Jolanda Roux

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

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		81900	118850
203	5,708	39	62
papers	citations	h-index	g-index

213	213	213	3310
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Fungal Planet description sheets: 214â€“280. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2014, 32, 184-306.	4.4	229
2	Fungal Planet description sheets: 400â€“468. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2016, 36, 316-458.	4.4	193
3	Eucalypt pests and diseases: growing threats to plantation productivity. Southern Forests, 2008, 70, 139-144.	0.7	191
4	Fungal Planet description sheets: 154â€“213. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2013, 31, 188-296.	4.4	179
5	Fungal Planet description sheets: 785â€“ 867. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2018, 41, 238-417.	4.4	163
6	Worldwide Movement of Exotic Forest Fungi, Especially in the Tropics and the Southern Hemisphere. BioScience, 2001, 51, 134.	4.9	129
7	Fungal Planet description sheets: 951â€“1041. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2019, 43, 223-425.	4.4	126
8	A new wilt and die-back disease of Acacia mangium associated with Ceratocystis manginecans and C. acaciivora sp. nov. in Indonesia. South African Journal of Botany, 2011, 77, 292-304.	2.5	117
9	Botryosphaeriaceae associated with Terminalia catappa in Cameroon, South Africa and Madagascar. Mycological Progress, 2010, 9, 101-123.	1.4	112
10	Cytosporaspecies (Ascomycota,Diaporthales,Valsaceae): introduced and native pathogens of trees in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2006, 35, 521.	1.0	104
11	New and Interesting Fungi. 2. Fungal Systematics and Evolution, 2019, 3, 57-134.	2.2	99
12	Ceratocystisspecies: emerging pathogens of non-native plantationEucalyptusandAcaciaspecies. Southern Forests, 2009, 71, 115-120.	0.7	73
13	Confronting the constraints of morphological taxonomy in the <I>Botryosphaeriales</I>. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2014, 33, 155-168.	4.4	73
14	Host jumps shaped the diversity of extant rust fungi (Pucciniales). New Phytologist, 2016, 209, 1149-1158.	7.3	73
15	Phylogenetic species recognition and hybridisation in Lasiodiplodia : A case study on species from baobabs. Fungal Biology, 2017, 121, 420-436.	2.5	73
16	Characterization of Botryosphaeriaceae from plantationâ€grown Eucalyptus species in South China. Plant Pathology, 2011, 60, 739-751.	2.4	72
17	Established and new technologies reduce increasing pest and pathogen threats to Eucalypt plantations. Forest Ecology and Management, 2013, 301, 35-42.	3.2	71
18	The Myrtle rust pathogen, Puccinia psidii, discovered in Africa. IMA Fungus, 2013, 4, 155-159.	3.8	69

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Distribution of Chrysoporthe Canker Pathogens on Eucalyptus and Syzygium spp. in Eastern and Southern Africa. Plant Disease, 2006, 90, 734-740.	1.4	64
20	Novel species of <I>Calonectria </I> associated with <I>Eucalyptus</I> leaf blight in Southeast China. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2011, 26, 1-12.	4.4	63
21	New and Interesting Fungi. 1. Fungal Systematics and Evolution, 2018, 1, 169-215.	2.2	61
22	Survey and virulence of fungi occurring on diseased Acacia mearnsii in South Africa. Forest Ecology and Management, 1997, 99, 327-336.	3.2	60
23	A serious new wilt disease ofEucalyptuscaused byCeratocystis fimbriatain Central Africa. Forest Pathology, 2000, 30, 175-184.	1.1	58
24	Microsatellite markers reflect intra-specific relationships between isolates of the vascular wilt pathogen Ceratocystis fimbriata. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2001, 2, 319-325.	4.2	58
