Peter B Reich

List of Publications by Citations

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726 papers	92,477 citations	147 h-index	282 g-index
759 ext. papers	108,559 ext. citations	8.8 avg, IF	8.26 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
726	The worldwide leaf economics spectrum. *Nature*, **2004**, 428, 821-7	50.4	4915
725	A handbook of protocols for standardised and easy measurement of plant functional traits worldwide. *Australian Journal of Botany*, **2003**, 51, 335	1.2	2483
724	The Influence of Functional Diversity and Composition on Ecosystem Processes. *Science*, **1997**, 277, 1300-1302	33.3	1999
723	New handbook for standardised measurement of plant functional traits worldwide. *Australian Journal of Botany*, **2013**, 61, 167	1.2	1983
722	From tropics to tundra: global convergence in plant functioning. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **1997**, 94, 13730-4	11.5	1664
721	TRY a global database of plant traits. *Global Change Biology*, **2011**, 17, 2905-2935	11.4	1623
720	Plant species traits are the predominant control on litter decomposition rates within biomes worldwide. *Ecology Letters*, **2008**, 11, 1065-71	10	1605
719	Diversity and productivity in a long-term grassland experiment. *Science*, **2001**, 294, 843-5	33.3	1565
718	The world-wide fast–slow plant economics spectrum: a traits manifesto. *Journal of Ecology*, **2014**, 102, 275-301	6	1531
717	Biomass allocation to leaves, stems and roots: meta-analyses of interspecific variation and environmental control. *New Phytologist*, **2012**, 193, 30-50	9.8	1490
716	Assessing the generality of global leaf trait relationships. *New Phytologist*, **2005**, 166, 485-96	9.8	1343
715	Biodiversity and ecosystem stability in a decade-long grassland experiment. *Nature*, **2006**, 441, 629-32	50.4	1254
714	Leaf Life-Span in Relation to Leaf, Plant, and Stand Characteristics among Diverse Ecosystems. *Ecological Monographs*, **1992**, 62, 365-392	9	1213
713	Global patterns of plant leaf N and P in relation to temperature and latitude. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2004**, 101, 11001-6	11.5	1203
712	The global spectrum of plant form and function. *Nature*, **2016**, 529, 167-71	50.4	1191
711	High plant diversity is needed to maintain ecosystem services. *Nature*, **2011**, 477, 199-202	50.4	907
710	GENERALITY OF LEAF TRAIT RELATIONSHIPS: A TEST ACROSS SIX BIOMES. *Ecology*, **1999**, 80, 1955-1969	4.6	897

709	Three keys to the radiation of angiosperms into freezing environments. *Nature*, **2014**, 506, 89-92	50.4	896
708	Biodiversity as a barrier to ecological invasion. *Nature*, **2002**, 417, 636-8	50.4	821
707	Microbial diversity drives multifunctionality in terrestrial ecosystems. *Nature Communications*, **2016** , 7, 10541	17.4	699
706	Nitrogen limitation constrains sustainability of ecosystem response to CO2. *Nature*, **2006**, 440, 922-5	50.4	678
705	Biodiversity increases the resistance of ecosystem productivity to climate extremes. *Nature*, **2015**, 526, 574-7	50.4	647
704	Effects of plant species richness on invasion dynamics, disease outbreaks, insect abundances and diversity. *Ecology Letters*, **1999**, 2, 286-293	10	626
703	Canopy structure and vertical patterns of photosynthesis and related leaf traits in a deciduous forest. *Oecologia*, **1993**, 96, 169-178	2.9	610
702	Global patterns of foliar nitrogen isotopes and their relationships with climate, mycorrhizal fungi, foliar nutrient concentrations, and nitrogen availability. *New Phytologist*, **2009**, 183, 980-992	9.8	606
701	Functional traits and the growth-mortality trade-off in tropical trees. *Ecology*, **2010**, 91, 3664-74	4.6	604
700	A global study of relationships between leaf traits, climate and soil measures of nutrient fertility. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2009**, 18, 137-149	6.1	595
699	Positive biodiversity-productivity relationship predominant in global forests. *Science*, **2016**, 354,	33.3	593
698	Quantifying global soil carbon losses in response to warming. *Nature*, **2016**, 540, 104-108	50.4	560
