

Klaus-Holger Knorr

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9180228/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

85
papers

3,157
citations

159573

30
h-index

168376

53
g-index

112
all docs

112
docs citations

112
times ranked

3841
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Review on the interactions of arsenic, iron (oxy)(hydr)oxides, and dissolved organic matter in soils, sediments, and groundwater in a ternary system. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2022, 286, 131790.	8.2	73
2	A novel belowground in-situ gas labeling approach: CH ₄ oxidation in deep peat using passive diffusion chambers and ¹³ C excess. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 806, 150457.	8.0	3
3	Control of carbon and nitrogen accumulation by vegetation in pristine bogs of southern Patagonia. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2022, 810, 151293.	8.0	5
4	Nitrogen limitation reduces the performance of target plant species in restored meadows. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2022, 30, e13608.	2.9	7
5	Latitude, Elevation, and Mean Annual Temperature Predict Peat Organic Matter Chemistry at a Global Scale. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2022, 36, .	4.9	11
6	Electrochemical Properties of Peat Particulate Organic Matter on a Global Scale: Relation to Peat Chemistry and Degree of Decomposition. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2022, 36, .	4.9	7
7	Palaeoenvironmental conditions and human activity in the vicinity of the Grodzisko fortified settlement (central Europe, Poland) from the late Neolithic to the Roman period. <i>Geoarchaeology - an International Journal</i> , 2022, 37, 385-399.	1.5	2
8	Fire in lichen-rich subarctic tundra changes carbon and nitrogen cycling between ecosystem compartments but has minor effects on stocks. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2022, 19, 2729-2740.	3.3	3
9	High peatland methane emissions following permafrost thaw: enhanced acetoclastic methanogenesis during early successional stages. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2022, 19, 3051-3071.	3.3	3
10	Relations of fire, palaeohydrology, vegetation succession, and carbon accumulation, as reconstructed from a mountain bog in the Harz Mountains (Germany) during the last 6200 years. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2022, 424, 115991.	5.1	5
11	Insight into the factors of mountain bog and forest development in the Schwarzwald Mts.: Implications for ecological restoration. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2022, 140, 109039.	6.3	7
12	Plant succession and geochemical indices in immature peatlands in the Changbai Mountains, northeastern region of China: Implications for climate change and peatland development. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 773, 143776.	8.0	7
13	A 14,000 year peatland record of environmental change in the southern Gutland region, Luxembourg. <i>Holocene</i> , 2021, 31, 1005-1018.	1.7	0
14	Divergent effect of silicon on greenhouse gas production from reduced and oxidized peat organic matter. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2021, 386, 114916.	5.1	10
15	Late Holocene periods of copper mining in the Eisenerz Alps (Austria) deduced from calcareous lake deposits. <i>Anthropocene</i> , 2021, 33, 100273.	3.3	4
16	Methane Production Rate during Anoxic Litter Decomposition Depends on Si Mass Fractions, Nutrient Stoichiometry, and Carbon Quality. <i>Plants</i> , 2021, 10, 618.	3.5	3
17	Multi-proxy analyses of a minerotrophic fen to reconstruct prehistoric periods of human activity associated with salt mining in the Hallstatt region (Austria). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2021, 36, 102813.	0.5	3
18	Potentially peat-forming biomass of fen sedges increases with increasing nutrient levels. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2021, 35, 1579-1595.	3.6	8

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Temperature and sediment properties drive spatiotemporal variability of methane ebullition in a small and shallow temperate lake. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2021, 66, 2598-2610.	3.1	14
20	Whole-lake methane emissions from two temperate shallow lakes with fluctuating water levels: Relevance of spatiotemporal patterns. <i>Limnology and Oceanography</i> , 2021, 66, 2455-2469.	3.1	15
21	Congruent changes in microbial community dynamics and ecosystem methane fluxes following natural drought in two restored fens. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2021, 160, 108348.	8.8	15
22	Can nutrient uptake by <i>Carex</i> counteract eutrophication in fen peatlands?. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 785, 147276.	8.0	8
23	Methane fluxes but not respiratory carbon dioxide fluxes altered under Si amendment during drying and rewetting cycles in fen peat mesocosms. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2021, 404, 115338.	5.1	6
24	Global CO ₂ fertilization of <i>Sphagnum</i> peat mosses via suppression of photorespiration during the twentieth century. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 24517.	3.3	5
25	A multi-proxy analysis of hydroclimate trends in an ombrotrophic bog over the last millennium in the Eastern Carpathians of Romania. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2020, 538, 109390.	2.3	10
26	Evaluating biogeochemical indicators of methanogenic conditions and thermodynamic constraints in peat. <i>Applied Geochemistry</i> , 2020, 114, 104471.	3.0	2
27	Increased silicon concentration in fen peat leads to a release of iron and phosphate and changes in the composition of dissolved organic matter. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2020, 374, 114422.	5.1	28
28	Long-term Impacts of Permafrost Thaw on Carbon Storage in Peatlands: Deep Losses Offset by Surficial Accumulation. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 125, e2019JG005501.	3.0	30
29	Peat decomposition proxies of Alpine bogs along a degradation gradient. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2020, 369, 114331.	5.1	21
30	Organic matter and sediment properties determine in-lake variability of sediment CO ₂ and CH ₄ production and emissions of a small and shallow lake. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 5057-5078.	3.3	23
31	Anthropogenic and climate signals in late-Holocene peat layers of an ombrotrophic bog in the Styrian Enns valley (Austrian Alps). <i>E&G Quaternary Science Journal</i> , 2020, 69, 121-137.	0.7	4
32	Mobilisation and transport of dissolved organic carbon and iron in peat catchments—Insights from the Lehstenbach stream in Germany using generalised additive models. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2019, 33, 3213-3225.	2.6	5
33	A 1-year greenhouse gas budget of a peatland exposed to long-term nutrient infiltration and altered hydrology: high carbon uptake and methane emission. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2019, 191, 533.	2.7	3
34	Silicon accumulation in rice plant aboveground biomass affects leaf carbon quality. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2019, 444, 399-407.	3.7	20
35	Plant communities control long term carbon accumulation and biogeochemical gradients in a Patagonian bog. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2019, 684, 670-681.	8.0	34
36	Zero to moderate methane emissions in a densely rooted, pristine Patagonian bog—biogeochemical controls as revealed from isotopic evidence. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2019, 16, 541-559.	3.3	19

