk Factors, Subsequent Disease Onset, and Prognostic Impact of Myocardial Infarction and Atrial Fibrillation <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , <b>2022</b> , e024299	6	2	
20	Tissue Plasminogen Activator Levels and Risk of Breast Cancer in a Case-Cohort Study on Italian Women: Results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , <b>2021</b> , 121, 449-456	7	1	
19	Psychological distress resulting from the COVID-19 confinement is associated with unhealthy dietary changes in two Italian population-based cohorts. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1	5.2	1	
18	Reduced Kidney Function and Relative Hypocalciuria-Observational, Cross-Sectional, Population-Based Data. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , <b>2020</b> , 9,	5.1	1	

17	Cardiovascular risk factors control according to diabetes status and prior cardiovascular events in patients managed in different settings. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , <b>2020</b> , 168, 108370	7.4	1
16	Association between body mass index, waist circumference, and relative fat mass with the risk of first unprovoked venous thromboembolism. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2021</b> , 31, 3122-3130	4.5	1
15	Exploring domains, clinical implications and environmental associations of a deep learning marker of biological ageing		1
14	Natriuretic Peptides and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes: Results From the Biomarkers for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment in Europe (BiomarCaRE) Consortium. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , <b>2021</b> , 44, 2527-2535	14.6	1
13	DNA methylation in blood is associated with metabolic and inflammatory indices: results from the Moli-sani study. <i>Epigenetics</i> , <b>2021</b> , 16, 1347-1360	5.7	1
12	Mediterranean diet and other dietary patterns in association with biological aging in the Moli-sani Study cohort <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , <b>2022</b> , 41, 1025-1033	5.9	1
11	Influence of geographical latitude on vitamin D status: cross-sectional results from the BiomarCaRE consortium <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1-27	3.6	1
10	Fine-grained investigation of the relationship between human nutrition and global DNA methylation patterns. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 1	5.2	О
9	Hydroxichloroquine for COVID-19 infection: Do we have a final word after one year?. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , <b>2021</b> , 94, 4-5	3.9	O
8	Reply: Chili Pepper Intake and Mortality: Clarification on Management of Confounding and Mediating[Pathways. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 75, 1866-1867	15.1	
7	Reply to the editor. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2013, 146, 992-3	1.5	
6	What should we advise about alcohol consumption: reply letter by A. Di Castelnuovo. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , <b>2011</b> , 6, 89-90	3.7	
5	Alcohol Consumption in Relation to Vascular and Total Mortality in Patients with Diabetes, Hypertension or History of Cardiovascular Disease: A Meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Wine Research</i> , <b>2011</b> , 22, 119-122	1	
4	Response to commentaries: alcohol intake and total mortality, strengths and limitations of observational studies, waiting for clinical trials <i>Addiction</i> , <b>2022</b> , 117, 329-330	4.6	
3	Correction of QRS voltage for body mass index does not improve the prediction of fatal and nonfatal cardiovascular events. The Moli-sani study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , <b>2020</b> , 30, 426-433	4.5	
2	Determinants of serum uric acid levels in an adult general population: results from the Moli-sani Study. <i>Clinical Rheumatology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 40, 857-865	3.9	
1	Will guidelines on alcohol consumption be personalized by a genetic approach?. <i>Genes and Nutrition</i> , <b>2021</b> , 16, 2	4.3	