697	Modulation of leaf economic traits and trait relationships by climate. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2005**, 14, 411-421	6.1	535
696	Strategy shifts in leaf physiology, structure and nutrient content between species of high- and low-rainfall and high- and low-nutrient habitats. *Functional Ecology*, **2001**, 15, 423-434	5.6	519
695	Impacts of biodiversity loss escalate through time as redundancy fades. *Science*, **2012**, 336, 589-92	33.3	518
694	Quantifying plant response to ozone: a unifying theory. *Tree Physiology*, **1987**, 3, 63-91	4.2	506
693	Leaf lifespan as a determinant of leaf structure and function among 23 amazonian tree species. *Oecologia*, **1991**, 86, 16-24	2.9	489
692	Linking litter calcium, earthworms and soil properties: a common garden test with 14 tree species. *Ecology Letters*, **2005**, 8, 811-818	10	483

691	Plant diversity enhances ecosystem responses to elevated CO2 and nitrogen deposition. *Nature*, **2001**, 410, 809-12	50.4	469
690	Forest productivity increases with evenness, species richness and trait variation: a global meta-analysis. *Journal of Ecology*, **2012**, 100, 742-749	6	457
689	Tree species effects on decomposition and forest floor dynamics in a common garden. *Ecology*, **2006**, 87, 2288-97	4.6	407
688	Ambient levels of ozone reduce net photosynthesis in tree and crop species. *Science*, **1985**, 230, 566-70	33.3	407
687	Modelling respiration of vegetation: evidence for a general temperature-dependent Q10. *Global Change Biology*, **2001**, 7, 223-230	11.4	403
686	TRY plant trait database - enhanced coverage and open access. *Global Change Biology*, **2020**, 26, 119-188	11.4	399
685	Relationships of leaf dark respiration to leaf nitrogen, specific leaf area and leaf life-span: a test across biomes and functional groups. *Oecologia*, **1998**, 114, 471-482	2.9	393
684	The emergence and promise of functional biogeography. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2014**, 111, 13690-6	11.5	391
683	Universal scaling of respiratory metabolism, size and nitrogen in plants. *Nature*, **2006**, 439, 457-61	50.4	388
682	Soil microbes drive the classic plant diversity-productivity pattern. *Ecology*, **2011**, 92, 296-303	4.6	386
681	Leaf structure (specific leaf area) modulates photosynthesis–nitrogen relations: evidence from within and across species and functional groups. *Functional Ecology*, **1998**, 12, 948-958	5.6	379
680	Nutrient enrichment, biodiversity loss, and consequent declines in ecosystem productivity. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2013**, 110, 11911-6	11.5	371
679	Different photosynthesis-nitrogen relations in deciduous hardwood and evergreen coniferous tree species. *Oecologia*, **1995**, 104, 24-30	2.9	362
678	Photosynthesis and respiration rates depend on leaf and root morphology and nitrogen concentration in nine boreal tree species differing in relative growth rate. *Functional Ecology*, **1998**, 12, 395-405	5.6	357
677	Linking leaf and root trait syndromes among 39 grassland and savannah species. *New Phytologist*, **2005**, 167, 493-508	9.8	356
676	NITROGEN MINERALIZATION AND PRODUCTIVITY IN 50 HARDWOOD AND CONIFER STANDS ON DIVERSE SOILS. *Ecology*, **1997**, 78, 335-347	4.6	352
675	Fundamental trade-offs generating the worldwide leaf economics spectrum. *Ecology*, **2006**, 87, 535-41	4.6	340
674	Global climatic drivers of leaf size. *Science*, **2017**, 357, 917-921	33.3	334

673	Close association of RGR, leaf and root morphology, seed mass and shade tolerance in seedlings of nine boreal tree species grown in high and low light. *Functional Ecology*, **1998**, 12, 327-338	5.6	331
672	Plant ecology. Anthropogenic environmental changes affect ecosystem stability via biodiversity. *Science*, **2015**, 348, 336-40	33.3	322
671	Low-light carbon balance and shade tolerance in the seedlings of woody plants: do winter deciduous and broad-leaved evergreen species differ?. *New Phytologist*, **1999**, 143, 143-154	9.8	322