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	The effect of long-term fertilization on peat in an ombrotrophic bog. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2019, 343, 176-186.	5.1	27
38	Effect of Reduced Sulfur Species on Chemolithoautotrophic Pyrite Oxidation with Nitrate. <i>Geomicrobiology Journal</i> , 2019, 36, 19-29.	2.0	32
39	Electron accepting capacity of dissolved and particulate organic matter control CO ₂ and CH ₄ formation in peat soils. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2019, 245, 266-277.	3.9	65
40	Peatbog resilience to pollution and climate change over the past 2700 years in the Harz Mountains, Germany. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 97, 183-193.	6.3	27
41	Occurrence and fate of colloids and colloid-associated metals in a mining-impacted agricultural soil upon prolonged flooding. <i>Journal of Hazardous Materials</i> , 2018, 348, 56-66.	12.4	58
42	Gradients of organic matter quality, mineralization and sequestration in Cook's Bay of Lake Simcoe, Canada. <i>Limnologia</i> , 2018, 68, 92-104.	1.5	3
43	<i>Juncus effusus</i> mono-stands in restored cutover peat bogs – Analysis of litter quality, controls of anaerobic decomposition, and the risk of secondary carbon loss. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018, 117, 139-152.	8.8	20
44	Predominance of methanogens over methanotrophs in rewetted fens characterized by high methane emissions. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 15, 6519-6536.	3.3	38
45	Differential response of carbon cycling to long-term nutrient input and altered hydrological conditions in a continental Canadian peatland. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2018, 15, 885-903.	3.3	11
46	Plant rhizosphere oxidation reduces methane production and emission in rewetted peatlands. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2018, 125, 125-135.	8.8	32
47	Does iron reduction control the release of dissolved organic carbon and phosphate at catchment scales? Need for a joint research effort. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, e5-e6.	9.5	4
48	Transport, anoxia and end-product accumulation control carbon dioxide and methane production and release in peat soils. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2017, 133, 219-239.	3.5	14
49	Peatlands in a eutrophic world – Assessing the state of a poor fen-bog transition in southern Ontario, Canada, after long term nutrient input and altered hydrological conditions. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 114, 131-144.	8.8	11
50	Enhanced silicon availability leads to increased methane production, nutrient and toxicant mobility in peatlands. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 8728.	3.3	46
51	Changes in dissolved organic matter quality in a peatland and forest headwater stream as a function of seasonality and hydrologic conditions. <i>Hydrology and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2017, 21, 2035-2051.	4.9	35
52	Organic sulfur and organic matter redox processes contribute to electron flow in anoxic incubations of peat. <i>Environmental Chemistry</i> , 2016, 13, 816.	1.5	15
53	Associative nitrogen fixation in nodules of the conifer <i>Lepidothamnus fonkii</i> (Podocarpaceae) inhabiting ombrotrophic bogs in southern Patagonia. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 39072.	3.3	13
54	Compound amino acids added in media improved <i>Solanum nigrum</i> L. phytoremediating CD-PAHS contaminated soil. <i>International Journal of Phytoremediation</i> , 2016, 18, 358-363.	3.1	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Black carbon deposition and storage in peat soils of the Changbai Mountain, China. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2016, 273, 98-105.	5.1	32
56	Relationships between Vegetation Succession, Pore Water Chemistry and CH ₄ and CO ₂ Production in a Transitional Mire of Western Siberia (Tyumen Oblast). <i>Wetlands</i> , 2016, 36, 863-874.	1.5	10
57	Electron Transfer Between Sulfide and Humic Acid: Electrochemical Evaluation of the Reactivity of Sigma-Aldrich Humic Acid Toward Sulfide. <i>Aquatic Geochemistry</i> , 2016, 22, 117-130.	1.3	12
58	Consortia of low-abundance bacteria drive sulfate reduction-dependent degradation of fermentation products in peat soil microcosms. <i>ISME Journal</i> , 2016, 10, 2365-2375.	9.8	159
59	Investigating speciation and toxicity of heavy metals in anoxic marine sediments—a case study from a mariculture bay in Southern China. <i>Journal of Soils and Sediments</i> , 2016, 16, 665-676.	3.0	11
60	Significant nonsymbiotic nitrogen fixation in Patagonian ombrotrophic bogs. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 2357-2365.	9.5	32
61	Sea spray, trace elements, and decomposition patterns as possible constraints on the evolution of CH ₄ and CO ₂ concentrations and isotopic signatures in oceanic ombrotrophic bogs. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2015, 122, 327-342.	3.5	18
62	Electron Transfer Budgets and Kinetics of Abiotic Oxidation and Incorporation of Aqueous Sulfide by Dissolved Organic Matter. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2015, 49, 5441-5449.	10.0	61
63	Comparison of different methods to determine the degree of peat decomposition in peat bogs. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 2691-2707.	3.3	127
64	Colloid-associated export of arsenic in stream water during stormflow events. <i>Chemical Geology</i> , 2013, 352, 81-91.	3.3	46
65	Belowground in situ redox dynamics and methanogenesis recovery in a degraded fen during dry-wet cycles and flooding. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2013, 10, 421-436.	3.3	40
66	DOC-dynamics in a small headwater catchment as driven by redox fluctuations and hydrological flow paths—are DOC exports mediated by iron reduction/oxidation cycles?. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2013, 10, 891-904.	3.3	138
67	Concentrations and fluxes of dissolved organic carbon in runoff from a forested catchment: insights from high frequency measurements. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2013, 10, 905-916.	3.3	115
68	Sulfate-reducing microorganisms in wetlands—fameless actors in carbon cycling and climate change. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2012, 3, 72.	3.5	264
69	Controls on in situ oxygen and dissolved inorganic carbon dynamics in peats of a temperate fen. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2012, 117, .	3.3	48
70	Surface microtopography causes hot spots of biogeochemical activity in wetland systems: A virtual modeling experiment. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2012, 117, .	3.3	97
71	Peat decomposition records in three pristine ombrotrophic bogs in southern Patagonia. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2012, 9, 1479-1491.	3.3	140
72	Plant-mediated CH ₄ transport and contribution of photosynthates to methanogenesis at a boreal mire: a ¹⁴ C pulse-labeling study. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2011, 8, 2365-2375.	3.3	72

