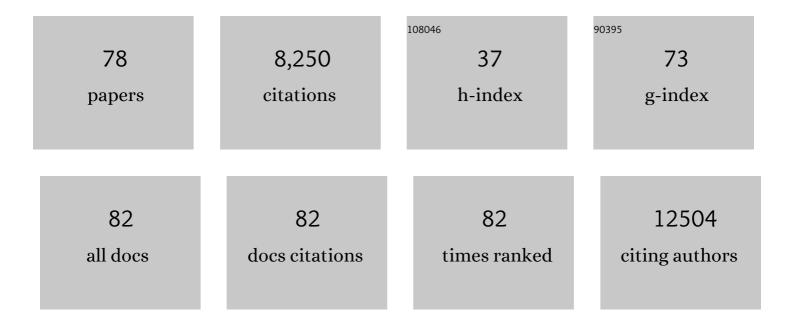
Robert J Wilson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Climate-driven variation in biotic interactions provides a narrow and variable window of opportunity for an insect herbivore at its ecological margin. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2022, 377, 20210021.	1.8	6
2	Intra―and interspecific variation in the responses of insect phenology to climate. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2021, 90, 248-259.	1.3	36
3	Insect responses to global change offer signposts for biodiversity and conservation. Ecological Entomology, 2021, 46, 699-717.	1.1	63
4	Butterfly communities track climatic variation over space but not time in the Iberian Peninsula. Insect Conservation and Diversity, 2021, 14, 647-660.	1.4	14
5	Designing effective protected area networks for multiple species. Biological Conservation, 2021, 258, 109125.	1.9	12
6	Microclimate and resource quality determine resource use in a range-expanding herbivore. Biology Letters, 2021, 17, 20210175.	1.0	10
7	Linking interâ€annual variation in environment, phenology, and abundance for a montane butterfly community. Ecology, 2020, 101, e02906.	1.5	22
8	Consistent population declines but idiosyncratic range shifts in Alpine orchids under global change. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 5835.	5.8	24
9	Butterfly phenology in Mediterranean mountains using spaceâ€forâ€ŧime substitution. Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 10, 928-939.	0.8	7
10	Quantifying Resistance and Resilience to Local Extinction to Identify Priority Sites for the Conservation of Papyrusâ€Endemic Birds. Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America, 2020, 101, e01638.	0.2	0
11	Opinions of citizen scientists on open access to UK butterfly and moth occurrence data. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2019, 28, 3321-3341.	1.2	11
12	Quantifying resistance and resilience to local extinction for conservation prioritization. Ecological Applications, 2019, 29, e01989.	1.8	10
13	Insect population trends and the IUCN Red List process. Journal of Insect Conservation, 2019, 23, 269-278.	0.8	49
14	Conservation ecology of butterflies on Cyprus in the context of Natura 2000. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2019, 28, 1759-1782.	1.2	2
15	Extinction risk from climate change is reduced by microclimatic buffering. Nature Climate Change, 2018, 8, 713-717.	8.1	245
16	Fineâ€scale climate change: modelling spatial variation in biologically meaningful rates of warming. Global Change Biology, 2017, 23, 256-268.	4.2	88
17	How are arthopod communities structured and why are they so diverse? Answers from Mediterranean mountains using hierarchical additive partitioning. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2017, 26, 1333-1351.	1.2	8
18	Old concepts, new challenges: adapting landscape-scale conservation to the twenty-first century. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2017, 26, 527-552.	1.2	41

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19	Breeding system and spatial isolation from congeners strongly constrain seed set in an insect-pollinated apomictic tree: Sorbus subcuneata (Rosaceae). Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 45122.	1.6	11
20	Hypoxia Suppressed Copper Toxicity during Early Development in Zebrafish Embryos in a Process Mediated by the Activation of the HIF Signaling Pathway. Environmental Science & Technology, 2016, 50, 4502-4512.	4.6	31
21	Bisphenol A causes reproductive toxicity, decreases <i>dnmt1</i> transcription, and reduces global DNA methylation in breeding zebrafish <i>(Danio rerio)</i> . Epigenetics, 2016, 11, 526-538.	1.3	149
22	Asymmetric constraints on limits to species ranges influence consumerâ€resource richness over an environmental gradient. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2016, 25, 1477-1488.	2.7	12
23	Subsistence use of papyrus is compatible with wetland bird conservation. Biological Conservation, 2016, 201, 414-422.	1.9	13
24	Climate change impacts and adaptive strategies: lessons from the grapevine. Global Change Biology, 2016, 22, 3814-3828.	4.2	109