670	From selection to complementarity: shifts in the causes of biodiversity-productivity relationships in a long-term biodiversity experiment. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, **2007**, 274, 871-6	4.4	313
669	Carbon-Nitrogen Interactions in Terrestrial Ecosystems in Response to Rising Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide. *Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics*, **2006**, 37, 611-636	13.5	313
668	COMPARISONS OF STRUCTURE AND LIFE SPAN IN ROOTS AND LEAVES AMONG TEMPERATE TREES. *Ecological Monographs*, **2006**, 76, 381-397	9	307
667	Why are non-photosynthetic tissues generally C enriched compared with leaves in C plants? Review and synthesis of current hypotheses. *Functional Plant Biology*, **2009**, 36, 199-213	2.7	304
666	Water Stress and Tree Phenology in a Tropical Dry Forest in the Lowlands of Costa Rica. *Journal of Ecology*, **1984**, 72, 61	6	301
665	Scaling of respiration to nitrogen in leaves, stems and roots of higher land plants. *Ecology Letters*, **2008**, 11, 793-801	10	299
664	Biodiversity impacts ecosystem productivity as much as resources, disturbance, or herbivory. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2012**, 109, 10394-7	11.5	297
663	Convergence towards higher leaf mass per area in dry and nutrient-poor habitats has different consequences for leaf life span. *Journal of Ecology*, **2002**, 90, 534-543	6	287
662	PRESCRIBED FIRE IN OAK SAVANNA: FIRE FREQUENCY EFFECTS ON STAND STRUCTURE AND DYNAMICS **2001**, 11, 914-927		287
661	Functional traits, productivity and effects on nitrogen cycling of 33 grassland species. *Functional Ecology*, **2002**, 16, 563-574	5.6	285
660	Spatial Patterns and Succession in a Minnesota Southern-Boreal Forest. *Ecological Monographs*, **1995**, 65, 325-346	9	282
659	Biogeography and variability of eleven mineral elements in plant leaves across gradients of climate, soil and plant functional type in China. *Ecology Letters*, **2011**, 14, 788-96	10	281
658	Canopy nitrogen, carbon assimilation, and albedo in temperate and boreal forests: Functional relations and potential climate feedbacks. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2008**, 105, 19336-41	11.5	275
657	Global leaf trait relationships: mass, area, and the leaf economics spectrum. *Science*, **2013**, 340, 741-4	33.3	266
656	Plant functional trait change across a warming tundra biome. *Nature*, **2018**, 562, 57-62	50.4	264

655	Are Shade Tolerance, Survival, and Growth Linked? Low Light and Nitrogen Effects on Hardwood Seedlings. *Ecology*, **1996**, 77, 841-853	4.6	263
654	Competition between tree seedlings and herbaceous vegetation: support for a theory of resource supply and demand. *Journal of Ecology*, **1998**, 86, 652-661	6	255
653	Phenology of tropical forests: patterns, causes, and consequences. *Canadian Journal of Botany*, **1995**, 73, 164-174		246
652	Global variability in leaf respiration in relation to climate, plant functional types and leaf traits. *New Phytologist*, **2015**, 206, 614-36	9.8	244
651	Growth and physiology of Picea abies populations from elevational transects: common garden evidence for altitudinal ecotypes and cold adaptation. *Functional Ecology*, **1998**, 12, 573-590	5.6	244
650	Reinforcing loose foundation stones in trait-based plant ecology. *Oecologia*, **2016**, 180, 923-31	2.9	237
649	Extrapolating leaf CO exchange to the canopy: a generalized model of forest photosynthesis compared with measurements by eddy correlation. *Oecologia*, **1996**, 106, 257-265	2.9	237
648	Photosynthesis, carboxylation and leaf nitrogen responses of 16 species to elevated pCO2 across four free-air CO2 enrichment experiments in forest, grassland and desert. *Global Change Biology*, **2004**, 10, 2121-2138	11.4	232
647	Species richness and the temporal stability of biomass production: a new analysis of recent biodiversity experiments. *American Naturalist*, **2014**, 183, 1-12	3.7	225
646	Leaf phosphorus influences the photosynthesis-nitrogen relation: a cross-biome analysis of 314 species. *Oecologia*, **2009**, 160, 207-12	2.9	225
