

# Daniel J Peppe

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

74  
papers

2,456  
citations

218677

26  
h-index

214800

47  
g-index

88  
all docs

88  
docs citations

88  
times ranked

2480  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sensitivity of leaf size and shape to climate: global patterns and paleoclimatic applications. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2011, 190, 724-739.	7.3	445
2	On impact and volcanism across the Cretaceous-Paleogene boundary. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 367, 266-272.	12.6	178
3	The extinction of the dinosaurs. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2015, 90, 628-642.	10.4	135
4	The Impact of the Geologic History and Paleoclimate on the Diversification of East African Cichlids. <i>International Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-20.	1.0	83
5	The Pleistocene archaeology and environments of the Wasiriya Beds, Rusinga Island, Kenya. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2010, 59, 657-671.	2.6	81
6	Paleoenvironmental context of the Middle Stone Age record from Karungu, Lake Victoria Basin, Kenya, and its implications for human and faunal dispersals in East Africa. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2015, 83, 28-45.	2.6	76
7	Leaf economic traits from fossils support a weedy habit for early angiosperms. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2010, 97, 438-445.	1.7	66
8	The Pleistocene prehistory of the Lake Victoria basin. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2016, 404, 100-114.	1.5	65
9	Stable isotope paleoecology of Late Pleistocene Middle Stone Age humans from the Lake Victoria basin, Kenya. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2015, 82, 1-14.	2.6	56
10	Taxonomic status and paleoecology of <i>Rusingoryx atopocranium</i> (Mammalia, Artiodactyla), an extinct Pleistocene bovid from Rusinga Island, Kenya. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2011, 75, 697-707.	1.7	55
11	Novel Insect Leaf-Mining after the End-Cretaceous Extinction and the Demise of Cretaceous Leaf Miners, Great Plains, USA. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e103542.	2.5	54
12	Roles of climate and functional traits in controlling toothed vs. untoothed leaf margins. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2012, 99, 915-922.	1.7	53
13	Distal tephras of the eastern Lake Victoria basin, equatorial East Africa: correlations, chronology and a context for early modern humans. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2015, 122, 89-111.	3.0	53
14	Late Pleistocene artefacts and fauna from Rusinga and Mfangano islands, Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Azania</i> , 2012, 47, 14-38.	0.9	48
15	Reconstructing Paleoclimate and Paleoecology Using Fossil Leaves. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2018, , 289-317.	0.5	47
16	The fossil history of <i>Gorilla's zebra</i> ( <i>Equus grevyi</i> ) in equatorial East Africa. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2013, 40, 359-369.	3.0	46
17	Remnants of an ancient forest provide ecological context for Early Miocene fossil apes. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3236.	12.8	45
18	Leaf size estimation based on leaf length, width and shape. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2021, 128, 395-406.	2.9	42

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19	Quantification of large uncertainties in fossil leaf paleoaltimetry. <i>Tectonics</i> , 2010, 29, .	2.8	40
20	Sites on the landscape: Paleoenvironmental context of late Pleistocene archaeological sites from the Lake Victoria basin, equatorial East Africa. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2014, 331, 20-30.	1.5	40
21	Stratigraphic interpretation of the Kulu Formation (Early Miocene, Rusinga Island, Kenya) and its implications for primate evolution. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2009, 56, 447-461.	2.6	37
22	Paleosols and paleoenvironments of the early Miocene deposits near Karungu, Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 443, 167-182.	2.3	35
23	Megafloral change in the early and middle Paleocene in the Williston Basin, North Dakota, USA. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2010, 298, 224-234.	2.3	32
24	Environmental Change, Ungulate Biogeography, and Their Implications for Early Human Dispersals in Equatorial East Africa. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2016, , 233-245.	0.5	30
25	The influences of environmental change and development on leaf shape in <i>Vitis</i> . <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 107, 676-688.	1.7	28
26	A Morphotype Catalogue, Floristic Analysis and Stratigraphic Description of the Aspen Shale Flora (Cretaceous-Albian) of Southwestern Wyoming. <i>Bulletin of the Peabody Museum of Natural History</i> , 2008, 49, 181-208.	1.1	27
27	New specimens of <i>Crocodylus pigotti</i> (Crocodylidae) from Rusinga Island, Kenya, and generic reallocation of the species. <i>Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology</i> , 2013, 33, 629-646.	1.0	27
28	Reconstruction of a semi-arid late Pleistocene paleocatena from the Lake Victoria region, Kenya. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2015, 84, 368-381.	1.7	27
29	Recurrent spring-fed rivers in a Middle to Late Pleistocene semi-arid grassland: Implications for environments of early humans in the Lake Victoria Basin, Kenya. <i>Sedimentology</i> , 2015, 62, 1611-1635.	3.1	26
30	The Early Miocene Critical Zone at Karungu, Western Kenya: An Equatorial, Open Habitat with Few Primate Remains. <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , 2017, 5, .	1.8	26
31	FOSSIL LEAF SPECIES FROM THE FOX HILLS FORMATION (UPPER CRETACEOUS: NORTH DAKOTA, USA) AND THEIR PALEOGEOGRAPHIC SIGNIFICANCE. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2007, 81, 550-567.	0.8	25
32	Rapid Pleistocene desiccation and the future of Africa's Lake Victoria. <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 2020, 530, 115883.	4.4	25
33	Biogeographic and Evolutionary Implications of an Extinct Late Pleistocene Impala from the Lake Victoria Basin, Kenya. <i>Journal of Mammalian Evolution</i> , 2014, 21, 213-222.	1.8	22
34	A morphotype catalog and paleoenvironmental interpretations of early Miocene fossil leaves from the Hiwegi Formation, Rusinga Island, Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Palaeontologia Electronica</i> , 2013, 16, .	0.9	21
35	On geologic timescales, plant carbon isotope fractionation responds to precipitation similarly to modern plants and has a small negative correlation with pCO <sub>2</sub> . <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2020, 270, 264-281.	3.9	20
36	Evaluating the potential for tactical hunting in the Middle Stone Age: Insights from a bonebed of the extinct bovid, <i>Rusingoryx atopocranium</i> . <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2017, 108, 72-91.	2.6	19