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Effects of short-term drying and irrigation on CO ₂ and CH ₄ production and emission from mesocosms of a northern bog and an alpine fen. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2010, 100, 89-103.	3.5	49
74	Impact of altering the water table height of an acidic fen on N ₂ O and NO fluxes and soil concentrations. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 220-233.	9.5	87
75	Impact of experimental drought and rewetting on redox transformations and methanogenesis in mesocosms of a northern fen soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2009, 41, 1187-1198.	8.8	127
76	Dynamics of redox processes in a minerotrophic fen exposed to a water table manipulation. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2009, 153, 379-392.	5.1	98
77	Isotopic evidence for condensed aromatics from non-pyrogenic sources in soils – implications for current methods for quantifying soil black carbon. <i>Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry</i> , 2008, 22, 935-942.	1.5	71
78	Experimental drought alters rates of soil respiration and methanogenesis but not carbon exchange in soil of a temperate fen. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2008, 40, 1781-1791.	8.8	99
79	A snapshot of CO ₂ and CH ₄ evolution in a thermokarst pond near Igarka, northern Siberia. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2008, 113, .	3.3	14
80	Arsenic speciation and turnover in intact organic soil mesocosms during experimental drought and rewetting. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2008, 72, 3991-4007.	3.9	58
81	N ₂ O concentration and isotope signature along profiles provide deeper insight into the fate of N ₂ O in soils. <i>Isotopes in Environmental and Health Studies</i> , 2008, 44, 377-391.	1.0	49
82	Fluxes and ¹³ C isotopic composition of dissolved carbon and pathways of methanogenesis in a fen soil exposed to experimental drought. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2008, 5, 1457-1473.	3.3	64
83	Controls on schwertmannite transformation rates and products. <i>Applied Geochemistry</i> , 2007, 22, 2006-2015.	3.0	87
84	Experimental inflow of groundwater induces a biogeochemical regime shift in iron-rich and acidic sediments. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2006, 111, n/a-n/a.	3.3	16
85	Experimentally Altered Groundwater Inflow Remobilizes Acidity from Sediments of an Iron Rich and Acidic Lake. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2006, 40, 2944-2950.	10.0	17