25	Discovery of the Canker Pathogen Chrysoporthe austroafricana on Native Syzygium spp. in South Africa. Plant Disease, 2006, 90, 433-438.	1.4	58
26	Characterization of Seiridium spp. Associated with Cypress Canker Based on ÃŸ-Tubulin and Histone Sequences. Plant Disease, 2001, 85, 317-321.	1.4	56
27	Occurrence of the wattle wilt pathogen, Ceratocystis albifundus on native South African trees. Forest Pathology, 2007, 37, 292-302.	1.1	56
28	Ceratocystis species infecting stem wounds on Eucalyptus grandis in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2004, 53, 414-421.	2.4	54
29	Botryosphaeriaceae associated withPterocarpus angolensis(kiaat) in South Africa. Mycologia, 2011, 103, 534-553.	1.9	53
30	New and Interesting Fungi. 4. Fungal Systematics and Evolution, 2021, 7, 255-343.	2.2	53
31	Testing of selected South African Pinus hybrids and families for tolerance to the pitch canker pathogen, Fusarium circinatum. New Forests, 2007, 33, 109-123.	1.7	52
32	Novel associations between ophiostomatoid fungi, insects and tree hosts: current statusâ€"future prospects. Biological Invasions, 2017, 19, 3215-3228.	2.4	49
33	Ceratocystis pirilliformis, a new species fromEucalyptus nitensin Australia. Mycologia, 2003, 95, 865-871.	1.9	46
34	Insect pests and pathogens of Australian acacias grown as nonâ€natives â€“ an experiment in biogeography with farâ€reaching consequences. Diversity and Distributions, 2011, 17, 968-977.	4.1	46
35	Mycosphaerella species causing leaf disease in South African Eucalyptus plantations. Mycological Research, 2004, 108, 672-681.	2.5	43
36	Discovery of two northern hemisphere Armillaria species on Proteaceae in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2003, 52, 604-612.	2.4	42

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37	Endophytic Botryosphaeriaceae , including five new species, associated with mangrove trees in South Africa. Fungal Biology, 2017, 121, 361-393.	2.5	42
38	Cryphonectria canker on Tibouchina in South Africa. Mycological Research, 2002, 106, 1299-1306.	2.5	41
39	Taxonomy and pathogenicity of Ceratocystis species on Eucalyptus trees in South China, including C. chinaeucensis sp. nov.. Fungal Diversity, 2013, 58, 267-279.	12.3	41
40	Identification and Pathogenicity of Chrysoporthe cubensis on Eucalyptus and Syzygium spp. in South China. Plant Disease, 2010, 94, 1143-1150.	1.4	40
41	Variation in growth rates and aggressiveness of naturally occurring selfâ€fertile and selfâ€sterile isolates of the wilt pathogen Ceratocystis albifundus. Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 1103-1109.	2.4	39
42	Overlap of latent pathogens in the Botryosphaeriaceae on a native and agricultural host. Fungal Biology, 2017, 121, 405-419.	2.5	39
43	The genetic landscape of Ceratocystis albifundus populations in South Africa reveals a recent fungal introduction event. Fungal Biology, 2016, 120, 690-700.	2.5	37
44	Calonectria species isolated from Eucalyptus plantations and nurseries in South China. IMA Fungus, 2017, 8, 259-286.	3.8	37
45	First report of bacterial wilt caused by Ralstonia solanacearum on eucalypts in South Africa. Forest Pathology, 2000, 30, 205-210.	1.1	36
46	Ceratocystis fimbriata infecting Eucalyptus grandis in Uruguay. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2003, 32, 361.	1.0	36
47	Fungal Genomics Challenges the Dogma of Name-Based Biosecurity. PLoS Pathogens, 2016, 12, e1005475.	4.7	36
48	Rust (Puccinia psidii) recorded in Indonesia poses a threat to forests and forestry in South-East Asia. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2016, 45, 83-89.	1.0	36