645	Earthworm invasion into previously earthworm-free temperate and boreal forests. *Biological Invasions*, **2006**, 8, 1235-1245	2.7	222
644	Leaf age and season influence the relationships between leaf nitrogen, leaf mass per area and photosynthesis in maple and oak trees. *Plant, Cell and Environment*, **1991**, 14, 251-259	8.4	222
643	Nutrient limitation reduces land carbon uptake in simulations with a model of combined carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus cycling. *Biogeosciences*, **2012**, 9, 3547-3569	4.6	219
642	Which is a better predictor of plant traits: temperature or precipitation?. *Journal of Vegetation Science*, **2014**, 25, 1167-1180	3.1	217
641	Do species and functional groups differ in acquisition and use of C, N and water under varying atmospheric CO2 and N availability regimes? A field test with 16 grassland species. *New Phytologist*, **2001**, 150, 435-448	9.8	217
640	Mean mass-specific metabolic rates are strikingly similar across life's major domains: Evidence for life's metabolic optimum. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2008**, 105, 16994-9	11.5	212
639	Conventional functional classification schemes underestimate the relationship with ecosystem functioning. *Ecology Letters*, **2006**, 9, 111-20	10	212
638	Metagenomic analysis reveals a marked divergence in the structure of belowground microbial communities at elevated CO2. *Ecology Letters*, **2010**, 13, 564-75	10	211

637	Convergence and correlations among leaf size and function in seed plants: a comparative test using independent contrasts. *American Journal of Botany*, **1999**, 86, 1272-1281	2.7	211
636	Global trait-environment relationships of plant communities. *Nature Ecology and Evolution*, **2018**, 2, 1906-1917	11.5	209
635	Shifting plant species composition in response to climate change stabilizes grassland primary production. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2018**, 115, 4051-4056	11.5	208
634	Photosynthesis-nitrogen relations in Amazonian tree species : I. Patterns among species and communities. *Oecologia*, **1994**, 97, 62-72	2.9	207
633	Temperature response of soil respiration largely unaltered with experimental warming. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2016**, 113, 13797-13802	11.5	206
632	Fire frequency drives decadal changes in soil carbon and nitrogen and ecosystem productivity. *Nature*, **2018**, 553, 194-198	50.4	204
631	Climatic controls of decomposition drive the global biogeography of forest-tree symbioses. *Nature*, **2019**, 569, 404-408	50.4	203
630	Plant growth enhancement by elevated CO2 eliminated by joint water and nitrogen limitation. *Nature Geoscience*, **2014**, 7, 920-924	18.3	202
629	Species and functional group diversity independently influence biomass accumulation and its response to CO2 and N. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2004**, 101, 10101-6	11.5	200
628	Survival, growth, and photosynthesis of tree seedlings competing with herbaceous vegetation along a water-light-nitrogen gradient. *Plant Ecology*, **1999**, 145, 341-350	1.7	200
627	Fine root decomposition rates do not mirror those of leaf litter among temperate tree species. *Oecologia*, **2010**, 162, 505-13	2.9	198
626	Growth, biomass distribution and CO exchange of northern hardwood seedlings in high and low light: relationships with successional status and shade tolerance. *Oecologia*, **1993**, 94, 7-16	2.9	198
625	Plant species richness, elevated CO2, and atmospheric nitrogen deposition alter soil microbial community composition and function. *Global Change Biology*, **2007**, 13, 980-989	11.4	197
624	Ectomycorrhizal fungal communities at forest edges. *Journal of Ecology*, **2005**, 93, 244-255	6	192
623	Coordinated distributed experiments: an emerging tool for testing global hypotheses in ecology and environmental science. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment*, **2013**, 11, 147-155	5.5	191
622	A global method for calculating plant CSR ecological strategies applied across biomes world-wide. *Functional Ecology*, **2017**, 31, 444-457	5.6	191
