

Julia Kirstey Zakrzewski-Fruer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9176609/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

16
papers

185
citations

1163117

8
h-index

1125743

13
g-index

17
all docs

17
docs citations

17
times ranked

305
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Efficacy of a Multicomponent Intervention to Reduce Workplace Sitting Time in Office Workers. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018, 60, 787-795.	1.7	32
2	Effects of breaking up prolonged sitting following low and high glycaemic index breakfast consumption on glucose and insulin concentrations. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2017, 117, 1299-1307.	2.5	30
3	Beneficial postprandial lipaemic effects of interrupting sedentary time with high-intensity physical activity versus a continuous moderate-intensity physical activity bout: A randomised crossover trial. <i>Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport</i> , 2018, 21, 1250-1255.	1.3	20
4	Association between breakfast frequency and physical activity and sedentary time: a cross-sectional study in children from 12 countries. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 222.	2.9	17
5	Effects of Frequency and Duration of Interrupting Sitting on Cardiometabolic Risk Markers. <i>International Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2019, 40, 818-824.	1.7	16
6	Effect of breakfast omission and consumption on energy intake and physical activity in adolescent girls: a randomised controlled trial. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017, 118, 392-400.	2.3	13
7	Does parental support moderate the effect of children's motivation and self-efficacy on physical activity and sedentary behaviour?. <i>Psychology of Sport and Exercise</i> , 2017, 32, 153-161.	2.1	13
8	Can Physical Activity Support Grief Outcomes in Individuals Who Have Been Bereaved? A Systematic Review. <i>Sports Medicine - Open</i> , 2021, 7, 26.	3.1	11
9	Physical Activity Duration but Not Energy Expenditure Differs between Daily and Intermittent Breakfast Consumption in Adolescent Girls: A Randomized Crossover Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 148, 236-244.	2.9	10
10	Breakfast Consumption Suppresses Appetite but Does Not Increase Daily Energy Intake or Physical Activity Energy Expenditure When Compared with Breakfast Omission in Adolescent Girls Who Habitually Skip Breakfast: A 7-Day Randomised Crossover Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 4261.	4.1	6
11	Reflections on Experiencing Parental Bereavement as a Young Person: A Retrospective Qualitative Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 2083.	2.6	6
12	Acute exposure to a hot ambient temperature reduces energy intake but does not affect gut hormones in men during rest. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 125, 951-959.	2.3	5
13	Lower Amounts of Daily and Prolonged Sitting Do Not Lower Free-Living Continuously Monitored Glucose Concentrations in Overweight and Obese Adults: A Randomised Crossover Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 605.	4.1	4
14	Daily running exercise may induce incomplete energy intake compensation: a 7-day crossover trial. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2020, 45, 446-449.	1.9	2
15	Metabolism and Exercise During Youth. <i>Pediatric Exercise Science</i> , 2017, 29, 39-44.	1.0	0
16	Metabolism and Exercise During Youthâ€”The Year That Was 2017. <i>Pediatric Exercise Science</i> , 2018, 30, 38-41.	1.0	0