49	Reconsidering species boundaries in theCeratocystis paradoxacomplex, including a new species from oil palm and cacao in Cameroon. Mycologia, 2014, 106, 757-784.	1.9	35
50	Modelling the spatial distribution of two important South African plantation forestry pathogens. Forest Ecology and Management, 2004, 187, 61-73.	3.2	34
51	Comparison of populations of the wilt pathogen Ceratocystis albifundus in South Africa and Uganda. Plant Pathology, 2005, 54, 189-195.	2.4	34
52	Insect Associates ofCeratocystis albifundusand Patterns of Association in a Native Savanna Ecosystem in South Africa. Environmental Entomology, 2009, 38, 356-364.	1.4	34
53	New records of the Cryphonectriaceae from southern Africa includingLatruncellus auroraegen. sp. nov.. Mycologia, 2011, 103, 554-569.	1.9	33
54	Novel species of Celoporthe from Eucalyptus and Syzygium trees in China and Indonesia. Mycologia, 2011, 103, 1384-1410.	1.9	33

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55	A unique genotype of the rust pathogen, Puccinia psidii, on Myrtaceae in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2016, 45, 645-652.	1.0	32
56	Three new Ceratocystis spp. in the Ceratocystis moniliformis complex from wounds on Acacia mangium and A. crassicarpa. Mycoscience, 2010, 51, 53-67.	0.8	31
57	Invasive Everywhere? Phylogeographic Analysis of the Globally Distributed Tree Pathogen Lasiodiplodia theobromae. Forests, 2017, 8, 145.	2.1	31
58	Community composition and distribution of Phytophthora species across adjacent native and non-native forests of South Africa. Fungal Ecology, 2018, 36, 17-25.	1.6	31
59	Celoporthe dispersa gen. et sp. nov. from native Myrtales in South Africa. Studies in Mycology, 2006, 55, 255-267.	7.2	30
60	Ceratocystis eucalypticola sp. nov. from Eucalyptus in South Africa and comparison to global isolates from this tree. IMA Fungus, 2012, 3, 45-58.	3.8	30
61	Biological and Phylogenetic Analyses Suggest that Two Cryphonectria spp. Cause Cankers of Eucalyptus in Africa. Plant Disease, 2003, 87, 1329-1332.	1.4	29
62	Ceratocystis species, including two new species associated with nitidulid beetles, on eucalypts in Australia. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2012, 101, 217-241.	1.7	29
63	Characterisation of the Coniothyrium stem canker pathogen onEucalyptus camaldulensisin Ethiopia. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2005, 34, 85.	1.0	28
64	TheEucalyptusstem canker pathogenTeratosphaeria zuluensisdetected in seed samples. Forestry, 2016, 89, 316-324.	2.3	28
65	Identification of the causal agent of Botryosphaeria stem canker in Ethiopian Eucalyptus plantations. South African Journal of Botany, 2004, 70, 241-248.	2.5	27
66	The pathogenic potential of endophytic Botryosphaeriaceous fungi on Terminalia species in Cameroon. Forest Pathology, 2011, 41, 281-292.	1.1	27
67	Anthropogenic effects on interaction outcomes: examples from insect-microbial symbioses in forest and savanna ecosystems. Symbiosis, 2011, 53, 101-121.	2.3	26
68	A review of factors associated with decline and death of mangroves, with particular reference to fungal pathogens. South African Journal of Botany, 2016, 103, 295-301.	2.5	26
69	Taxonomy and pathogenicity of two novel Chrysoporthe species from Eucalyptus grandis and Syzygium guineense in Zambia. Mycological Progress, 2010, 9, 379-393.	1.4	25
70	A diverse assemblage of Ophiostoma species, including two new taxa on eucalypt trees in South Africa. Mycological Progress, 2012, 11, 515-533.	1.4	25
71	Genetic variation in the wattle wilt pathogen Ceratocystis albofundus. Mycoscience, 2001, 42, 327-332.	0.8	24
72	Ceratocystis pirilliformis, a New Species from Eucalyptus nitens in Australia. Mycologia, 2003, 95, 865.	1.9	24