621	Effects of elevated CO2, nitrogen deposition, and decreased species diversity on foliar fungal plant disease. *Global Change Biology*, **2003**, 9, 438-451	11.4	189
620	Acclimation of respiration to temperature and CO2 in seedlings of boreal tree species in relation to plant size and relative growth rate. *Global Change Biology*, **1999**, 5, 679-691	11.4	189

619	Temperature drives global patterns in forest biomass distribution in leaves, stems, and roots. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2014**, 111, 13721-6	11.5	187
618	Spatial complementarity in tree crowns explains overyielding in species mixtures. *Nature Ecology and Evolution*, **2017**, 1, 63	12.3	186
617	Least-cost input mixtures of water and nitrogen for photosynthesis. *American Naturalist*, **2003**, 161, 98-111	3.7	186
616	Long-term increase in nitrogen supply alters above- and below-ground ectomycorrhizal communities and increases the dominance of Russula spp. in a temperate oak savanna. *New Phytologist*, **2003**, 160, 239-253	9.8	186
615	SEED SIZE, NITROGEN SUPPLY, AND GROWTH RATE AFFECT TREE SEEDLING SURVIVAL IN DEEP SHADE. *Ecology*, **2000**, 81, 1887-1901	4.6	186
614	Global change belowground: impacts of elevated CO2, nitrogen, and summer drought on soil food webs and biodiversity. *Global Change Biology*, **2012**, 18, 435-447	11.4	183
613	Predicting leaf physiology from simple plant and climate attributes: a global GLOPNET analysis **2007**, 17, 1982-8		181
612	Changes in hardwood forest understory plant communities in response to European earthworm invasions. *Ecology*, **2006**, 87, 1637-49	4.6	181
611	Interactive effects of nitrogen deposition, tropospheric ozone, elevated CO2 and land use history on the carbon dynamics of northern hardwood forests. *Global Change Biology*, **2002**, 8, 545-562	11.4	181
610	Global effects of soil and climate on leaf photosynthetic traits and rates. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2015**, 24, 706-717	6.1	179
609	The biogeography and filtering of woody plant functional diversity in North and South America. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2012**, 21, 798-808	6.1	179
608	Nitrogen/phosphorus leaf stoichiometry and the scaling of plant growth. *Ecology Letters*, **2005**, 8, 636-642	12	179
607	FIRE AND VEGETATION EFFECTS ON PRODUCTIVITY AND NITROGEN CYCLING ACROSS A FOREST□GRASSLAND CONTINUUM. *Ecology*, **2001**, 82, 1703-1719	4.6	176
606	Evolutionarily stable strategy carbon allocation to foliage, wood, and fine roots in trees competing for light and nitrogen: an analytically tractable, individual-based model and quantitative comparisons to data. *American Naturalist*, **2011**, 177, 153-66	3.7	175
605	Climate warming will reduce growth and survival of Scots pine except in the far north. *Ecology Letters*, **2008**, 11, 588-97	10	175
604	Ecophysiology of exotic and native shrubs in Southern Wisconsin : I. Relationship of leaf characteristics, resource availability, and phenology to seasonal patterns of carbon gain. *Oecologia*, **1989**, 80, 356-367	2.9	174
603	Effects of European Earthworm Invasion on Soil Characteristics in Northern Hardwood Forests of Minnesota, USA. *Ecosystems*, **2005**, 8, 911-927	3.9	173
602	Changes in leaf nitrogen and carbohydrates underlie temperature and CO2 acclimation of dark respiration in five boreal tree species. *Plant, Cell and Environment*, **1999**, 22, 767-778	8.4	173

601	Effects of low concentrations of o(3) on net photosynthesis, dark respiration, and chlorophyll contents in aging hybrid poplar leaves. *Plant Physiology*, **1983**, 73, 291-6	6.6	173
600	Leaf Mass Per Area, Nitrogen Content and Photosynthetic Carbon Gain in Acer saccharum Seedlings in Contrasting Forest Light Environments. *Functional Ecology*, **1992**, 6, 423	5.6	172
599	Decade-long soil nitrogen constraint on the CO2 fertilization of plant biomass. *Nature Climate Change*, **2013**, 3, 278-282	21.4	167
598	Why are evergreen leaves so contrary about shade?. *Trends in Ecology and Evolution*, **2008**, 23, 299-303	10.9	165