25	A reply to â€~A meta-database of Holocene sediment cores for England: missing data' (Tooley 2015). Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2015, 24, 753-754.	1.0	1
26	The effectiveness of protected areas in the conservation of species with changing geographical ranges. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2015, 115, 707-717.	0.7	53
27	Microclimates buffer the responses of plant communities to climate change. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2015, 24, 1340-1350.	2.7	105
28	Who flies first? – habitatâ€specific phenological shifts of butterflies and orthopterans in the light of climate change: a case study from the southâ€east M editerranean. Ecological Entomology, 2015, 40, 562-574.	1.1	12
29	Population turnover, habitat use and microclimate at the contracting range margin of a butterfly. Journal of Insect Conservation, 2015, 19, 205-216.	0.8	17
30	Predicting microscale shifts in the distribution of the butterfly <i>Plebejus argus</i> at the northern edge of its range. Ecography, 2015, 38, 998-1005.	2.1	12
31	Longâ€ŧerm change and spatial variation in butterfly communities over an elevational gradient: driven by climate, buffered by habitat. Diversity and Distributions, 2015, 21, 950-961.	1.9	37
32	A meta-database of Holocene sediment cores for England. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2015, 24, 743-747.	1.0	3
33	Microclimate affects landscape level persistence in the British Lepidoptera. Journal of Insect Conservation, 2015, 19, 237-253.	0.8	21
34	Climate Change and Crop Exposure to Adverse Weather: Changes to Frost Risk and Grapevine Flowering Conditions. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0141218.	1.1	70
35	Topographic microclimates drive microhabitat associations at the range margin of a butterfly. Ecography, 2014, 37, 732-740.	2.1	44
36	Prevalence, thresholds and the performance of presence–absence models. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2014, 5, 54-64.	2.2	125

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37	Active Management of Protected Areas Enhances Metapopulation Expansion Under Climate Change. Conservation Letters, 2014, 7, 111-118.	2.8	33
38	Seeing the woods for the trees – when is microclimate important in species distribution models?. Global Change Biology, 2014, 20, 2699-2700.	4.2	57
39	Climate conditions and resource availability drive return elevational migrations in a single-brooded insect. Oecologia, 2014, 175, 861-873.	0.9	14
40	Signals of Climate Change in Butterfly Communities in a Mediterranean Protected Area. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e87245.	1.1	46
41	Modelling the habitat use and distribution of the threatened Javan slow loris Nycticebus javanicus. Endangered Species Research, 2014, 23, 277-286.	1.2	57
42	Models of presence–absence estimate abundance as well as (or even better than) models of abundance: the case of the butterfly Parnassius apollo. Landscape Ecology, 2013, 28, 401-413.	1.9	33
43	Range expansion through fragmented landscapes under a variable climate. Ecology Letters, 2013, 16, 921-929.	3.0	100
44	Protected areas facilitate species' range expansions. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 14063-14068.	3.3	185
45	Elevational trends in butterfly phenology: implications for species responses to climate change. Ecological Entomology, 2012, 37, 134-144.	1.1	39
46	A high-resolution model of soil and surface water conditions. Ecological Modelling, 2012, 237-238, 109-119.	1.2	15
47	Local and landscape management of an expanding range margin under climate change. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2012, 49, 552-561.	1.9	34
48	Predicting changes in the abundance of African wetland birds by incorporating abundance–occupancy relationships into habitat association models. Diversity and Distributions, 2011, 17, 480-490.	1.9	15
49	Recent evidence for the climate change threat to Lepidoptera and other insects. Journal of Insect Conservation, 2011, 15, 259-268.	0.8	77
50	Butterflies reset the calendar. Nature Climate Change, 2011, 1, 101-102.	8.1	0
51	Recent ecological responses to climate change support predictions of high extinction risk. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 12337-12342.	3.3	264