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73	Pruning quality affects infection of Acacia mangium and A. crassicarpa by Ceratocystis acaciivora and Lasiodiplodia theobromae. Southern Forests, 2011, 73, 187-191.	0.7	24
74	Uromycladium acaciae, the cause of a sudden, severe disease epidemic on Acacia mearnsii in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2015, 44, 637-645.	1.0	24
75	Susceptibility of Elite Acacia mearnsii Families to Ceratocystis Wilt in South Africa. Journal of Forest Research, 1999, 4, 187-190.	1.4	23
76	Distribution and population diversity ofCeratocystis pirilliformisin South Africa. Mycologia, 2009, 101, 17-25.	1.9	22
77	High population diversity and increasing importance of the Eucalyptus stem canker pathogen, Teratosphaeria zuluensis, in South China. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2011, 40, 407-415.	1.0	22
78	Characterization ofFusarium graminearumfromAcaciaandEucalyptususing Î²-tubulin and histone gene sequences. Mycologia, 2001, 93, 704-711.	1.9	21
79	Heteropyxis natalensis, a new host ofPuccinia psidiirust. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2005, 34, 285.	1.0	21
80	Die-off of giant Euphorbia trees in South Africa: Symptoms and relationships to climate. South African Journal of Botany, 2012, 83, 172-185.	2.5	21
81	Ceratocystis species, including two new taxa, from Eucalyptus trees in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2013, 42, 283-311.	1.0	21
82	Diversimorbus metrosiderotis gen. et sp. nov. and three new species of Holocryphia (Cryphonectriaceae) associated with cankers on native Metrosideros angustifolia trees in South Africa. Fungal Biology, 2013, 117, 289-310.	2.5	21
83	A serious canker disease caused by Immersiporthe knoxdaviesiana gen. et sp. nov. (Cryphonectriaceae) on native Rapanea melanophloeos in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2013, 62, 667-678.	2.4	21
84	Identification of Mycosphaerella species associated with Eucalyptus nitens leaf defoliation in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2004, 33, 349.	1.0	20
85	Aurifilum, a new fungal genus in the Cryphonectriaceae from Terminalia species in Cameroon. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2010, 98, 263-278.	1.7	20
86	Molecular phylogenetic analyses reveal three new Ceratocystis species and provide evidence for geographic differentiation of the genus in Africa. Mycological Progress, 2014, 13, 219-240.	1.4	20
87	New Ceratocystis species from Eucalyptus and Cunninghamia in South China. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2015, 107, 1451-1473.	1.7	20
88	Phakopsora myrtacearum sp. nov., a newly described rust (Pucciniales) on eucalypts in eastern and southern Africa. Plant Pathology, 2016, 65, 189-195.	2.4	20
89	Ophiostoma species (Ophiostomatales, Ascomycota), including two new taxa on eucalypts in Australia. Australian Journal of Botany, 2011, 59, 283.	0.6	20
90	Evidence that Austropuccinia psidii may complete its sexual life cycle on Myrtaceae. Plant Pathology, 2018, 67, 729-734.	2.4	19

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91	Taxonomy and species diversity of Ganoderma species in the Garden Route National Park of South Africa inferred from morphology and multilocus phylogenies. Mycologia, 2019, 111, 730-747.	1.9	19
92	Plantation disease and pest management in the next century. Southern Forests, 2001, 190, 67-71.	0.1	18
93	Identification of the Armillaria root rot pathogen in Ethiopian plantations. Forest Pathology, 2004, 34, 133-145.	1.1	18
94	The Eucalyptus shoot and leaf pathogen Teratosphaeria destructans recorded in South Africa. Southern Forests, 2016, 78, 123-129.	0.7	18
