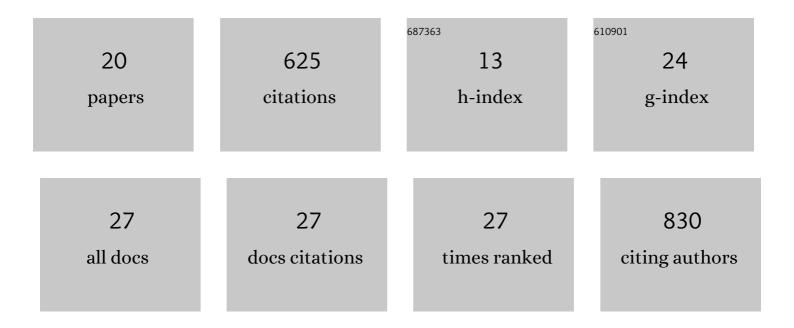
Joséphine Lesur

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9214226/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Are petrous bones just a repository of ancient biomolecules? Investigating biosystematic signals in sheep petrous bones using 3D geometric morphometrics. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2022, 43, 103447.	0.5	1
2	EVOSHEEP: the makeup of sheep breeds in the ancient Near East. Antiquity, 2021, 95, .	1.0	4
3	9000 years of human lakeside adaptation in the Ethiopian Afar: Fisher-foragers and the first pastoralists in the Lake Abhe basin during the African Humid Period. Quaternary Science Reviews, 2020, 243, 106459.	3.0	15
4	Palaeoproteomics gives new insight into early southern African pastoralism. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 14427.	3.3	17
5	Hunter-gatherers of the high-altitude Afromontane forest – the Holocene occupation of Mount Dendi, Ethiopia. Azania, 2020, 55, 329-359.	0.9	3
6	The origin of domestication genes in goats. Science Advances, 2020, 6, eaaz5216.	10.3	86
7	Middle Stone Age foragers resided in high elevations of the glaciated Bale Mountains, Ethiopia. Science, 2019, 365, 583-587.	12.6	79
8	The Transition from Hunting–Gathering to Food Production in the Gamo Highlands of Southern Ethiopia. African Archaeological Review, 2019, 36, 5-65.	1.4	26
9	New archaeozoological results from Asa Koma (Djibouti): Contributing to the understanding of faunal exploitation during the 3rd millennium BC in the Horn of Africa. Quaternary International, 2018, 471, 219-228.	1.5	3
10	Identification of degraded bone and tooth splinters from arid environments using palaeoproteomics. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2018, 511, 472-482.	2.3	14
11	Paleoenvironmental and biogeographic implications of terminal Pleistocene large mammals from the Ziway–Shala Basin, Main Ethiopian Rift, Ethiopia. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology, 2016, 449, 567-579.	2.3	11
12	New insights on the first Neolithic societies in the Horn of Africa: The site of Wakrita, Djibouti. Journal of Field Archaeology, 2015, 40, 55-68.	1.3	12
13	Late Stone Age variability in the Main Ethiopian Rift: New data from the Bulbula River, Ziway–Shala basin. Quaternary International, 2014, 343, 53-68.	1.5	31
14	Late hunters of western Ethiopia: the sites of Ajilak (Gambela), <i>c</i> . AD 1000–1200. Azania, 2014, 49, 64-101.	0.9	6
15	The advent of herding in the Horn of Africa: New data from Ethiopia, Djibouti and Somaliland. Quaternary International, 2014, 343, 148-158.	1.5	50
16	The Hargeisan revisited: Lithic industries from shelter 7 of Laas Geel, Somaliland and the transition between the Middle and Late Stone Age in the Horn of Africa. Quaternary International, 2014, 343, 69-84.	1.5	28
17	Early MIS 3 occupation of Mochena Borago Rockshelter, Southwest Ethiopian Highlands: Implications for Late Pleistocene archaeology, paleoenvironments and modern human dispersals. Quaternary International, 2012, 274, 38-54.	1.5	88
18	"Of Sheep and Menâ€: Earliest Direct Evidence of Caprine Domestication in Southern Africa at Leopard Cave (Erongo, Namibia). PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e40340.	2.5	82

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Fuel and vegetation at Asa Koma (Republic of Djibouti) during the second millennium BC. Journal of African Archaeology, 2008, 6, 87-102.	0.6	8
20	Exploitation of wild mammals in South-west Ethiopia during the Holocene (4000 BC–500 AD): the finds from Moche Borago shelter (Wolayta). Environmental Archaeology, 2007, 12, 139-159.	1.2	20