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37	Reconstruction of Late Pleistocene Paleoenvironments Using Bulk Geochemistry of Paleosols from the Lake Victoria Region. <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , 2017, 5, .	1.8	19
38	Conodont (Uâ€“Th)/He thermochronology: Initial results, potential, and problems. <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 2007, 258, 569-580.	4.4	18
39	Size variation in <i>Tachyoryctes splendens</i> (East African mole-rat) and its implications for late Quaternary temperature change in equatorial East Africa. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2016, 140, 39-48.	3.0	18
40	Unexpected Convergent Evolution of Nasal Domes between Pleistocene Bovids and Cretaceous Hadrosaur Dinosaurs. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2016, 26, 503-508.	3.9	18
41	Biomechanical and leafâ€“climate relationships: A comparison of ferns and seed plants. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2014, 101, 338-347.	1.7	17
42	Terrestrial evidence for the Lilliput effect across the Cretaceous-Paleogene (K-Pg) boundary. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 491, 161-169.	2.3	17
43	Early Paleocene tropical forest from the Ojo Alamo Sandstone, San Juan Basin, New Mexico, USA. <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2019, 45, 612-635.	2.0	17
44	Revised age constraints for Late Cretaceous to early Paleocene terrestrial strata from the Dawson Creek section, Big Bend National Park, west Texas. <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of America</i> , 2018, 130, 1143-1163.	3.3	15
45	Paleoclimate and paleoecology of the latest Eocene Florissant flora of central Colorado, U.S.A.. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2020, 551, 109678.	2.3	15
46	High-resolution magnetostratigraphy of the Upper Nacimiento Formation, San Juan Basin, New Mexico, USA: Implications for basin evolution and mammalian turnover. <i>Numerische Mathematik</i> , 2018, 318, 300-334.	1.4	14
47	Early Paleocene Magnetostratigraphy and Revised Biostratigraphy of the Ojo Alamo Sandstone and Lower Nacimiento Formation, San Juan Basin, New Mexico, USA. <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of America</i> , 2020, 132, 2154-2174.	3.3	14
48	Sedimentology, stratigraphy, and paleoclimate at the late Miocene Coffee Ranch fossil site in the Texas Panhandle. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 485, 361-376.	2.3	12
49	New Rhinocerotidae from the Kisingiri localities (lower Miocene of western Kenya). <i>Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology</i> , 2016, 36, e1103247.	1.0	11
50	Late Pleistocene Mammals from Kibogo, Kenya: Systematic Paleontology, Paleoenvironments, and Non-Analog Associations. <i>Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology</i> , 2020, 40, e1841781.	1.0	11
51	Sedimentological and palaeoenvironmental study from Waregi Hill in the Hiwegi Formation (early Tertiary) in the Lake Victoria region. <i>Journal of African Earth Sciences</i> , 2011, 53, 107-114.	0.78	11
52	Magnetostratigraphy of the Ludlow Member of the Fort Union Formation (Lower Paleocene) in the Williston Basin, North Dakota. <i>Bulletin of the Geological Society of America</i> , 2006, preprint, 1.	3.3	10
53	Tephrostratigraphy of the eastern Lake Victoria Basin including the Nyanza Rift, Kenya: Building a stratigraphic and chronological framework for modern human evolution. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2021, 256, 106823.	3.0	10
54	Magnetostratigraphy of the Lebo and Tongue River Members of the Fort Union Formation (Paleocene) in the northeastern Powder River Basin, Montana. <i>Numerische Mathematik</i> , 2011, 311, 813-850.	1.4	7