52	Effects of Climate Change on the Elevational Limits of Species Ranges. , 2011, , 107-132.		5
53	Linking habitat use to range expansion rates in fragmented landscapes: a metapopulation approach. Ecography, 2010, 33, 73-82.	2.1	48
54	Fineâ€scale determinants of butterfly species richness and composition in a mountain region. Journal of Biogeography, 2010, 37, 1706-1720.	1.4	24

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55	The contributions of topoclimate and land cover to species distributions and abundance: fineâ€resolution tests for a mountain butterfly fauna. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2010, 19, 159-173.	2.7	62
56	Recent evidence for the climate change threat to Lepidoptera and other insects. , 2010, , 103-112.		0
57	Modelling the effect of habitat fragmentation on range expansion in a butterfly. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2009, 276, 1421-1427.	1.2	61
58	Effects of temperature and elevation on habitat use by a rare mountain butterfly: implications for species responses to climate change. Ecological Entomology, 2009, 34, 437-446.	1.1	74
59	Where within a geographical range do species survive best? A matter of scale. Insect Conservation and Diversity, 2008, 1, 2-8.	1.4	39
60	Combined effects of climate and biotic interactions on the elevational range of a phytophagous insect. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2008, 77, 145-155.	1.3	141
61	Methods to account for spatial autocorrelation in the analysis of species distributional data: a review. Ecography, 2007, 30, 609-628.	2.1	2,522
62	MINIMUM VIABLE METAPOPULATION SIZE, EXTINCTION DEBT, AND THE CONSERVATION OF A DECLINING SPECIES. , 2007, 17, 1460-1473.		109
63	An elevational shift in butterfly species richness and composition accompanying recent climate change. Global Change Biology, 2007, 13, 1873-1887.	4.2	273
64	Changing habitat associations of a thermally constrained species, the silver-spotted skipper butterfly, in response to climate warming. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2006, 75, 247-256.	1.3	151
65	Changes to the elevational limits and extent of species ranges associated with climate change. Ecology Letters, 2005, 8, 1138-1146.	3.0	544
66	Selection for discontinuous life-history traits along a continuous thermal gradient in the butterfly Aricia agestis. Ecological Entomology, 2005, 30, 613-619.	1.1	52
67	The re-expansion and improving status of the silver-spotted skipper butterfly (Hesperia comma) in Britain: a metapopulation success story. Biological Conservation, 2005, 124, 189-198.	1.9	85
68	Combining probabilities of occurrence with spatial reserve design. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2004, 41, 252-262.	1.9	175
69	Spatial patterns in species distributions reveal biodiversity change. Nature, 2004, 432, 393-396.	13.7	214
70	Short–term studies underestimate 30-generation changes in a butterfly metapopulation. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2002, 269, 563-569.	1.2	53
71	METAPOPULATIONS OF FOUR LEPIDOPTERAN HERBIVORES ON A SINGLE HOST PLANT,LOTUS CORNICULATUS. Ecology, 2001, 82, 1371-1386.	1.5	29
72	Metapopulations of Four Lepidopteran Herbivores on a Single Host Plant, Lotus corniculatus. Ecology, 2001, 82, 1371.	1.5	25

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73	Density-distribution relationships in British butterflies. I. The effect of mobility and spatial scale. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2001, 70, 410-425.	1.3	154
74	Density-distribution relationships in British butterflies. II. An assessment of mechanisms. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2001, 70, 426-441.	1.3	52
75	Ecological and evolutionary processes at expanding range margins. Nature, 2001, 411, 577-581.	13.7	765
76	Habitat-based statistical models for predicting the spatial distribution of butterflies and day-flying moths in a fragmented landscape. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2000, 37, 60-72.	1.9	100
77	Endemic butterflies on Grande Comore: habitat preferences and conservation priorities. Biological Conservation, 1998, 85, 113-121.	1.9	41
78	Northern wildlife feels the heat. Nature Climate Change, 0, , .	8.1	0