95	Novel ophiostomatalean fungi from galleries of Cyrtogenius africus (Scolytinae) infesting dying Euphorbia ingens. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2016, 109, 589-601.	1.7	18
96	The pandemic biotype of Austropuccinia psidii discovered in South America. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2017, 46, 267-275.	1.0	18
97	First Report of Myrtle Rust Caused by Austropuccinia psidii on Rhodomyrtus tomentosa (Myrtaceae) from Singapore. Plant Disease, 2017, 101, 1676-1676.	1.4	18
98	First report of coniothyrium canker of Eucalyptus in Mexico. Plant Pathology, 2002, 51, 382-382.	2.4	17
99	Three new <I>Graphium</I> species from baobab trees in South Africa and Madagascar. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2010, 25, 61-71.	4.4	17
100	Significant host jump of Xanthomonas vasicola from sugarcane to a Eucalyptus grandis clone in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 576-581.	2.4	17
101	Poroid Hymenochaetaceae associated with trees showing wood-rot symptoms in the Garden Route National Park of South Africa. Mycologia, 2020, 112, 722-741.	1.9	17
102	First Report of Pink Disease on Native Trees in South Africa and Phylogenetic Placement of Erythricium salmonicolor in the Homobasidiomycetes. Plant Disease, 2005, 89, 1158-1163.	1.4	16
103	Quambalaria leaf and shoot blight onEucalyptus nitensin South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2006, 35, 427.	1.0	16
104	Bark removal for medicinal use predisposes indigenous forest trees to wood degradation in Zambia. Southern Forests, 2007, 69, 157-163.	0.2	16
105	Pesotum australisp. nov. andOphiostoma quercusassociated withAcacia mearnsiitrees in Australia and Uganda, respectively. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2008, 37, 406.	1.0	16
106	Identification of fungal pathogens occurring in eucalypt and pine plantations in Zambia by comparing DNA sequences. Forestry, 2010, 83, 507-515.	2.3	16
107	Identification and genetic diversity of Rosellinia spp. associated with root rot of coffee in Colombia. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2013, 42, 515-523.	1.0	16
108	Botryosphaeriaceae associated with Tectona grandis (teak) in Northern Thailand. Phytotaxa, 2015, 233, 1.	0.3	16

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109	A new genus of Cryphonectriaceae isolated from Lagerstroemia speciosa in southern China. Plant Pathology, 2018, 67, 107-123.	2.4	16
110	Diseases of Black Wattle in South Africaâ€"A Review. South African Forestry Journal, 1995, 174, 35-40.	0.1	15
111	Characterization of Fusarium graminearum from Acacia and Eucalyptus Using [beta]-Tubulin and Histone Gene Sequences. Mycologia, 2001, 93, 704.	1.9	15
112	The future of exotic plantation forestry in the tropics and southern Hemisphere: Lessons from pitch canker. Southern Forests, 2002, 195, 79-82.	0.1	15
113	Mycosphaerellaspecies associated with leaf disease ofEucalyptus globulusin Ethiopia. Forest Pathology, 2006, 36, 253-263.	1.1	15
114	Occurrence and pathogenicity of Neofusicoccum parvum and N. mangiferae on ornamental Tibouchina species. Forest Pathology, 2011, 41, 48-51.	1.1	15
115	Lasiodiplodiaspecies associated with dyingEuphorbia ingensin South Africa. Southern Forests, 2011, 73, 165-173.	0.7	15
116	Bark and ambrosia beetles (Curculionidae: Scolytinae), their phoretic mites (Acari) and associated Geosmithia species (Ascomycota: Hypocreales) from Virgilia trees in South Africa. Fungal Biology, 2014, 118, 472-483.	2.5	15
117	Risk assessment for Puccinia psidii becoming established in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 1326-1335.	2.4	15
118	High gene flow and outcrossing within populations of two cryptic fungal pathogens on a native and non-native host in Cameroon. Fungal Biology, 2012, 116, 343-353.	2.5	14