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55	The influence of time on the magnetic properties of late Quaternary periglacial and alluvial surface and buried soils along the Delaware River, USA. <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , 2014, 2, .	1.8	7
56	EARLY MIOCENE PALEOCLIMATE AND PALEOENVIRONMENTS ACROSS EAST AFRICA. , 2017, , .		6
57	Quantifying the effect of shade on cuticle morphology and carbon isotopes of sycamores: present and past. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2021, 108, 2435-2451.	1.7	6
58	Hot summers in continental interiors: The case against equability during the early Paleogene. <i>Geology</i> , 2013, 41, 95-96.	4.4	5
59	Climate and landscape reconstruction of the Arroyo Chijuillita Member of the Nacimiento Formation, San Juan Basin, New Mexico: Providing environmental context to early Paleocene mammal evolution. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 463, 27-44.	2.3	5
60	A Late Pleistocene human humerus from Rusinga Island, Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2020, 146, 102855.	2.6	5
61	Ecomorphology and ecology of the grassland specialist, <i>Rusingoryx atopocranium</i> (Artiodactyla): Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock	1.7	5
62	Paleoenvironmental changes in the Hiwegi Formation (lower Miocene) of Rusinga Island, Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2021, 574, 110458.	2.3	5
63	Moderate to Elevated Atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub> During the Early Paleocene Recorded by <i>Platanites</i> Leaves of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico. <i>Paleoceanography and Paleoclimatology</i> , 2022, 37, .	2.9	5
64	Fort Union Formation Fossil Leaves (Paleocene, Williston Basin, North Dakota, USA) Indicate Evolutionary Relationships Between Paleocene and Eocene Plant Species. <i>Bulletin of the Peabody Museum of Natural History</i> , 2014, 55, 171-189.	1.1	4
65	The Multi-Stranded Career of Leo J. Hickey. <i>Bulletin of the Peabody Museum of Natural History</i> , 2014, 55, 69-78.	1.1	2
66	Can climate feel the pressure?. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 348, 1210-1211.	12.6	2
67	PALEOCLIMATE AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL RECONSTRUCTION OF THE EARLY MIOCENE TINDERET SITES IN WESTERN KENYA AND THEIR IMPLICATIONS FOR HOMINOID EVOLUTION. , 2017, , .		2
68	Landscape evolution across the Cretaceous/Paleogene boundary in southwestern North Dakota, U.S.A.. <i>Cretaceous Research</i> , 2020, 112, 104470.	1.4	1
69	FIRST RECOGNITION OF CLIMATE HYPERTHERMALS IN THE LOWER PALEOCENE RECORD OF THE SAN JUAN BASIN, NEW MEXICO, USA. , 2016, , .		1
70	CLIMATIC AND DEPOSITIONAL HISTORY OF THE LOWER PALEOCENE UPPER NACIMIENTO FORMATION, SAN JUAN BASIN, NEW MEXICO. , 2016, , .		1
71	PALEOCLIMATE AND PALEOECOLOGY OF THE LATE EOCENE FLORISSANT FLORA USING DIGITAL LEAF PHYSIOGNOMY. , 2017, , .		1
72	PALEOCLIMATE RECONSTRUCTION AND THE PATTERN OF CLIMATE CHANGE AT EARLY PALEOCENE FROM LEAF PHYSIOGNOMY AT SAN JUAN BASIN, NEW MEXICO FOLLOWING THE CRETACEOUS-PALEOGENE BOUNDARY. , 2018, , .		1

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73	Unexpected Convergent Evolution of Nasal Domes between Pleistocene Bovids and Cretaceous Hadrosaur Dinosaurs. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2016, 26, 556.	3.9	0
74	Ecomorphology and ecology of the grassland specialist, <i>Rusingoryx atopocranium</i> (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), from the late Pleistocene of western Kenya – Erratum. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2022, 105, 241-242.	1.7	0