597	Relative growth rate in relation to physiological and morphological traits for northern hardwood tree seedlings: species, light environment and ontogenetic considerations. *Oecologia*, **1993**, 96, 219-231	2.9	164
596	Tree Species Effects on Soil Organic Matter Dynamics: The Role of Soil Cation Composition. *Ecosystems*, **2007**, 10, 999-1018	3.9	163
595	Multiple elements of soil biodiversity drive ecosystem functions across biomes. *Nature Ecology and Evolution*, **2020**, 4, 210-220	12.3	160
594	Mechanisms responsible for the positive diversity□productivity relationship in Minnesota grasslands. *Ecology Letters*, **2004**, 7, 661-668	10	159
593	Variation in growth rate and ecophysiology among 34 grassland and savanna species under contrasting N supply: a test of functional group differences. *New Phytologist*, **2003**, 157, 617-631	9.8	159
592	Climate, soil and plant functional types as drivers of global fine-root trait variation. *Journal of Ecology*, **2017**, 105, 1182-1196	6	155
591	Canopy dynamics and aboveground production of five tree species with different leaf longevities. *Tree Physiology*, **1993**, 12, 327-45	4.2	155
590	It is elemental: soil nutrient stoichiometry drives bacterial diversity. *Environmental Microbiology*, **2017**, 19, 1176-1188	5.2	154
589	How does biomass distribution change with size and differ among species? An analysis for 1200 plant species from five continents. *New Phytologist*, **2015**, 208, 736-49	9.8	153
588	Boreal and temperate trees show strong acclimation of respiration to warming. *Nature*, **2016**, 531, 633-6	50.4	153
587	BioTIME: A database of biodiversity time series for the Anthropocene. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **2018**, 27, 760-786	6.1	153
586	Invasions: the trail behind, the path ahead, and a test of a disturbing idea. *Journal of Ecology*, **2012**, 100, 116-127	6	153
585	Contributions of a global network of tree diversity experiments to sustainable forest plantations. *Ambio*, **2016**, 45, 29-41	6.5	151
584	Unexpected reversal of C versus C grass response to elevated CO during a 20-year field experiment. *Science*, **2018**, 360, 317-320	33.3	151

583	INFLUENCE OF LOGGING, FIRE, AND FOREST TYPE ON BIODIVERSITY AND PRODUCTIVITY IN SOUTHERN BOREAL FORESTS. *Ecology*, **2001**, 82, 2731-2748	4.6	151
582	Seedlings of five boreal tree species differ in acclimation of net photosynthesis to elevated CO(2) and temperature. *Tree Physiology*, **1998**, 18, 715-726	4.2	148
581	Leaf Carbon and Nutrient Assimilation and Conservation in Species of Differing Successional Status in an Oligotrophic Amazonian Forest. *Functional Ecology*, **1995**, 9, 65	5.6	148
580	Plant diversity effects on soil food webs are stronger than those of elevated CO2 and N deposition in a long-term grassland experiment. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2013**, 110, 6889-94	11.5	147
579	Hydraulic trade-offs and space filling enable better predictions of vascular structure and function in plants. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2010**, 107, 22722-7	11.5	145
578	Global-scale latitudinal patterns of plant fine-root nitrogen and phosphorus. *Nature Communications*, **2011**, 2, 344	17.4	145
577	"Diminishing returns" in the scaling of functional leaf traits across and within species groups. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2007**, 104, 8891-6	11.5	143
576	Geographic range predicts photosynthetic and growth response to warming in co-occurring tree species. *Nature Climate Change*, **2015**, 5, 148-152	21.4	142
575	EXOTIC EUROPEAN EARTHWORM INVASION DYNAMICS IN NORTHERN HARDWOOD FORESTS OF MINNESOTA, USA **2005**, 15, 848-860		141
574	Multiple facets of biodiversity drive the diversity-stability relationship. *Nature Ecology and Evolution*, **2018**, 2, 1579-1587	12.3	140
573	Tree species effects on coupled cycles of carbon, nitrogen, and acidity in mineral soils at a common garden experiment. *Biogeochemistry*, **2012**, 111, 601-614	3.8	140