119	Diseases onEucalyptusspecies in Zimbabwean plantations and woodlots. Southern Forests, 2015, 77, 221-230.	0.7	14
120	Molecular phylogenetics and microsatellite analysis reveal a new pathogenic Ceratocystis species in the Asianâ€Australian clade. Plant Pathology, 2018, 67, 1097-1113.	2.4	14
121	The pandemic strain of Austropuccinia psidii causes myrtle rust in New Zealand and Singapore. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2019, 48, 253-256.	1.0	14
122	New species of Gondwanamyces from dying Euphorbia trees in South Africa. Mycologia, 2012, 104, 574-584.	1.9	13
123	First report of <scp>T</scp>eratosphaeria zuluensis causing stem canker of <scp>E</scp>ucalyptus grandis in <scp>U</scp>ganda. Forest Pathology, 2014, 44, 242-245.	1.1	13
124	First report of Puccinia psidii on Corymbia citriodora and Eucalyptus in Colombia. Forest Pathology, 2015, 45, 534-536.	1.1	13
125	Three new species of Ophiostomatales from Nothofagus in Patagonia. Mycological Progress, 2016, 15, 1.	1.4	13
126	Armillaria root rot spreading into a natural woody ecosystem in South Africa. Plant Pathology, 2018, 67, 883-891.	2.4	13

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127	Phytophthora Species Associated with Roots of Native and Non-native Trees in Natural and Managed Forests. Microbial Ecology, 2021, 81, 122-133.	2.8	13
128	Clonality in South African isolates and evidence for a European origin of the root pathogen Thielaviopsis basicola. Mycological Research, 2006, 110, 306-311.	2.5	12
129	Barriopsis tectonae sp. nov. a new species of Botryosphaeriaceae from Tectona grandis (teak) in Thailand. Phytotaxa, 2014, 176, 81.	0.3	12
130	Endophytic Cryphonectriaceae on native Myrtales: Possible origin of Chrysoporthe canker on plantation-grown Eucalyptus. Fungal Biology, 2016, 120, 827-835.	2.5	12
131	Species delineation in the tree pathogen genusCeloporthe(Cryphonectriaceae) in southern Africa. Mycologia, 2013, 105, 297-311.	1.9	11
132	South African Cycads at Risk:Aulacaspis yasumatsui(Hemiptera: Coccoidea: Diaspididae) in South Africa. African Entomology, 2015, 23, 196-206.	0.6	11
133	Plantation forestry diseases in Zambia: Contributing factors and management options. Annals of Forest Science, 2010, 67, 802-802.	2.0	10
134	Population structure of <scp>C</scp>hrysoporthe austroafricana in southern <scp>A</scp>frica determined using <scp>V</scp>egetative <scp>C</scp>ompatibility <scp>G</scp>roups (<scp>VCG</scp>s). Forest Pathology, 2013, 43, 124-131.	1.1	10
135	Botryosphaeriaceae associated with dieâ€back of <scp>S</scp>chizolobium parahyba trees in <scp>S</scp>outh <scp>A</scp>frica and <scp>E</scp>cuador. Forest Pathology, 2014, 44, 396-408.	1.1	10
136	Ophiostomatoid fungi associated with mangroves in South Africa, including Ophiostoma palustre sp. nov.. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2016, 109, 1555-1571.	1.7	10
137	Three Ganoderma species, including Ganoderma dunense sp. nov., associated with dying Acacia cyclops trees in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2018, 47, 431-447.	1.0	10
138	First Report of Ceratocystis Wilt of Acacia mearnsii in Uganda. Plant Disease, 2001, 85, 1029-1029.	1.4	10
139	Population structure of the fungal pathogenHolocryphia eucalyptiin Australia and South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2008, 37, 154.	1.0	9
140	Fungi associated with black mould on baobab trees in southern Africa. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2015, 108, 85-95.	1.7	9
141	Diseases of eucalypts in the central and northern provinces of Mozambique. Southern Forests, 2016, 78, 169-183.	0.7	9
142	Woodâ€rotting basidiomycetes associated with declining native trees in timberâ€harvesting compartments of the Garden Route National Park of South Africa. Austral Ecology, 2017, 42, 947-963.	1.5	9
143	Species of Cryphonectriaceae occupy an endophytic niche in the Melastomataceae and are putative latent pathogens of Eucalyptus. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2020, 156, 273-283.	1.7	9
144	Ceratocystis wilt on Eucalyptus: first record from South Africa. Southern Forests, 2020, 82, 24-31.	0.7	9

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145	Cryphonectriaceae associated with rust-infected Syzygium jambos in Hawaii. MycoKeys, 2020, 76, 49-79.	1.9	9
146	First report of Phytophthora cinnamomi associated with stem cankers of Quercus cerris in South Africa. New Disease Reports, 2011, 24, 11-11.	0.8	9
147	Death of endemic Virgilia oroboides trees in South Africa caused by Diaporthe virgiliae sp. nov.. Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 1149-1156.	2.4	8
148	Diversity and pathogenicity of the Ceratocystidaceae associated with cacao agroforests in Cameroon. Plant Pathology, 2016, 65, 64-78.	2.4	8
149	Insects and Diseases of Mediterranean Forests: A South African Perspective. , 2016, , 397-430.		8
150	Novel Cryphonectriaceae from La RÃ©union and South Africa, and their pathogenicity on Eucalyptus. Mycological Progress, 2018, 17, 953-966.	1.4	8
151	Sexual reproduction in populations of Austropuccinia psidii. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2020, 156, 537-545.	1.7	8
152	Development of polymorphic microsatellite markers for the fungal tree pathogen Cryphonectria eucalypti. Molecular Ecology Notes, 2005, 5, 558-561.	1.7	7
153	Factors influencing infection of Acacia mearnsii by the wilt pathogen Ceratocystis albifundus in South Africa. Forest Pathology, 2010, 40, 500-509.	1.1	7
154	The Eucalyptus stem canker pathogen Teratosphaeria gauchensis represents distinct genetic groups in Africa and South America. Forest Pathology, 2016, 46, 229-239.	1.1	7
155	Nine novel species of Huntiella from southern China with three distinct mating strategies and variable levels of pathogenicity. Mycologia, 2018, 110, 1145-1171.	1.9	7
156	Ceratocystis pirilliformis, a new species from Eucalyptus nitens in Australia. Mycologia, 2003, 95, 865-71.	1.9	7
157	Use of Polyclonal Antibodies to Identify Mycoplasma-like organisms (MLOs) From the Sudan and from Thailand. Journal of Phytopathology, 1994, 142, 345-349.	1.0	6
158	Holocryphia eucalyptionTibouchina urvilleanain Australia. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2007, 36, 560.	1.0	6
159	First report of Chrysoporthe cubensis from Eucalyptus in Ghana. Plant Pathology, 2010, 59, 806-806.	2.4	6
160	Comparison of the tolerance ofPinus patulaseedlings and established trees to infection byFusarium circinatum. Southern Forests, 2014, 76, 151-159.	0.7	6
161	Pseudocercospora mapelanensis sp. nov., associated with a fruit and leaf disease of Barringtonia racemosa in South Africa. Australasian Plant Pathology, 2015, 44, 349-359.	1.0	6
162	Huntiella decorticanssp. nov. (Ceratocystidaceae) associated with dyingNothofagusin Patagonia. Mycologia, 2015, 107, 512-521.	1.9	6

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163	Three genetic groups of the Eucalyptus stem canker pathogen Teratosphaeria zuluensis introduced into Africa from an unknown source. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 2016, 109, 21-33.	1.7	6
164	High genetic diversity ofFusarium circinatumassociated with the first outbreak of pitch canker onPinus patulain South Africa. Southern Forests, 2019, 81, 69-78.	0.7	6
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