572	The scaling of leaf area and mass: the cost of light interception increases with leaf size. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, **2007**, 274, 2109-14	4.4	140
571	Photosynthesis-nitrogen relations in Amazonian tree species : II. Variation in nitrogen vis-a-vis specific leaf area influences mass- and area-based expressions. *Oecologia*, **1994**, 97, 73-81	2.9	140
570	Functional identity is the main driver of diversity effects in young tree communities. *Ecology Letters* , **2016**, 19, 638-47	10	140
569	Convergence in the temperature response of leaf respiration across biomes and plant functional types. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, **2016**, 113, 3832-7	11.5	139
568	Tree species diversity increases fine root productivity through increased soil volume filling. *Journal of Ecology*, **2013**, 101, 210-219	6	137
567	Effects of climate warming on photosynthesis in boreal tree species depend on soil moisture. *Nature*, **2018**, 562, 263-267	50.4	137
566	Elevated CO2 does not increase eucalypt forest productivity on a low-phosphorus soil. *Nature Climate Change*, **2017**, 7, 279-282	21.4	136

565	Wind-throw mortality in the southern boreal forest: effects of species, diameter and stand age. *Journal of Ecology*, **2007**, 95, 1261-1273	6	134
564	Nutrient conservation increases with latitude of origin in European Pinus sylvestris populations. *Oecologia*, **2003**, 136, 220-35	2.9	133
563	Evidence of a general 2/3-power law of scaling leaf nitrogen to phosphorus among major plant groups and biomes. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, **2010**, 277, 877-83	4.4	131
562	Minireviews: Neighborhood Effects, Disturbance Severity, and Community Stability in Forests. *Ecosystems*, **1999**, 2, 151-166	3.9	130
561	Trees tolerate an extreme heatwave via sustained transpirational cooling and increased leaf thermal tolerance. *Global Change Biology*, **2018**, 24, 2390-2402	11.4	126
560	Thermal limits of leaf metabolism across biomes. *Global Change Biology*, **2017**, 23, 209-223	11.4	126
559	Decomposition of the finest root branching orders: linking belowground dynamics to fine-root function and structure. *Ecological Monographs*, **2011**, 81, 89-102	9	126
558	Nitrogen and phosphorus constrain the CO2 fertilization of global plant biomass. *Nature Climate Change*, **2019**, 9, 684-689	21.4	125
557	Seven years of carbon dioxide enrichment, nitrogen fertilization and plant diversity influence arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi in a grassland ecosystem. *New Phytologist*, **2011**, 192, 200-214	9.8	123
556	Will environmental changes reinforce the impact of global warming on the prairie–forest border of central North America?. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment*, **2010**, 8, 371-378	5.5	123
555	SIMULATING OZONE EFFECTS ON FOREST PRODUCTIVITY: INTERACTIONS AMONG LEAF-, CANOPY-, AND STAND-LEVEL PROCESSES **1997**, 7, 1237-1251		123
554	Irradiance, temperature and rainfall influence leaf dark respiration in woody plants: evidence from comparisons across 20 sites. *New Phytologist*, **2006**, 169, 309-19	9.8	123
553	Interaction of ozone pollution and light effects on photosynthesis in a forest canopy experiment. *Plant, Cell and Environment*, **1995**, 18, 895-905	8.4	123
552	Ecology and ecosystem impacts of common buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica): a review. *Biological Invasions*, **2007**, 9, 925-937	2.7	122
551	Evaluation of several measures of canopy openness as predictors of photosynthetic photon flux density in deeply shaded conifer-dominated forest understory. *Canadian Journal of Forest Research*, **1999**, 29, 1438-1444	1.9	122
550	Why is plant-growth response to elevated CO amplified when water is limiting, but reduced when nitrogen is limiting? A growth-optimisation hypothesis. *Functional Plant Biology*, **2008**, 35, 521-534	2.7	121
549	Key canopy traits drive forest productivity. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, **2012**, 279, 2128-34	4.4	120
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